



Agenda Report

2725 Judge Fran Jamieson
Way
Viera, FL 32940

Public Hearing

H.7.

5/7/2020

Subject:

Michael Richard and Carina Emma Hugoboom request a change of zoning classification from GU to AU(L). (20PZ00022) (Tax Account 2404041) (District 1).

Fiscal Impact:

None

Dept/Office:

Planning and Development

Requested Action:

It is requested that the Board of County Commissioners conduct a public hearing to consider a change of zoning classification from GU (General Use) to AU(L) (Agricultural Residential, Low-Intensity).

Summary Explanation and Background:

The applicants are seeking a change of zoning classification from GU (General Use) to AU(L) (Agricultural Residential Low-Intensity) for the purpose of having a guesthouse without a kitchen for family members and temporary guests. A Conditional Use Permit is not required for guesthouses on parcels of one acre or greater. AU(L) allows single-family detached residential dwellings, parks and public recreational facilities, foster homes, and agricultural pursuits of a personal non-commercial nature. The property is one acre in size, located at 3656 Oneida Street, Cocoa.

Pursuant to section 62-1188(8), any nonconforming lot of record may be considered for rezoning to another zoning classification consistent with the Comprehensive Plan. Should the Board grant AU(L), the subject property will remain nonconforming to the 2.5 acre lot size requirement.

The developed character of the area is single-family residential on lots ranging from one to two and one-half acres.

The Board should consider whether AU(L) zoning is consistent with the adjacent GU and AU parcels. The Board should further consider whether the addition of a guesthouse without a kitchen fits the character of the surrounding residential area.

On April 6, 2020, the Planning and Zoning Board heard the request and unanimously recommended approval.

Clerk to the Board Instructions:

Upon receipt of resolution, please execute and return to Planning and Development.

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Resolution 20PZ00022

On motion by Commissioner Pritchett, seconded by Commissioner Lober, the following resolution was adopted by a unanimous vote:

WHEREAS, Michael Richard and Carina Emma Hugoboom have requested a change of zoning classification from GU (General Use) to AU(L) (Agricultural Residential, Low-Intensity) on property described as the east 145 feet of the west 805 feet of the north ½ of the north ½ of the south ½ of the north ½ of **Section 11, Township 24S, Range 35E**, less the south 30 feet for road, as recorded in ORB 8596, Page 194, of the Public Records of Brevard County, Florida. (1 acre) Located on the north side of Oneida Street, approximately 304 feet east of Dakota Avenue. (3656 Oneida Street, Cocoa); and

WHEREAS, a public hearing of the Brevard County Planning and Zoning Board was advertised and held, as required by law, and after hearing all interested parties and considering the adjacent areas, the Brevard County Planning and Zoning Board recommended that the application be approved; and

WHEREAS, the Board, after considering said application and Brevard County Planning and Zoning Board's recommendation, and hearing all interested parties, and after due and proper consideration having been given to the matter, find that the application should be approved as recommended; now therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of County Commissioners of Brevard County, Florida, that the requested change of zoning classification from GU to AU(L) be approved as recommended. The Planning and Development Director, or designee, is hereby directed to make this change on the official zoning maps of Brevard County, Florida.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this resolution shall become effective as of May 7, 2020.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Brevard County, Florida

Bryan Andrew Lober

Bryan Lober, Chair

Brevard County Commission

As approved by the Board on May 7, 2020.

ATTEST:

Scott Ellis

SCOTT ELLIS, CLERK

(SEAL)

Planning and Zoning Board Hearing – April 6, 2020

Please note: A CUP (Conditional Use Permit) will generally expire on the three-year anniversary of its approval if the use is not established prior to that date. CUPs for Towers and Antennas shall expire if a site plan for the tower is not submitted within one year of approval or if construction does not commence within two years of approval. A Planned Unit Development Preliminary Development Plan expires if a final development plan is not filed within three years. **The granting of this zoning does not guarantee physical development of the property. At the time of development, said development must be in accordance with the criteria of the Brevard County Comprehensive Plan and other applicable laws and ordinances.**

ADMINISTRATIVE POLICIES OF THE FUTURE LAND USE ELEMENT

Administrative Policies in the Future Land Use Element establish the expertise of staff with regard to zoning land use issues and set forth criteria when considering a rezoning action or request for Conditional Use Permit, as follows:

Administrative Policy 1

The Brevard County zoning official, planners and the director of the Planning and Development staff, however designated, are recognized as expert witnesses for the purposes of Comprehensive Plan amendments as well as zoning, conditional use, special exception, and variance applications.

