# revard.

# **Agenda Report**

2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way Viera, FL 32940

# **Public Hearing**

H.13. 2/3/2022

### **Subject:**

Edic and Ashley Moreno request a change of zoning classification from GU to RR-1. (21Z00041) (Tax Account 2423907) (District 1)

### **Fiscal Impact:**

None

# Dept/Office:

Planning & Development

### **Requested Action:**

It is requested that the Board of County Commissioners conduct a public hearing to consider a change of zoning classification from GU (General Use) to RR-1 (Rural Residential)

### **Summary Explanation and Background:**

The applicant requests to change the zoning classification from GU (General Use) to RR-1 (Rural Residential) in order to develop the property with a residence. The undeveloped lot has been in its current configuration since 1986, and does not abut a county-maintained road. The applicant will need to demonstrate that the property has suitable access to a County maintained roadway in accordance with Section 62-102 prior to obtaining a residential building permit.

The developed character of the surrounding area along Sue Drive is a mixture of single-family homes and duplexes developed within the RU-2-10 (Medium-Density Multi-Family Residential) zoning classification. At the eastern end of Sue Drive adjacent to Clearlake Road are multiple parcels commercially developed under the BU-2 (Retail, Warehousing, and Wholesale Commercial) zoning classification. To the west of this lot (within 1,000 feet) are existing AU and RR-1-zoned parcels.

The Board may wish to consider whether the requested rezoning action is consistent and compatible with the surrounding area.

On January 10, 2022, the Planning and Zoning Board heard the request and unanimously recommended approval.

#### Clerk to the Board Instructions:

Once resolution is received, please execute and return to Planning and Development.

#### Resolution 21Z00041

On motion by Commissioner Pritchett, seconded by Commissioner Lober, the following resolution was adopted by a unanimous vote:

WHEREAS, Edic and Ashley Morena, have requested a change of zoning classification from GU (General Use) to RR-1 (Rural Residential), on property described as Tax Parcel 17, as recorded in ORB 9246, Pages 524 - 525, of the Public Records of Brevard County, Florida. Section 31, Township 24, Range 36. (1.11 acres) Located at the west end of Sue Dr., approx. 0.15 mile west of Clearlake Rd. (1640 Sue Dr., Cocoa); and

WHEREAS, a public hearing of the Brevard County Planning and Zoning Board was advertised and held, as required by law, and after hearing all interested parties and considering the adjacent areas, the Brevard County Planning and Zoning Board recommended that the application be approved; and

**WHEREAS**, the Board, after considering said application and the Planning and Zoning Board's recommendation, and hearing all interested parties, and after due and proper consideration having been given to the matter, find that the application should be approved; now therefore,

**BE IT RESOLVED** by the Board of County Commissioners of Brevard County, Florida, that the requested change of zoning classification from GU to RR-1, be approved. The Planning and Development Director, or designee, is hereby directed to make this change on the official zoning maps of Brevard County, Florida.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this resolution shall become effective as of February 3, 2022.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
Brevard County Forda

Curt Smith, Vice Chair

Brevard County Commission

As approved by the Board on February 3, 2022.

ATTEST:

RACHEL SADOFF, CLERK

(SEAL)

Planning and Zoning Board Hearing - January 10, 2022

Please note: A CUP (Conditional Use Permit) will generally expire on the three-year anniversary of its approval if the use is not established prior to that date. CUPs for Towers and Antennas shall expire if a site plan for the tower is not submitted within one year of approval or if construction does not commence within two years of approval. A Planned Unit Development Preliminary Development Plan expires if a final development plan is not filed within three years. The granting of this zoning does not guarantee physical development of the property. At the time of development, said development must be in accordance with the criteria of the Brevard County Comprehensive Plan and other applicable laws and ordinances.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE POLICIES OF THE FUTURE LAND USE ELEMENT

Administrative Policies in the Future Land Use Element establish the expertise of staff with regard to zoning land use issues and set forth criteria when considering a rezoning action or request for Conditional Use Permit, as follows:

#### **Administrative Policy 1**

The Brevard County zoning official, planners and the director of the Planning and Development staff, however designated, are recognized as expert witnesses for the purposes of Comprehensive Plan amendments as well as zoning, conditional use, special exception, and variance applications.

#### **Administrative Policy 2**

Upon Board request, members of the Brevard County Planning and Development staff shall be required to present written analysis and a recommendation, which shall constitute an expert opinion, on all applications for development approval that come before the Board of County Commissioners for quasi-judicial review and action. The Board may table an item if additional time is required to obtain the analysis requested or to hire an expert witness if the Board deems such action appropriate. Staff input may include the following:

#### Criteria:

- A. Staff shall analyze an application for consistency or compliance with comprehensive plan policies, zoning approval criteria and other applicable written standards.
- B. Staff shall conduct site visits of property which are the subject of analysis and recommendation. As part of the site visit, the staff shall take a videotape or photographs where helpful to the analysis and conduct an inventory of surrounding existing uses. Aerial photographs shall also be used where they would aid in an understanding of the issues of the case.
- C. In cases where staff analysis is required, both the applicant and the staff shall present proposed findings of fact for consideration by the Board.
- D. For re-zoning applications where a specific use has not been proposed, the worst case adverse impacts of potential uses available under the applicable land use classification shall be evaluated by the staff.

#### **Administrative Policy 3**

Compatibility with existing or proposed land uses shall be a factor in determining where a rezoning or any application involving a specific proposed use is being considered. Compatibility shall be evaluated by considering the following factors, at a minimum:

#### Criteria:

- A. Whether the proposed use(s) would have hours of operation, lighting, odor, noise levels, traffic, or site activity that would significantly diminish the enjoyment of, safety or quality of life in existing neighborhoods within the area which could foreseeably be affected by the proposed use.
- B. Whether the proposed use(s) would cause a material reduction (five percent or more) in the value of existing abutting lands or approved development.
- C. Whether the proposed use(s) is/are consistent with an emerging or existing pattern of surrounding development as determined through analysis of:

- historical land use patterns;
- 2. actual development over the immediately preceding three years; and
- 3. development approved within the past three years but not yet constructed.
- D. Whether the proposed use(s) would result in a material violation of relevant policies in any elements of the Comprehensive Plan.

### **Administrative Policy 4**

Character of a neighborhood or area shall be a factor for consideration whenever a rezoning or any application involving a specific proposed use is reviewed. The character of the area must not be materially or adversely affected by the proposed rezoning or land use application. In evaluating the character of an area, the following factors shall be considered:

#### Criteria:

- A. The proposed use must not materially and adversely impact an established residential neighborhood by introducing types of intensity of traffic (including but not limited to volume, time of day of traffic activity, type of vehicles, et cetera), parking, trip generation, commercial activity or industrial activity that is not already present within the identified boundaries of the neighborhood.
- B. In determining whether an established residential neighborhood exists, the following factors must be present:
  - 1. The area must have clearly established boundaries, such as roads, open spaces, rivers, lakes, lagoons, or similar features.
  - 2. Sporadic or occasional neighborhood commercial uses shall not preclude the existence of an existing residential neighborhood, particularly if the commercial use is non-conforming or pre-dates the surrounding residential use.
  - 3. An area shall be presumed not to be primarily residential but shall be deemed transitional where multiple commercial, industrial or other non-residential uses have been applied for and approved during the previous five (5) years.