Administrative Policy 2

Upon Board request, members of the Brevard County Planning and Development staff shall be required to present written analysis and a recommendation, which shall constitute an expert opinion, on all applications for development approval that come before the Board of County Commissioners for quasi-judicial review and action. The Board may table an item if additional time is required to obtain the analysis requested or to hire an expert witness if the Board deems such action appropriate. Staff input may include the following:

Criteria:

- A. Staff shall analyze an application for consistency or compliance with comprehensive plan policies, zoning approval criteria and other applicable written standards.
- B. Staff shall conduct site visits of property which are the subject of analysis and recommendation. As part of the site visit, the staff shall take a videotape or photographs where helpful to the analysis and conduct an inventory of surrounding existing uses. Aerial photographs shall also be used where they would aid in an understanding of the issues of the case.
- C. In cases where staff analysis is required, both the applicant and the staff shall present proposed findings of fact for consideration by the Board.
- D. For re-zoning applications where a specific use has not been proposed, the worst case adverse impacts of potential uses available under the applicable land use classification shall be evaluated by the staff.

Administrative Policy 3

Compatibility with existing or proposed land uses shall be a factor in determining where a rezoning or any application involving a specific proposed use is being considered. Compatibility shall be evaluated by considering the following factors, at a minimum:

Criteria:

- A. Whether the proposed use(s) would have hours of operation, lighting, odor, noise levels, traffic, or site activity that would significantly diminish the enjoyment of, safety or quality of life in existing neighborhoods within the area which could foreseeably be affected by the proposed use.
- B. Whether the proposed use(s) would cause a material reduction (five percent or more) in the value of existing abutting lands or approved development.
- C. Whether the proposed use(s) is/are consistent with an emerging or existing pattern of surrounding development as determined through analysis of:

1. historical land use patterns;
 2. actual development over the immediately preceding three years; and
 3. development approved within the past three years but not yet constructed.
- D. Whether the proposed use(s) would result in a material violation of relevant policies in any elements of the Comprehensive Plan.

Administrative Policy 4

Character of a neighborhood or area shall be a factor for consideration whenever a rezoning or any application involving a specific proposed use is reviewed. The character of the area must not be materially or adversely affected by the proposed rezoning or land use application. In evaluating the character of an area, the following factors shall be considered:

Criteria:

- A. The proposed use must not materially and adversely impact an established residential neighborhood by introducing types of intensity of traffic (including but not limited to volume, time of day of traffic activity, type of vehicles, et cetera), parking, trip generation, commercial activity or industrial activity that is not already present within the identified boundaries of the neighborhood.
- B. In determining whether an established residential neighborhood exists, the following factors must be present:
 1. The area must have clearly established boundaries, such as roads, open spaces, rivers, lakes, lagoons, or similar features.
 2. Sporadic or occasional neighborhood commercial uses shall not preclude the existence of an existing residential neighborhood, particularly if the commercial use is non-conforming or pre-dates the surrounding residential use.
 3. An area shall be presumed not to be primarily residential but shall be deemed transitional where multiple commercial, industrial or other non-residential uses have been applied for and approved during the previous five (5) years.

Administrative Policy 5

In addition to the factors specified in Administrative Policies 2, 3, and 4, in reviewing a rezoning, conditional use permit or other application for development approval, the impact of the proposed use or uses on transportation facilities either serving the site or impacted by the use(s) shall be considered. In evaluating whether substantial and adverse transportation impacts are likely to result if an application is approved, the staff shall consider the following criteria:

Criteria:

- A. Whether adopted levels of services will be compromised;
- B. Whether the physical quality of the existing road system that will serve the proposed use(s) is sufficient to support the use(s) without significant deterioration;

- C. Whether the surrounding existing road system is of sufficient width and construction quality to serve the proposed use(s) without the need for substantial public improvements;
- D. Whether the surrounding existing road system is of such width and construction quality that the proposed use(s) would realistically pose a potential for material danger to public safety in the surrounding area;
- E. Whether the proposed use(s) would be likely to result in such a material and adverse change in traffic capacity of a road or roads in the surrounding area such that either design capacities would be significantly exceeded or a de facto change in functional classification would result;
- F. Whether the proposed use(s) would cause such material and adverse changes in the types of traffic that would be generated on the surrounding road system, that physical deterioration of the surrounding road system would be likely;
- G. Whether projected traffic impacts of the proposed use(s) would materially and adversely impact the safety or welfare of residents in existing residential neighborhoods.

Administrative Policy 6

The use(s) proposed under the rezoning, conditional use or other application for development approval must be consistent with, (a), all written land development policies set forth in these administrative policies; and (b), the future land use element, coastal management element, conservation element, potable water element, sanitary sewer element, solid waste management element, capital improvements element, recreation and open space element, surface water element, and transportation elements of the comprehensive plan.

Administrative Policy 7

Proposed use(s) shall not cause or substantially aggravate any, (a), substantial drainage problem on surrounding properties; or (b), significant, adverse and unmitigatable impact on significant natural wetlands, water bodies or habitat for listed species.

Administrative Policy 8

These policies, the staff analysis based upon these policies, and the applicant's written analysis, if any, shall be incorporated into the record of every quasi-judicial review application for development approval presented to the Board including rezoning, conditional use permits, and vested rights determinations.

Section 62-1151(c) of the Code of Ordinances of Brevard County directs, "The planning and zoning board shall recommend to the board of county commissioners the denial or approval of each application for amendment to the official zoning maps based upon a consideration of the following factors:

- (1) The character of the land use of the property surrounding the property being considered.
- (2) The change in conditions of the land use of the property being considered and the surrounding property since the establishment of the current applicable zoning classification, special use or conditional use.

- (3) The impact of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use on available and projected traffic patterns, water and sewer systems, other public facilities and utilities and the established character of the surrounding property.
- (4) The compatibility of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use with existing land use plans for the affected area.
- (5) The appropriateness of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use based upon a consideration of the applicable provisions and conditions contained in this article and other applicable laws, ordinances and regulations relating to zoning and land use regulations and based upon a consideration of the public health, safety and welfare.

The minutes of the planning and zoning board shall specify the reasons for the recommendation of approval or denial of each application."

CONDITIONAL USE PERMITS (CUPs)

In addition to the specific requirements for each Conditional Use Permit (CUP), Section 62-1901 provides that the following approval procedure and general standards of review are to be applied to all CUP requests, as applicable.

- (b) Approval procedure. An application for a specific conditional use within the applicable zoning classification shall be submitted and considered in the same manner and according to the same procedure as an amendment to the official zoning map as specified in Section 62-1151. The approval of a conditional use shall authorize an additional use for the affected parcel of real property in addition to those permitted in the applicable zoning classification. The initial burden is on the applicant to demonstrate that all applicable standards and criteria are met. Applications which do not satisfy this burden cannot be approved. If the applicant meets its initial burden, then the Board has the burden to show, by substantial and competent evidence, that the applicant has failed to meet such standards and the request is adverse to the public interest. As part of the approval of the conditional use permit, the Board may prescribe appropriate and reasonable conditions and safeguards to reduce the impact of the proposed use on adjacent and nearby properties or the neighborhood. A nearby property, for the purpose of this section, is defined as any property which, because of the character of the proposed use, lies within the area which may be substantially and adversely impacted by such use. In stating grounds in support of an application for a conditional use permit, it is necessary to show how the request fulfills both the general and specific standards for review. The applicant must show the effect the granting of the conditional use permit will have on adjacent and nearby properties, including, but not limited to traffic and pedestrian flow and safety, curb-cuts, off-street loading and parking, off-street pickup of passengers, odors, glare and noise, particulates, smoke, fumes, and other emissions, refuse and service areas, drainage, screening and buffering for protection of adjacent and nearby properties, and open space and economic impact on nearby properties. The applicant, at his discretion, may choose to present expert testimony where necessary to show the effect of granting the conditional use permit.

(c) General Standards of Review.

- (1) The planning and zoning board and the board of county commissioners shall base the denial or approval of each application for a conditional use based upon

a consideration of the factors specified in Section 62-1151(c) plus a determination whether an application meets the intent of this section.

- a. The proposed conditional use will not result in a substantial and adverse impact on adjacent and nearby properties due to: (1), the number of persons anticipated to be using, residing or working under the conditional use; (2), noise, odor, particulates, smoke, fumes and other emissions, or other nuisance activities generated by the conditional use; or (3), the increase of traffic within the vicinity caused by the proposed conditional use.
- b. The proposed use will be compatible with the character of adjacent and nearby properties with regard to use, function, operation, hours of operation, type and amount of traffic generated, building size and setback, and parking availability.
- c. The proposed use will not cause a substantial diminution in value of abutting residential property. A substantial diminution shall be irrebuttably presumed to have occurred if abutting property suffers a 15% reduction in value as a result of the proposed conditional use. A reduction of 10% of the value of abutting property shall create a rebuttable presumption that a substantial diminution has occurred. The Board of County Commissioners carries the burden to show, as evidenced by either testimony from or an appraisal conducted by an M A I certified appraiser, that a substantial diminution in value would occur. The applicant may rebut the findings with his own expert witnesses.

(2) The following specific standards shall be considered, when applicable, in making a determination that the general standards specified in subsection (1) of this section are satisfied:

- a. Ingress and egress to the property and proposed structures thereon, with particular reference to automotive and pedestrian safety and convenience, traffic flow and control, and access in case of fire and catastrophe, shall be: (1), adequate to serve the proposed use without burdening adjacent and nearby uses, and (2), built to applicable county standards, if any. Burdening adjacent and nearby uses means increasing existing traffic on the closest collector or arterial road by more than 20%, or 10% if the new traffic is primarily comprised of heavy vehicles, except where the affected road is at Level of Service A or B. New traffic generated by the proposed use shall not cause the adopted level of service for transportation on applicable roadways, as determined by applicable Brevard County standards, to be exceeded. Where the design of a public road to be used by the proposed use is physically inadequate to handle the numbers, types or weights of vehicles expected to be generated by the proposed use without damage to the road, the conditional use permit cannot be approved without a commitment to improve the road to a standard adequate to handle the proposed traffic, or to maintain the road through a maintenance bond or other means as required by the Board of County Commissioners.
- b. The noise, glare, odor, particulates, smoke, fumes or other emissions from the conditional use shall not substantially interfere with the use or enjoyment of the adjacent and nearby property.
- c. Noise levels for a conditional use are governed by Section 62-2271.