#### **Administrative Policy 5**

In addition to the factors specified in Administrative Policies 2, 3, and 4, in reviewing a rezoning, conditional use permit or other application for development approval, the impact of the proposed use or uses on transportation facilities either serving the site or impacted by the use(s) shall be considered. In evaluating whether substantial and adverse transportation impacts are likely to result if an application is approved, the staff shall consider the following criteria:

#### Criteria:

- A. Whether adopted levels of services will be compromised;
- B. Whether the physical quality of the existing road system that will serve the proposed use(s) is sufficient to support the use(s) without significant deterioration;

- C. Whether the surrounding existing road system is of sufficient width and construction quality to serve the proposed use(s) without the need for substantial public improvements;
- D. Whether the surrounding existing road system is of such width and construction quality that the proposed use(s) would realistically pose a potential for material danger to public safety in the surrounding area;
- E. Whether the proposed use(s) would be likely to result in such a material and adverse change in traffic capacity of a road or roads in the surrounding area such that either design capacities would be significantly exceeded or a de facto change in functional classification would result;
- F. Whether the proposed use(s) would cause such material and adverse changes in the types of traffic that would be generated on the surrounding road system, that physical deterioration of the surrounding road system would be likely;
- G. Whether projected traffic impacts of the proposed use(s) would materially and adversely impact the safety or welfare of residents in existing residential neighborhoods.

#### **Administrative Policy 6**

The use(s) proposed under the rezoning, conditional use or other application for development approval must be consistent with, (a), all written land development policies set forth in these administrative policies; and (b), the future land use element, coastal management element, conservation element, potable water element, sanitary sewer element, solid waste management element, capital improvements element, recreation and open space element, surface water element, and transportation elements of the comprehensive plan.

#### **Administrative Policy 7**

Proposed use(s) shall not cause or substantially aggravate any, (a), substantial drainage problem on surrounding properties; or (b), significant, adverse and unmitigatable impact on significant natural wetlands, water bodies or habitat for listed species.

#### **Administrative Policy 8**

These policies, the staff analysis based upon these policies, and the applicant's written analysis, if any, shall be incorporated into the record of every quasi-judicial review application for development approval presented to the Board including rezoning, conditional use permits, and vested rights determinations.

Section 62-1151(c) of the Code of Ordinances of Brevard County directs, "The planning and zoning board shall recommend to the board of county commissioners the denial or approval of each application for amendment to the official zoning maps based upon a consideration of the following factors:

- (1) The character of the land use of the property surrounding the property being considered.
- (2) The change in conditions of the land use of the property being considered and the surrounding property since the establishment of the current applicable zoning classification, special use or conditional use.

- (3) The impact of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use on available and projected traffic patterns, water and sewer systems, other public facilities and utilities and the established character of the surrounding property.
- (4) The compatibility of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use with existing land use plans for the affected area.
- (5) The appropriateness of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use based upon a consideration of the applicable provisions and conditions contained in this article and other applicable laws, ordinances and regulations relating to zoning and land use regulations and based upon a consideration of the public health, safety and welfare.

The minutes of the planning and zoning board shall specify the reasons for the recommendation of approval or denial of each application."

### CONDITIONAL USE PERMITS (CUPs)

In addition to the specific requirements for each Conditional Use Permit (CUP), Section 62-1901 provides that the following approval procedure and general standards of review are to be applied to all CUP requests, as applicable.

- (b) Approval procedure. An application for a specific conditional use within the applicable zoning classification shall be submitted and considered in the same manner and according to the same procedure as an amendment to the official zoning map as specified in Section 62-1151. The approval of a conditional use shall authorize an additional use for the affected parcel of real property in addition to those permitted in the applicable zoning classification. The initial burden is on the applicant to demonstrate that all applicable standards and criteria are met. Applications which do not satisfy this burden cannot be approved. If the applicant meets its initial burden, then the Board has the burden to show, by substantial and competent evidence, that the applicant has failed to meet such standards and the request is adverse to the public interest. As part of the approval of the conditional use permit, the Board may prescribe appropriate and reasonable conditions and safeguards to reduce the impact of the proposed use on adjacent and nearby properties or the neighborhood. A nearby property, for the purpose of this section, is defined as any property which, because of the character of the proposed use, lies within the area which may be substantially and adversely impacted by such use. In stating grounds in support of an application for a conditional use permit. it is necessary to show how the request fulfills both the general and specific standards for review. The applicant must show the effect the granting of the conditional use permit will have on adjacent and nearby properties, including, but not limited to traffic and pedestrian flow and safety, curb-cuts, off-street loading and parking, off-street pickup of passengers, odors, glare and noise, particulates, smoke, fumes, and other emissions, refuse and service areas, drainage, screening and buffering for protection of adjacent and nearby properties, and open space and economic impact on nearby properties. The applicant, at his discretion, may choose to present expert testimony where necessary to show the effect of granting the conditional use permit.
- (c) General Standards of Review.
  - (1) The planning and zoning board and the board of county commissioners shall base the denial or approval of each application for a conditional use based upon

a consideration of the factors specified in Section 62-1151(c) plus a determination whether an application meets the intent of this section.

- a. The proposed conditional use will not result in a substantial and adverse impact on adjacent and nearby properties due to: (1), the number of persons anticipated to be using, residing or working under the conditional use; (2), noise, odor, particulates, smoke, fumes and other emissions, or other nuisance activities generated by the conditional use; or (3), the increase of traffic within the vicinity caused by the proposed conditional use.
- b. The proposed use will be compatible with the character of adjacent and nearby properties with regard to use, function, operation, hours of operation, type and amount of traffic generated, building size and setback, and parking availability.
- c. The proposed use will not cause a substantial diminution in value of abutting residential property. A substantial diminution shall be irrebuttably presumed to have occurred if abutting property suffers a 15% reduction in value as a result of the proposed conditional use. A reduction of 10% of the value of abutting property shall create a rebuttable presumption that a substantial diminution has occurred. The Board of County Commissioners carries the burden to show, as evidenced by either testimony from or an appraisal conducted by an M A I certified appraiser, that a substantial diminution in value would occur. The applicant may rebut the findings with his own expert witnesses.
- (2) The following specific standards shall be considered, when applicable, in making a determination that the general standards specified in subsection (1) of this section are satisfied:
- a. Ingress and egress to the property and proposed structures thereon, with particular reference to automotive and pedestrian safety and convenience, traffic flow and control, and access in case of fire and catastrophe, shall be: (1), adequate to serve the proposed use without burdening adjacent and nearby uses, and (2), built to applicable county standards, if any. Burdening adjacent and nearby uses means increasing existing traffic on the closest collector or arterial road by more than 20%, or 10% if the new traffic is primarily comprised of heavy vehicles, except where the affected road is at Level of Service A or B. New traffic generated by the proposed use shall not cause the adopted level of service for transportation on applicable roadways, as determined by applicable Brevard County standards, to be exceeded. Where the design of a public road to be used by the proposed use is physically inadequate to handle the numbers. types or weights of vehicles expected to be generated by the proposed use without damage to the road, the conditional use permit cannot be approved without a commitment to improve the road to a standard adequate to handle the proposed traffic, or to maintain the road through a maintenance bond or other means as required by the Board of County Commissioners.
- b. The noise, glare, odor, particulates, smoke, fumes or other emissions from the conditional use shall not substantially interfere with the use or enjoyment of the adjacent and nearby property.
- c. Noise levels for a conditional use are governed by Section 62-2271.