- d. The proposed conditional use shall not cause the adopted level of service for solid waste disposal applicable to the property or area covered by such level of service, to be exceeded.
- e. The proposed conditional use shall not cause the adopted level of service for potable water or wastewater applicable to the property or the area covered by such level of service, to be exceeded by the proposed use.
- f. The proposed conditional use must have existing or proposed screening or buffering, with reference to type, dimensions and character to eliminate or reduce substantial, adverse nuisance, sight, or noise impacts on adjacent and nearby properties containing less intensive uses.
- g. Proposed signs and exterior lighting shall not cause unreasonable glare or hazard to traffic safety, or interference with the use or enjoyment of adjacent and nearby properties.
- h. Hours of operation of the proposed use shall be consistent with the use and enjoyment of the properties in the surrounding residential community, if any. For commercial and industrial uses adjacent to or near residential uses, the hours of operation shall not adversely affect the use and enjoyment of the residential character of the area.
- i. The height of the proposed use shall be compatible with the character of the area, and the maximum height of any habitable structure shall be not more than 35 feet higher than the highest residence within 1,000 feet of the property line.
- j. Off-street parking and loading areas, where required, shall not be created or maintained in a manner which adversely impacts or impairs the use and enjoyment of adjacent and nearby properties. For existing structures, the applicant shall provide competent, substantial evidence to demonstrate that actual or anticipated parking shall not be greater than that which is approved as part of the site plan under applicable county standards.

FACTORS TO CONSIDER FOR A REZONING REQUEST

Section 62-1151(c) sets forth factors to consider in connection with a rezoning request, as follows:

"The planning and zoning board shall recommend to the board of county commissioners the denial or approval of each application for amendment to the official zoning maps based upon a consideration of the following factors:

- (1) The character of the land use of the property surrounding the property being considered.
- (2) The change in conditions of the land use of the property being considered and the surrounding property since the establishment of the current applicable zoning classification, special use or conditional use.
- (3) The impact of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use on available and projected traffic patterns, water and sewer systems, other public facilities and utilities and the established character of the surrounding property.

- (4) The compatibility of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use with existing land use plans for the affected area.
- (5) The appropriateness of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use based upon a consideration of the applicable provisions and conditions contained in this article and other applicable laws, ordinances and regulations relating to zoning and land use regulations and based upon a consideration of the public health, safety and welfare."

These staff comments contain references to zoning classifications found in the Brevard County Zoning Regulations, Chapter 62, Article VI, Code of Ordinances of Brevard County. These references include brief summaries of some of the characteristics of that zoning classification. Reference to each zoning classification shall be deemed to incorporate the full text of the section or sections defining and regulating that classification into the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

These staff comments contain references to sections of the Code of Ordinances of Brevard County. Reference to each code section shall be deemed to incorporate this section into the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

These staff comments contain references to Policies of the Brevard County Comprehensive Plan. Reference to each Policy shall be deemed to incorporate the entire Policy into the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

These staff comments refer to previous zoning actions which are part of the Public Records of Brevard County, Florida. These records will be referred to by reference to the file number. Reference to zoning files are intended to make the entire contents of the cited file a part of the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

DEFINITIONS OF CONCURRENCY TERMS

Maximum Acceptable Volume (MAV): Maximum acceptable daily volume that a roadway can carry at the adopted Level of Service (LOS).

Current Volume: Building permit related trips added to the latest TPO (Transportation Planning Organization) traffic counts.

Volume with Development (VOL W/DEV): Equals Current Volume plus trip generation projected for the proposed development.

Volume/Maximum Acceptable Volume (VOL/MAV): Equals the ratio of current traffic volume to the maximum acceptable roadway volume.

Volume/Maximum Acceptable Volume with Development (VOL/MAV W/DEV): Ratio of volume with development to the Maximum Acceptable Volume.

Acceptable Level of Service (CURRENT LOS): The Level of Service at which a roadway is currently operating.

Level of Service with Development (LOS W/DEV): The Level of Service that a proposed development may generate on a roadway.



BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Planning and Development Department

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Building A, Room 114

Viera, Florida 32940

(321)633-2070 Phone / (321)633-2074 Fax

<https://www.brevardfl.gov/PlanningDev>

STAFF COMMENTS

20PZ00022

Michael Richard and Carina Emma Hugoboom

GU (General Use) to AU(L) (Agricultural Residential, Low-Intensity)

Tax Account Number: 2404041
Parcel I.D.: 24-35-11-01-14-10
Location: 3656 Oneida St., Cocoa (District 1)
Acreage: 1 acre

Planning and Zoning Board: 04/06/20

Board of County Commissioners: 05/07/20

Consistency with Land Use Regulations

- Current zoning can be considered under the Future Land Use Designation, Section 62-1255.
- The proposal can be considered under the Future Land Use Designation, Section 62-1255.
- The proposal would maintain acceptable Levels of Service (LOS) (XIII 1.6.C)

	CURRENT	PROPOSED
Zoning	GU	AU(L)
Potential*	One Single Family Unit	One Single Family Unit
Can be Considered under the Future Land Use Map	YES Residential 1:2.5	YES Residential 1:2.5

* Zoning potential for concurrency analysis purposes only, subject to applicable land development regulations.