- d. The proposed conditional use shall not cause the adopted level of service for solid waste disposal applicable to the property or area covered by such level of service, to be exceeded.
- e. The proposed conditional use shall not cause the adopted level of service for potable water or wastewater applicable to the property or the area covered by such level of service, to be exceeded by the proposed use.
- f. The proposed conditional use must have existing or proposed screening or buffering, with reference to type, dimensions and character to eliminate or reduce substantial, adverse nuisance, sight, or noise impacts on adjacent and nearby properties containing less intensive uses.
- g. Proposed signs and exterior lighting shall not cause unreasonable glare or hazard to traffic safety, or interference with the use or enjoyment of adjacent and nearby properties.
- h. Hours of operation of the proposed use shall be consistent with the use and enjoyment of the properties in the surrounding residential community, if any. For commercial and industrial uses adjacent to or near residential uses, the hours of operation shall not adversely affect the use and enjoyment of the residential character of the area.
- i. The height of the proposed use shall be compatible with the character of the area, and the maximum height of any habitable structure shall be not more than 35 feet higher than the highest residence within 1,000 feet of the property line.
- j. Off-street parking and loading areas, where required, shall not be created or maintained in a manner which adversely impacts or impairs the use and enjoyment of adjacent and nearby properties. For existing structures, the applicant shall provide competent, substantial evidence to demonstrate that actual or anticipated parking shall not be greater than that which is approved as part of the site pan under applicable county standards.

#### **FACTORS TO CONSIDER FOR A REZONING REQUEST**

Section 62-1151(c) sets forth factors to consider in connection with a rezoning request, as follows:

"The planning and zoning board shall recommend to the board of county commissioners the denial or approval of each application for amendment to the official zoning maps based upon a consideration of the following factors:

- (1) The character of the land use of the property surrounding the property being considered.
- (2) The change in conditions of the land use of the property being considered and the surrounding property since the establishment of the current applicable zoning classification, special use or conditional use.
- (3) The impact of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use on available and projected traffic patterns, water and sewer systems, other public facilities and utilities and the established character of the surrounding property.

- (4) The compatibility of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use with existing land use plans for the affected area.
- (5) The appropriateness of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use based upon a consideration of the applicable provisions and conditions contained in this article and other applicable laws, ordinances and regulations relating to zoning and land use regulations and based upon a consideration of the public health, safety and welfare."

These staff comments contain references to zoning classifications found in the Brevard County Zoning Regulations, Chapter 62, Article VI, Code of Ordinances of Brevard County. These references include brief summaries of some of the characteristics of that zoning classification. Reference to each zoning classification shall be deemed to incorporate the full text of the section or sections defining and regulating that classification into the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

These staff comments contain references to sections of the Code of Ordinances of Brevard County. Reference to each code section shall be deemed to incorporate this section into the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

These staff comments contain references to Policies of the Brevard County Comprehensive Plan. Reference to each Policy shall be deemed to incorporate the entire Policy into the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

These staff comments refer to previous zoning actions which are part of the Public Records of Brevard County, Florida. These records will be referred to by reference to the file number. Reference to zoning files are intended to make the entire contents of the cited file a part of the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

#### DEFINITIONS OF CONCURRENCY TERMS

**Maximum Acceptable Volume (MAV):** Maximum acceptable daily volume that a roadway can carry at the adopted Level of Service (LOS).

**Current Volume:** Building permit related trips added to the latest TPO (Transportation Planning Organization) traffic counts.

**Volume with Development (VOL W/DEV):** Equals Current Volume plus trip generation projected for the proposed development.

**Volume/Maximum Acceptable Volume (VOL/MAV):** Equals the ratio of current traffic volume to the maximum acceptable roadway volume.

**Volume/Maximum Acceptable Volume with Development (VOL/MAV W/DEV):** Ratio of volume with development to the Maximum Acceptable Volume.

Acceptable Level of Service (CURRENT LOS): The Level of Service at which a roadway is currently operating.

Level of Service with Development (LOS W/DEV): The Level of Service that a proposed development may generate on a roadway.



#### **Planning and Development Department**

2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way Building A, Room 114 Viera, Florida 32940 (321)633-2070 Phone / (321)633-2074 Fax https://www.brevardfl.gov/PlanningDev

#### STAFF COMMENTS 21Z00041

#### **Edic and Ashley Moreno**

**GU** (General Use) to RR-1 (Rural Residential)

Tax Account Number:

2423907

Parcel I.D.:

24-36-31-00-17

Location:

1640 Sue Drive Cocoa, FL 32922 (District 1)

Acreage:

1.11 acres

Planning and Zoning Board:

1/10/2022

Board of County Commissioners: 2/03/2022

#### **Consistency with Land Use Regulations**

- Current zoning can be considered under the Future Land Use Designation, Section 62-1255.
- The proposal can be considered under the Future Land Use Designation, Section 62-1255.
- The proposal would maintain acceptable Levels of Service (LOS) (XIII 1.6.C)

	CURRENT	PROPOSED
Zoning	GU	RR-1
Potential*	0-units	1-unit
Can be Considered under the	YES	YES
Future Land Use Map	NC	NC

<sup>\*</sup> Zoning potential for concurrency analysis purposes only, subject to applicable land development regulations.

#### **Background and Purpose of Request**

The applicant requests to change the zoning classification from GU (General Use) to RR-1 (Rural Residential) in order to develop the property with a residence. The lot is currently undeveloped and does not abut a county-maintained road (a requirement of Section 62-102 in order to obtain a building permit). According to Section 62-102, development rights for single-family building permit use can be accommodated by approval of an exclusive access easement. That section does not grant other rights such as agricultural or commercial development.

The lot's GU zoning is original zoning. This property lost its nonconforming status when the SE quadrant was split off from the parent tract on April 3, 1986. A failed attempt to rezone the property from GU to BU-2 (General Retail and Wholesale Business) was heard under Zoning action DNZ-1098 on September 5, 1963.

#### Land Use

The subject property is currently designated as Neighborhood Commercial (NC) FLU. Both the GU and RR-1 zoning classifications are consistent with the Neighborhood Commercial (NC) FLU designation.

#### **Applicable Land Use Policies**

# Residential Development in Neighborhood Commercial and Community Commercial Land Use Designations

#### Policy 2.13

Residential development or the integration of residential development with commercial development shall be permitted in the Neighborhood Commercial and Community Commercial land use designations, provided that the scale and intensity of the residential/mixed use development is compatible with abutting residential development and areas designated for residential use on the Future Land Use Map. Residential development is permissible in these commercial land use designations at density of up to one category higher than the closest residentially designated area on the Future Land Use Map (FLUM) which is on the same side of the street. Increases in density beyond this allowance may be considered through a public hearing. In the CHHA, however, residential development is strictly limited to the density of the closest residentially designated area on the FLUM that is on the same side of the street. Such residential development, as described above, shall be allowed to utilize the following characteristics:

a) Residential uses within Neighborhood Commercial and Community Commercial designations shall be encouraged to utilize neotraditional neighborhood development techniques, such as narrower road rights-of-way, mid-block pedestrian pass-throughs, alleys, smaller lot sizes, on-street parking, reduced lot line setbacks and public transit facilities.