Background and Purpose of Request

The applicant is seeking a change of zoning classification from General Use (GU) to Agricultural Residential Low Intensity (AU(L)) for the purpose of having a guesthouse without a kitchen for family members and temporary guests. Parcels of one acre or greater are allowed a guesthouse without a conditional use permit. AU(L) allows single-family detached residential dwellings, parks and public recreational facilities, foster homes, and agricultural pursuits of a personal non-commercial nature.

GU zoning is original to the lot adopted May 22, 1958; no previous zoning actions have been applied for. The lot is a non-conforming lot of record located in the Canaveral Groves area. The lot was recorded in ORB 1164, Page 0613 in August 1960.

The subject parcel is one acre, which makes the parcel nonconforming to the GU five-acre standard required after May 20, 1975. Pursuant to section 62-1188(8), any nonconforming lot of record may be considered for rezoning to another zoning classification consistent with the Comprehensive Plan.

Land Use

The subject property retains the Residential 1:2.5 (RES 1:2.5) Future Land Use (FLU) designation. Both GU and AU zoning classifications are consistent with the Residential 1:2.5 (RES 1:2.5) Future Land Use (FLU) designation.

FLUE Policy 1.10, The Residential 1:2.5 land use designation, which establishes the lowest density of all the residential future land use designations, permits a maximum density of up to one (1) unit per 2.5 acres, except as otherwise may be provided for within this element. Development in the Residential 1:2.5 land use designation should seek to maximize the integration of open space within the development and promote inter-connectivity with surrounding uses.

The parcel is nonconforming to the density required by the RES 1:2.5 FLU. The parcel contains 1 unit on one acre.

FLUE Policy 15.5, The following provisions for the development of non-conforming lots to allow for the reasonable use of such properties shall apply. At a minimum, the following criteria shall apply:

Criteria:

A. Non-conforming lots of record are those properties which meet the nonconforming provisions of the Brevard County Zoning Code but which are non-conforming to this Comprehensive Plan and/or Zoning regulations.

B. Non-conforming lots of record may be developed to a use permitted by Chapter 62, Article VI, Division 2, Subdivision II, "Non Conforming Uses" of the Brevard County Land Development Regulations, provided that it is also a use permitted by the Future Land Use Map of this Comprehensive Plan.

C. The Land Development Regulations should continue to include provisions for minimum lot dimensions and setbacks for non-conforming lots of record to ensure that these uses will be compatible with surrounding land uses.

D. If an existing non-conforming lot does not meet the minimum lot size established by this element, relief may be obtained in accordance with the Zoning Code of Brevard County.

The Board should evaluate the compatibility of this application within the context of Administrative Policies 3 - 5 of the Future Land Use Element.

Administrative Policy 3

~~Compatibility with existing or proposed land uses shall be a factor in determining where a rezoning or any application involving a specific proposed use is being considered. Compatibility shall be evaluated by considering the following factors, at a minimum:~~

Criteria:

- A. Whether the proposed use(s) would have hours of operation, lighting, odor, noise levels, traffic, or site activity that would significantly diminish the enjoyment of, safety or quality of life in existing neighborhoods within the area which could foresee ably be affected by the proposed use;
- B. Whether the proposed use(s) would cause a material reduction (five per cent or more) in the value of existing abutting lands or approved development.
- C. Whether the proposed use(s) is/are consistent with an emerging or existing pattern of surrounding development as determined through an analysis of: 1. historical land use patterns; 2. actual development over the immediately preceding three years; and 3. development approved within the past three years but not yet constructed.
- D. Whether the proposed use(s) would result in a material violation of relevant policies in any elements of the Comprehensive Plan.

Administrative Policy 4

Character of a neighborhood or area shall be a factor for consideration whenever a rezoning or any application involving a specific proposed use is reviewed. The character of the area must not be materially or adversely affected by the proposed rezoning or land use application. In evaluating the character of an area, the following factors shall be considered:

Criteria:

- A. The proposed use must not materially and adversely impact an established residential neighborhood by introducing types or intensity of traffic (including but not limited to volume, time of day of traffic activity, type of vehicles, etc.), parking, trip generation, commercial activity or industrial activity that is not already present within the identified boundaries of the neighborhood.
- B. In determining whether an established residential neighborhood exists, the following factors must be present:
 - 1. The area must have clearly established boundaries, such as roads, open spaces, rivers, lakes, lagoons, or similar features.
 - 2. Sporadic or occasional neighborhood commercial uses shall not preclude the existence of an existing residential neighborhood, particularly if the commercial use is non-conforming or pre-dates the surrounding residential use.
 - 3. An area shall be presumed not to be primarily residential but shall be deemed transitional where multiple commercial, industrial or other non-residential uses have been applied for and approved during the previous five (5) years.

Administrative Policy 5

In addition to the factors specified in Administrative Policies 2, 3, and 4, in reviewing a rezoning, conditional use permit or other application for development approval, the impact of the proposed use or uses on transportation facilities either serving the site or impacted by the use(s) shall be considered.

In evaluating whether substantial and adverse transportation impacts are likely to result if an application is approved, the staff shall consider the following criteria:

Criteria:

- A. Whether adopted levels of service will be compromised;
- B. Whether the physical quality of the existing road system that will serve the proposed use(s) is sufficient to support the use(s) without significant deterioration;
- C. Whether the surrounding existing road system is of sufficient width and construction quality to serve the proposed use(s) without the need for substantial public improvements;
- D. Whether the surrounding existing road system is of such width and construction quality that the proposed use(s) would realistically pose a potential for material danger to public safety in the surrounding area;
- E. Whether the proposed use(s) would be likely to result in such a material and adverse change in traffic capacity of a road or roads in the surrounding area such that either design capacities would be significantly exceeded or a de facto change in functional classification would result;
- F. Whether the proposed use(s) would cause such material and adverse changes in the types of traffic that would be generated on the surrounding road system, that physical deterioration of the surrounding road system would be likely;
- G. Whether projected traffic impacts of the proposed use(s) would materially and adversely impact the safety or welfare of residents in existing residential neighborhoods.

Environmental Constraints

- Hydric Soils
- Aquifer Recharge Soils
- Protected Species
- Heritage Specimen Trees

No noteworthy land use issues were identified. NRM reserves the right to assess consistency with environmental ordinances at all applicable future stages of development.

Preliminary Transportation Concurrency

The subject property is on the concurrency management segment of Canaveral Groves Boulevard, between Lee Street and Grissom Parkway, which has a Maximum Acceptable Volume (MAV) of 15,600 trips per day, a Level of Service (LOS) of D, and currently operates at 49.22% of capacity daily. As the parcel is currently developed with a single-family residence, the trip generation from the proposed rezoning application will not produce additional trips. The current trip generation is 10 trips per day with 1 trip during the PM peak hour and 1 trip during the AM peak hour. The corridor is anticipated to operate at the same 49.22% of capacity daily. The proposal is not anticipated to create a deficiency in LOS.

No school concurrency information has been provided as the development potential of this site falls below the minimum number of new residential lots that would require a formal review.

The subject property is connected to potable water through the City of Cocoa. The subject property is not served by sewer. County sewer is over 9,500 feet away in a SW direction on the west side of Adamson Road.

Applicable Land Use Policies

The abutting parcel to the north is a single family residence zoned both AU and GU; to the south across the street is a single family residence zoned GU; to the west is a single family residence zoned GU; to the east is a vacant parcel zoned GU. The FLU classification in the entire surrounding area is RES 1:2.5. Nearby properties are zoned AU or GU on lots slightly smaller than 2.5 acres. The surrounding area is composed of primarily one acre lots containing single family residences variously zoned GU, AU, and RR-1.

There have been two zoning actions within a half-mile of the subject property within the last six years. On May 3, 2018, application **18PZ00004** changed the zoning from GU to AU on one parcel totaling 1 acre located approximately 2,500 feet north of the subject property. On September 4, 2014, application **14PZ-00033** changed the zoning from GU to AU(L) on one parcel totaling 1.01 acres located approximately 2,900 feet east of the subject property.

The subject parcel has one acre which makes the parcel nonconforming to the GU five-acre requirement required after May 20, 1975. Pursuant to section 62-1188(8), any nonconforming lot of record may be considered for rezoning to other zoning classifications consistent with the Comprehensive Plan. If the rezoning were granted, the lot would continue to be nonconforming to today's standards as the AU(L) zoning classification's minimum lot size, is 2.5 acres. The parcel is also nonconforming to the density required by the RES 1:2.5 FLU as it currently contains 1 unit on 2.38 acres.

For Board Consideration

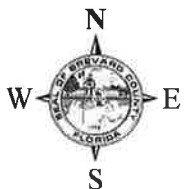
The applicant is seeking a change of zoning classification from General Use (GU) to Agricultural Residential Low Intensity (AU(L)) for the purpose of having a guesthouse without a kitchen for family members and temporary guests.

The subject parcel is 1 acre, which makes the parcel nonconforming to the GU five-acre standard required after May 20, 1975. Pursuant to section 62-1188(8), any nonconforming lot of record may be considered for rezoning to another zoning classification consistent with the Comprehensive Plan. If the rezoning were granted, the lot would continue to be nonconforming to today's standards as the AU(L) zoning classification's minimum lot size, is 2.5 acres.

The Board should consider whether AU(L) zoning is consistent with the adjacent GU and AU parcels. The Board should further consider whether the addition of a guesthouse without a kitchen fits the character of the surrounding residential area.