The Board should evaluate the compatibility of this application within the context of Administrative Policies 3 - 5 of the Future Land Use Element.

# Analysis of Administrative Policy #3 - Compatibility between this site and the existing or proposed land uses in the area.

The subject 1.11-acre property lies within the Neighborhood Commercial FLU designation. This property is bounded by the Neighborhood Commercial FLU designation along each of its borders.

The applicant intends to maintain the parcel as one lot/parcel for horticultural uses along with horses and chickens.

#### Analysis of Administrative Policy #4 - Character of a neighborhood or area.

The developed character of the surrounding area along Sue Drive is a mixture of single-family homes and duplexes developed within the Medium-Density Multi-Family Residential RU-2-10 Zoning classification. At the eastern end of Sue Drive adjacent to Clearlake Road are multiple parcels

commercially developed under the Retail, Warehousing and Wholesale Commercial, BU-2 Zoning classification. To the west of this lot (within 1,000 feet) are existing AU and RR-1 zoned parcels.

#### **Surrounding Area**

To the north, west, and south of this parcel are residential parcels zoned GU. To the east are found: multiple-family zoned lots under the Medium-density Multi-family RU-2-10 zoning classification and one developed single-family zoned lot, zoned Single-family Residential (RU-1-7). The property lies west of the western terminus of Sue Drive.

GU classification is a holding category, allowing single-family residences on five acre lots with a minimum width and depth of 300 feet. The minimum house size in GU is 750 square feet.

RU-2-10 classification permits multiple-family residential development or single-family residences at a density of up to 10 units per acre on minimum lot sizes of 7,500 square feet.

RU-1-7 classification permits single family residences on minimum 5,000 square foot lots with minimum widths of 50 feet and depth of 100 feet. The minimum house size is 700 square feet.

There has been no zoning actions within a half-mile radius of the subject property within the last three years. No recent development trends have been identified in this area.

This location could function as a transition from the AU and GU zoning classifications located to the west and the existing single-family and multi-family zoning classifications to the east. The Board may wish to determine whether this location for RR-1 zoning is compatible with the area. The Board may also wish to limit horticultural ventures that the RR-1 zoning classification may otherwise allow as the site fails to abut an approved county road right-of-way.

RR-1 zoning allows the following accessory uses identified in Section 62-2100.5 (2) of Brevard County Code:

Accessory agricultural uses: The keeping of horses and agricultural pursuits are accessory to a principle residence within the following rural residential zoning classifications: (REU, RR-1, RRMH-1, RRMH-2.5 & RRMH-5) pursuant to the following limitations. Horses, not to exceed four per acre, are permitted for the personal, noncommercial use of the occupant of the property, provided there is a minimum of 10,000 square feet of land for each animal. Agricultural pursuits shall be limited to the keeping of horses and activities of a horticultural nature. No other farm animals or fowl shall be kept on the property except as provided in this chapter, and no produce shall be sold from the premises.

#### **Preliminary Concurrency**

The closest concurrency management segment to the subject property is Clearlake Road, between SR 520 to Lake Drive, which has a Maximum Acceptable Volume (MAV) of 39,800 trips per day, a Level of Service (LOS) of D, and currently operates at 28.46% of capacity daily. The maximum development potential from the proposed rezoning does increase the percentage of MAV utilization by 0.03%. The corridor is anticipated to operate at 28.49% of capacity daily. The proposal is not anticipated to create a deficiency in LOS.

No school concurrency information has been provided as the development potential of this site falls below the minimum number of new residential lots that would require a formal review.

The parcel is connected to City of Cocoa water. The parcel is not connected to sanitary sewer.

#### **Environmental Constraints**

- Wetlands
- Hydric Soils
- Land Clearing and Landscape Requirements
- Protected Species

The subject parcel contains mapped National Wetland Inventory (NWI) wetlands, SJRWMD wetlands, and hydric soils; indicators that wetlands may be present on the property. A wetland delineation will be required prior to any land clearing activities or building permit application submittal. Per Section 62-3694(c)(2), residential land uses within wetlands shall be limited to not more than one (1) dwelling unit per five (5) acres unless strict application of this policy renders a legally established parcel as of September 9, 1988, which is less than five (5) acres, as unbuildable. The preceding limitation of one dwelling unit per five (5) acres within wetlands may be applied as a maximum percentage limiting wetland impacts to not more than 1.8% of the total property. Any permitted wetland impacts must meet the requirements of Sections 62-3694(e), including avoidance of impacts, and will require mitigation in accordance with Section 62-3696.

Information available to NRM indicates that unpermitted land clearing activities may have occurred. The discovery of unpermitted wetland impacts or land clearing activities may result in code enforcement action.

The applicant is encouraged to contact NRM at 321-633-2016 prior to any site plan design or permit submittal.

#### For Board Consideration

The Board may wish to consider whether the requested rezoning action is consistent and compatible with the surrounding area.

# NATURAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT Rezoning Review & Summary

#### Item # 21Z00041

Applicant: Edie Moreno

**Zoning Request**: GU to RR-1

**Notes**: Applicant wants to build a duplex and a single-family residence.

**P&Z Hearing Date**: 01/10/22; **BCC Hearing Date**: 02/03/22

Tax ID No: 2423907

➤ This is a preliminary review based on best available data maps reviewed by the Natural Resources Management Department (NRM) and does not include a site inspection to verify the accuracy of the mapped information.

➤ In that the rezoning process is not the appropriate venue for site plan review, specific site designs submitted with the rezoning request will be deemed conceptual. Board comments relative to specific site design do not provide vested rights or waivers from Federal, State or County regulations.

> This review does not guarantee whether or not the proposed use, specific site design, or development of the property can be permitted under current Federal, State, or County Regulations.

#### Summary of Mapped Resources and Noteworthy Land Use Issues:

- Wetlands
- Hydric Soils
- Land Clearing and Landscape Requirements
- Protected Species

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Information available to NRM indicates that unpermitted land clearing activities may have occurred. The discovery of unpermitted wetland impacts or land clearing activities may result in code enforcement action.

The applicant is encouraged to contact NRM at 321-633-2016 prior to any site plan design or permit submittal.

#### **Land Use Comments:**

#### **Hydric Soils/Wetlands**

The subject parcel contains mapped NWI and SJRWMD wetlands, and hydric soils (Anclote sand and Terra Ceia Muck-frequently flooded) as shown on the NWI Wetlands, SJRWMD Florida Land Use & Cover Codes and USDA Soil Conservation Service Soils Survey maps, respectively; indicators that wetlands may be present on the property. A wetland delineation will be required prior to any land clearing activities or building permit application submittal. Per Section 62-3694(c)(2), residential land uses within wetlands shall be limited to not more than one (1) dwelling unit per five (5) acres unless strict application of this policy renders a legally established parcel as of September 9, 1988, which is less than five (5) acres, as unbuildable. The preceding limitation of one dwelling unit per five (5) acres within wetlands may be applied as a maximum percentage limiting wetland impacts to not more than 1.8% of the total property. Any permitted wetland impacts must meet the requirements of Sections 62-3694(e), including avoidance of impacts, and will require mitigation in accordance with 62-3696.