LOCATION MAP

HUGOBOOM, MICHAEL RICHARD ABD CARINA EMMA
20PZ00022



1:24,000 or 1 inch = 2,000 feet

Buffer Distance: 500 feet

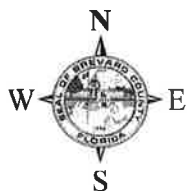
This map was compiled from recorded documents and does not reflect an actual survey. The Brevard County Board of County Commissioners does not assume responsibility for errors or omissions hereon.

Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 2/27/2020

— Buffer
■ Subject Property

ZONING MAP

HUGOBOOM, MICHAEL RICHARD ABD CARINA EMMA
20PZ00022



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

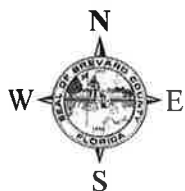
This map was compiled from recorded documents and does not reflect an actual survey. The Brevard County Board of County Commissioners does not assume responsibility for errors or omissions hereon.

Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 2/27/2020



- Subject Property
- Parcels
- Zoning

FUTURE LAND USE MAP

HUGOBOOM, MICHAEL RICHARD ABD CARINA EMMA
20PZ00022



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

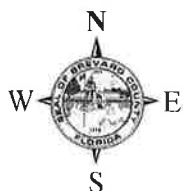
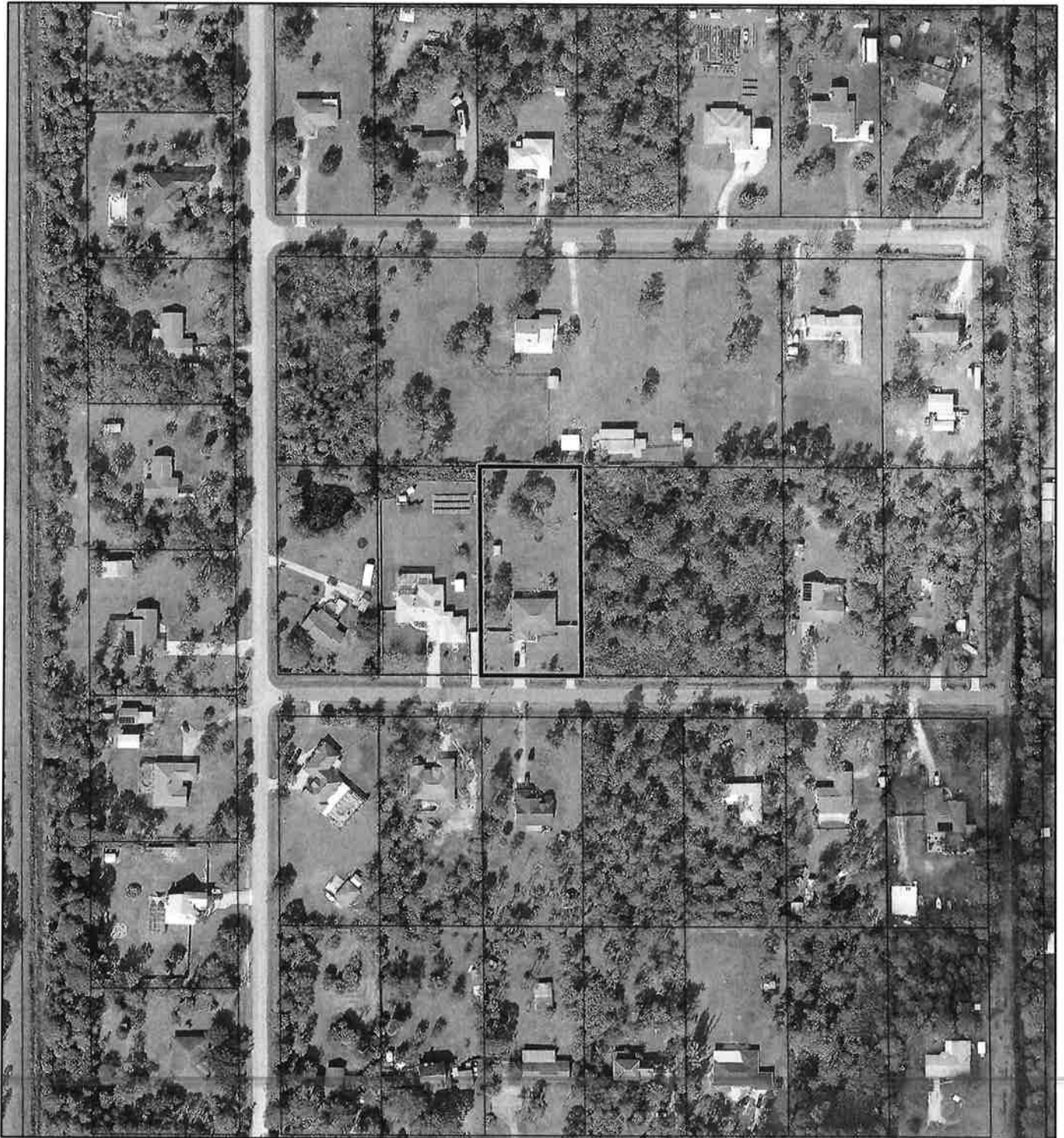
 Subject Property
 Parcels