Information available to NRM indicates that unpermitted land clearing activities may have occurred. The discovery of unpermitted wetland impacts or land clearing activities may result in code enforcement action.

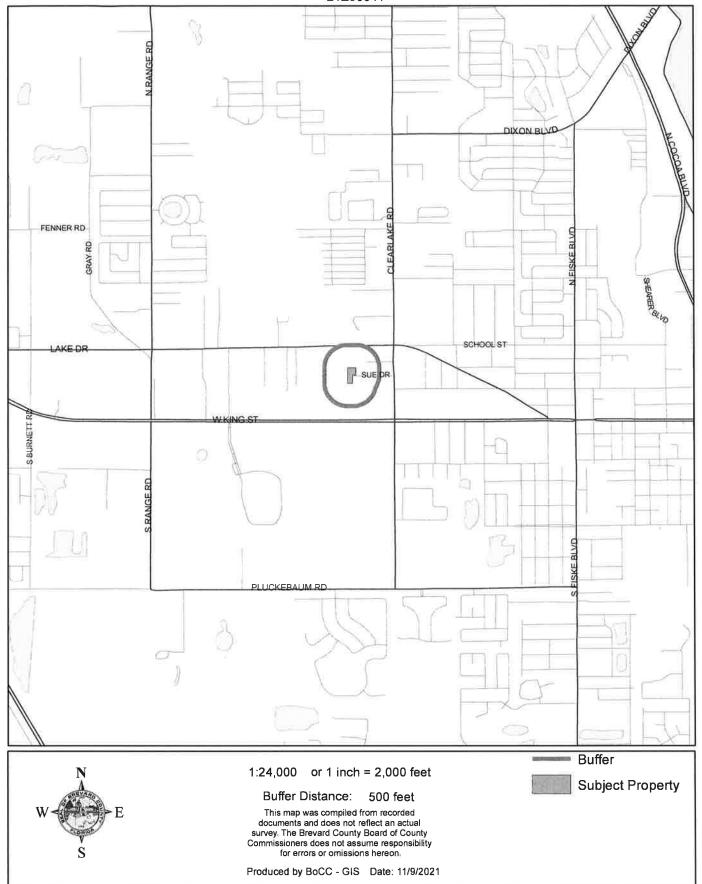
#### Land Clearing and Landscape Requirements

The applicant is advised to refer to Article XIII, Division 2, entitled Land Clearing, Landscaping, and Tree Protection, for specific requirements for Protected and Specimen tree preservation, and canopy coverage requirements. Land clearing is not permitted without prior authorization by NRM. The discovery of unpermitted land clearing activities may result in code enforcement action.

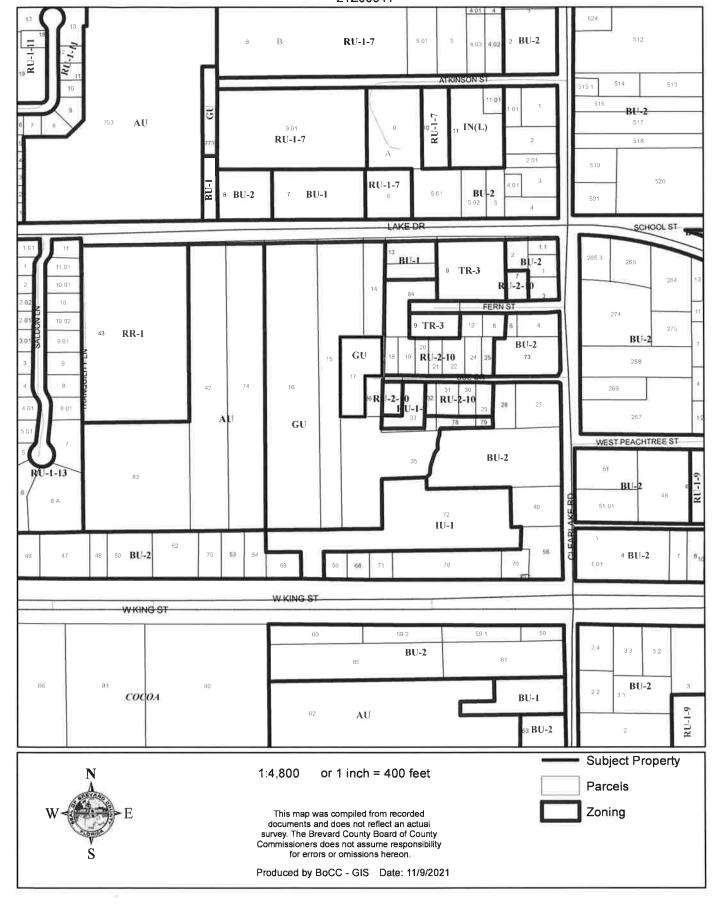
#### **Protected Species**

Information available to NRM indicates that federally and/or state protected species may be present on the property. Prior to any plan, permit submittal, or development activity, including land clearing, the applicant should obtain any necessary permits or clearance letters from the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and/or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, as applicable.

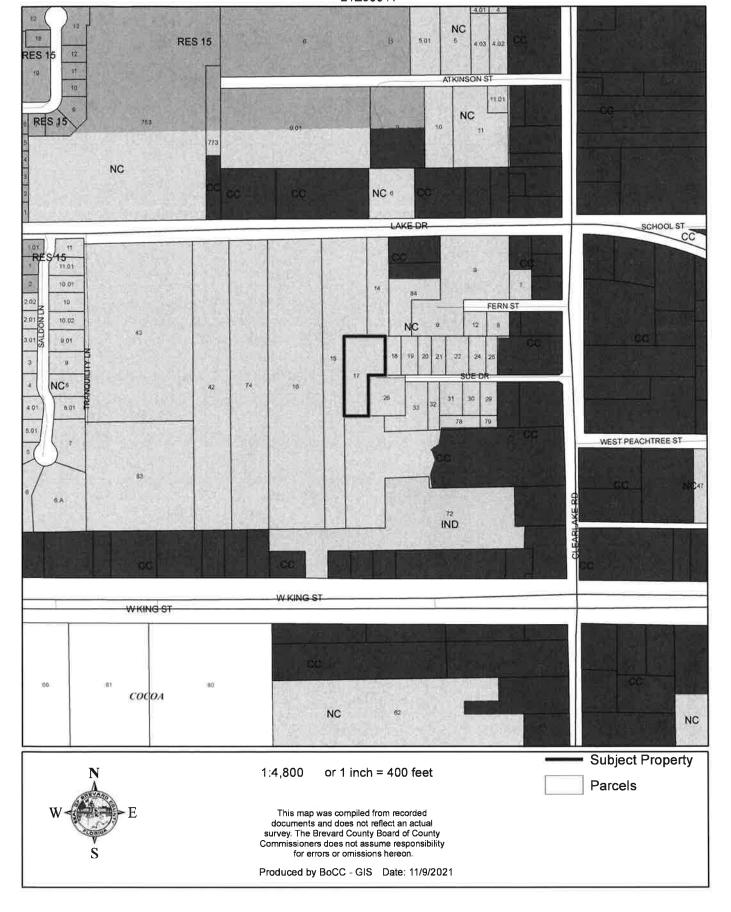
# LOCATION MAP



# ZONING MAP



# FUTURE LAND USE MAP



# **AERIAL MAP**

MORENO, EDIC & ASHLEY 21Z00041





1:2,400 or 1 inch = 200 feet

PHOTO YEAR: 2021

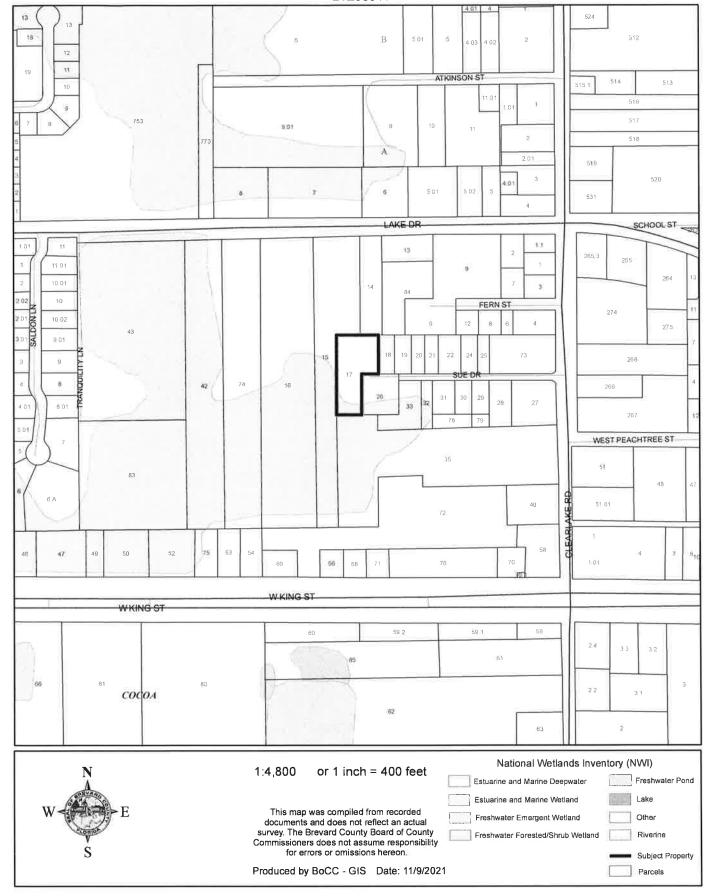
This map was compiled from recorded documents and does not reflect an actual survey. The Brevard County Board of County Commissioners does not assume responsibility for errors or omissions hereon.

Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 11/9/2021

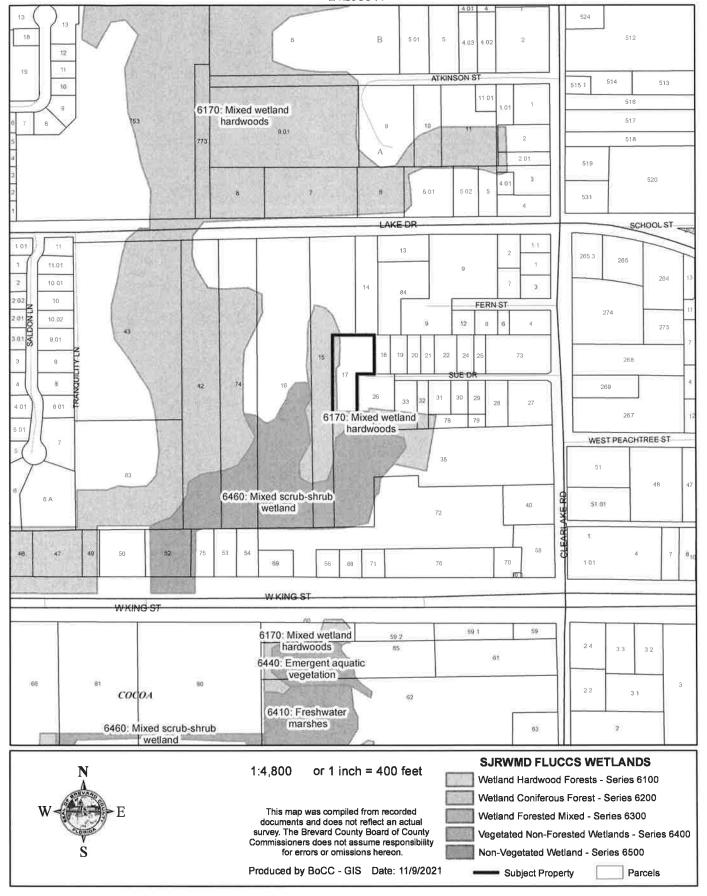
Subject Property

Parcels

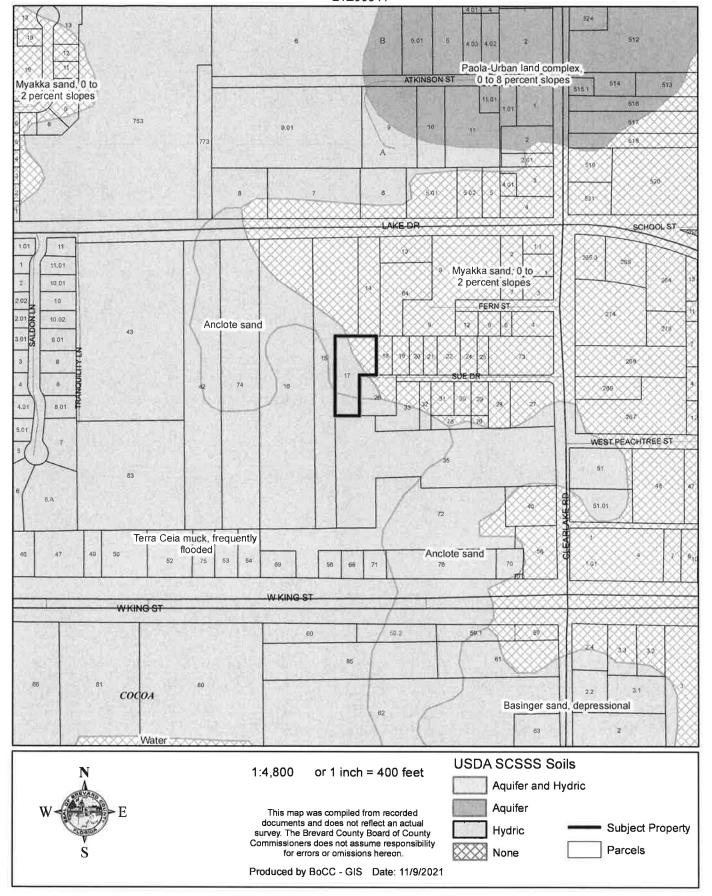
### **NWI WETLANDS MAP**



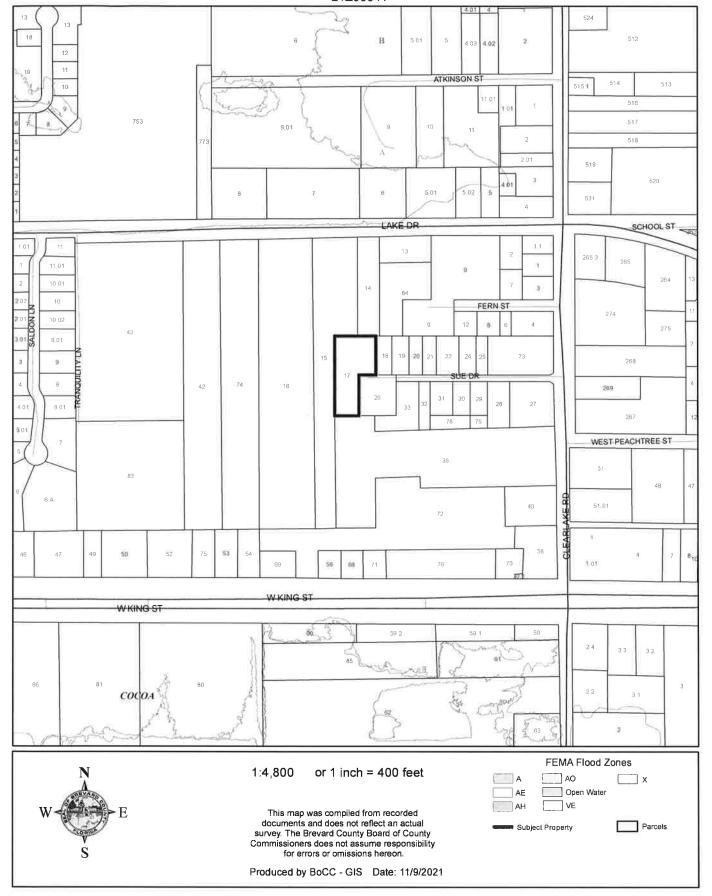
# SJRWMD FLUCCS WETLANDS - 6000 Series MAP



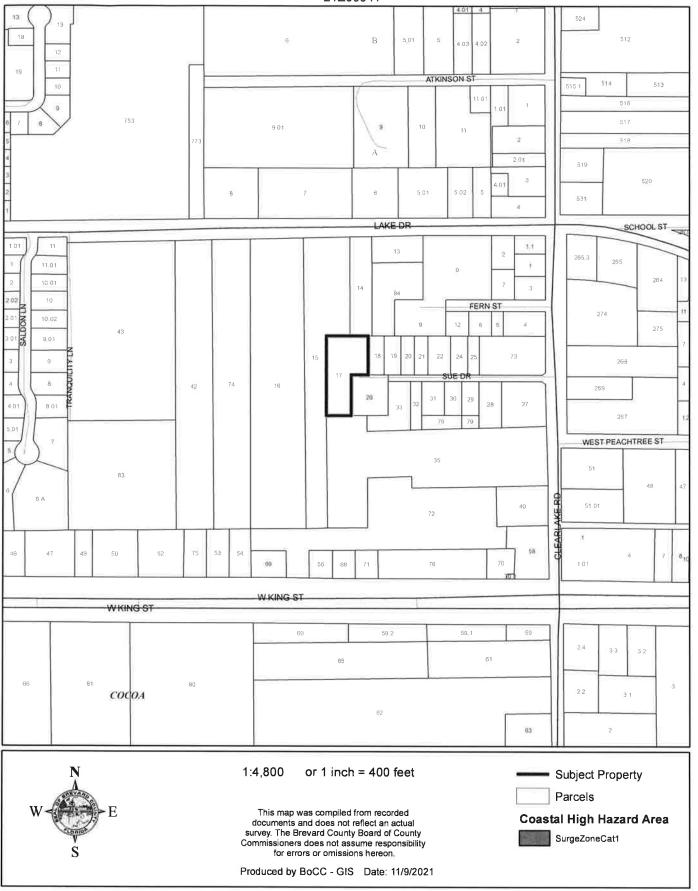
# USDA SCSSS SOILS MAP



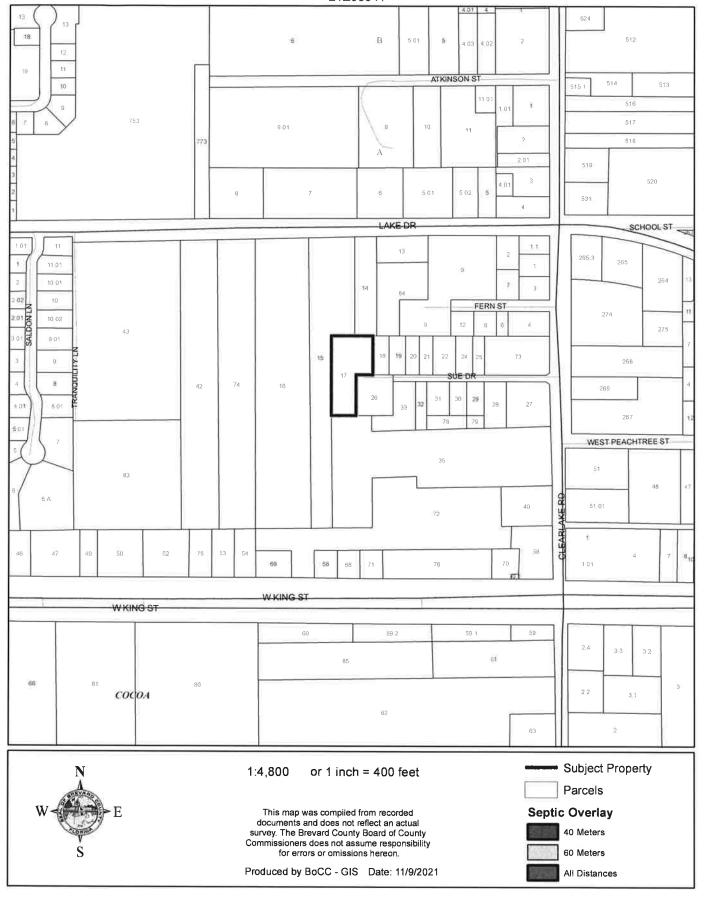
# FEMA FLOOD ZONES MAP



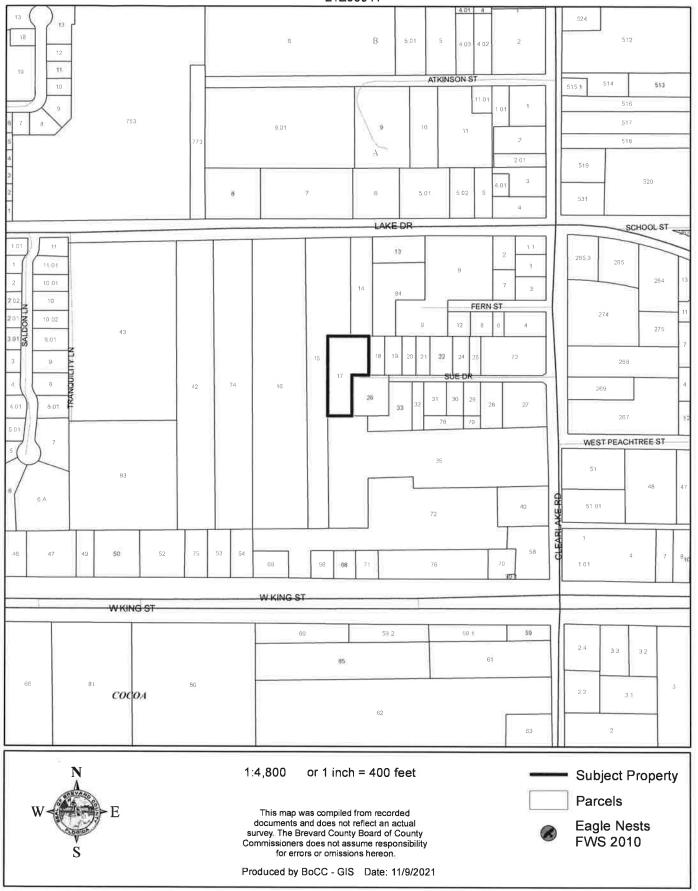
# COASTAL HIGH HAZARD AREA MAP



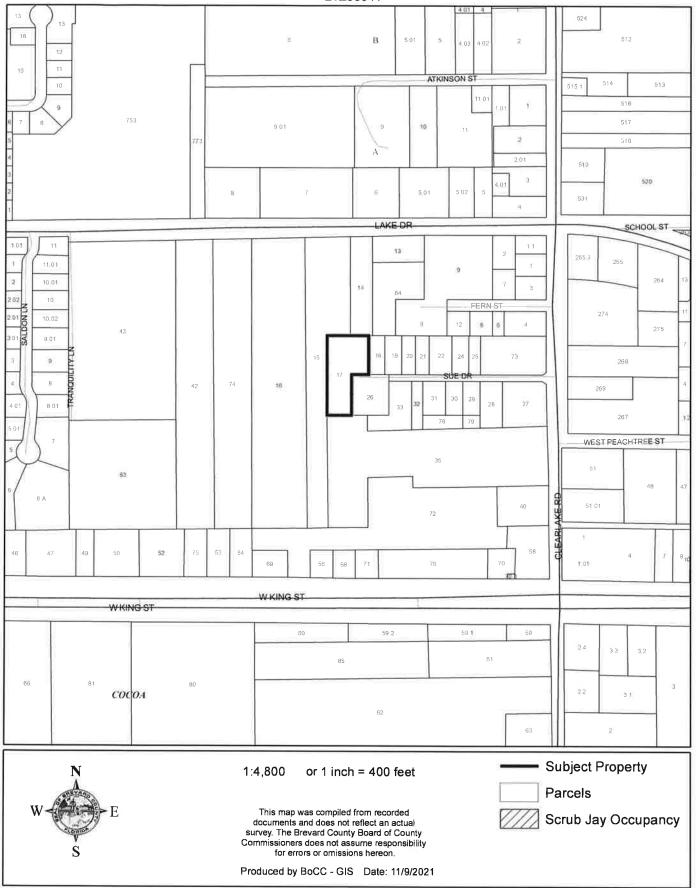
# INDIAN RIVER LAGOON SEPTIC OVERLAY MAP



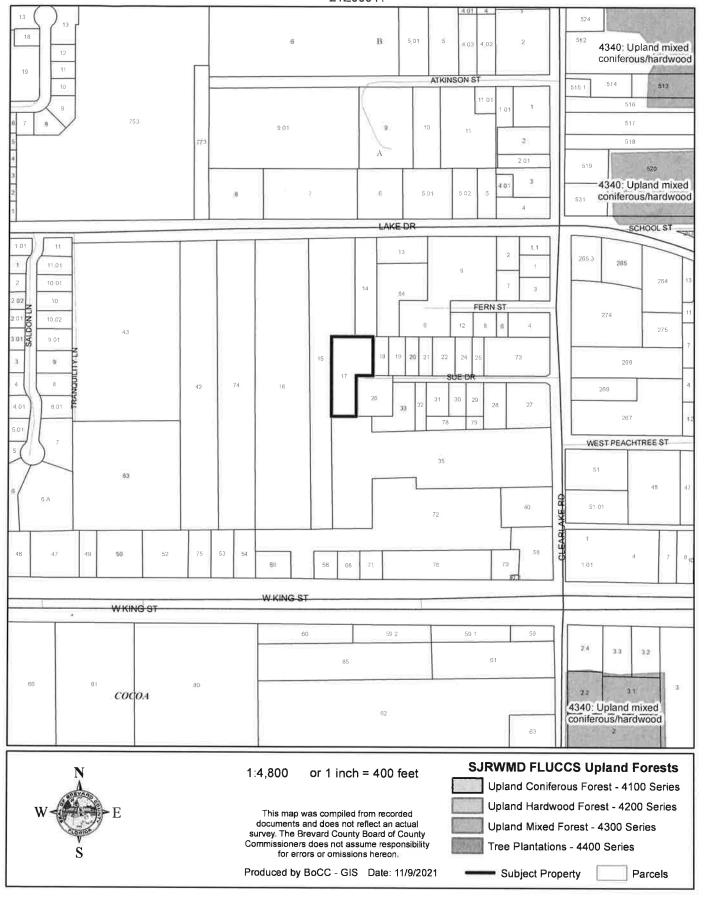
# EAGLE NESTS MAP



# SCRUB JAY OCCUPANCY MAP



# SJRWMD FLUCCS UPLAND FORESTS - 4000 Series MAP



#### PLANNING AND ZONING BOARD/LOCAL PLANNING AGENCY MINUTES

The Brevard County Planning & Zoning Board met in regular session on **Monday, January 10, 2022,** at **3:00 p.m**., in the Florida Room, Building C, Brevard County Government Center, 2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way, Viera, Florida.

The meeting was called to order at 3:00 p.m.

At the outset of the meeting, nine Board members were present and voted on all items on the agenda: Henry Minneboo (D1); Ron Bartcher (D1); Robert Sullivan (D2); Ben Glover (D3); William Capote (D3); Mark Wadsworth, Chair (D4); Liz Alward (D4); Peter Filiberto, Vice Chair (D5); and John Hoppengarten (BPS).

Bruce Moia (D5) was present for Items H.14 & H.15 only.

Lorraine Koss (D2 - Alt) was present, but did not participate from the dais.

Staff members present were: Tad Calkins, Planning & Development Director; Jeffrey Ball, Planning and Zoning Manager; George Ritchie, Planner III; Kyle Harris, Associate Planner; Virginia Barker, Natural Resources Management Director; Amanda Elmore, Natural Resources Management Deputy Director; Darcie McGee, Natural Resources Management Assistant Director; Alex Esseesse, Assistant County Attorney; and Jennifer Jones, Special Projects Coordinator.

#### **Excerpt from Complete Minutes**

#### **Edic and Ashley Moreno**

A change of zoning classification from GU (General Use) to RR-1 (Rural Residential). The property is 1.11 acres, located at the west end of Sue Dr., approx. 0.15 mile west of Clearlake Rd. (1640 Sue Dr., Cocoa) (Tax Account 2423907) (District 1)

Ashley Moreno, 1640 Sue Drive, Cocoa, stated she and her husband would like to rezone in order to build a house.

No public comment.

Motion by Ben Glover, seconded by Peter Filiberto, to recommend approval of a change of zoning classification from GU to RR-1. The motion passed unanimously.