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Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 2/27/2020

AERIAL MAP

HUGOBOOM, MICHAEL RICHARD ABD CARINA EMMA
20PZ00022




1:2,400 or 1 inch = 200 feet

PHOTO YEAR: 2019

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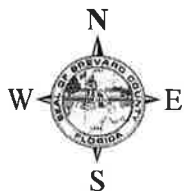
Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 2/27/2020

 Subject Property

 Parcels

NWI WETLANDS MAP

HUGOBOOM, MICHAEL RICHARD ABD CARINA EMMA
20PZ00022



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

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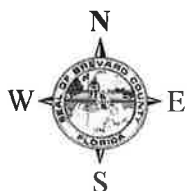
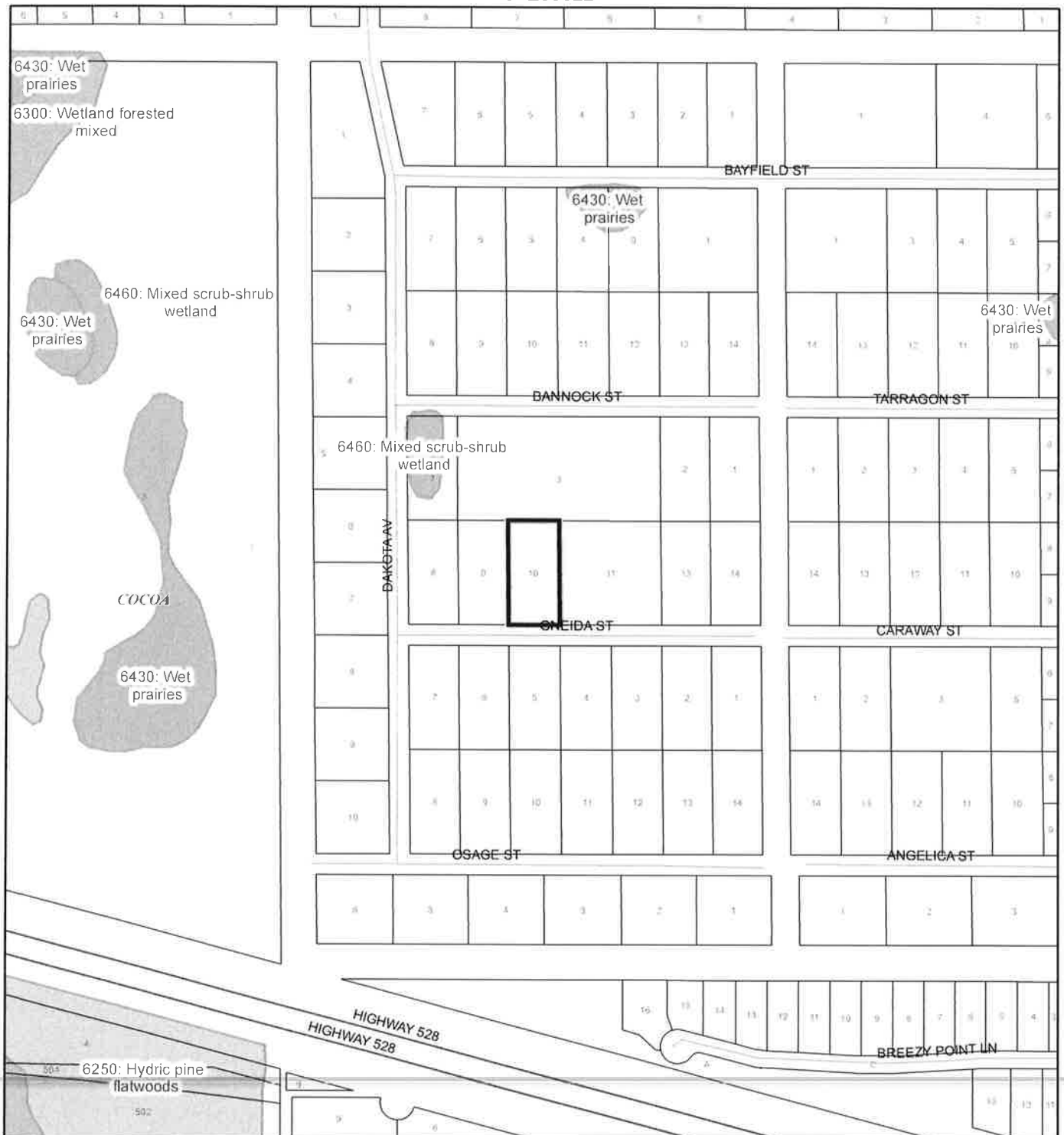
Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 2/27/2020

National Wetlands Inventory (NWI)

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| Estuarine and Marine Deepwater | Freshwater Pond |
| Estuarine and Marine Wetland | Lake |
| Freshwater Emergent Wetland | Other |
| Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland | Riverine |
| | Subject Property |
| | Parcels |

SJRWMD FLUCCS WETLANDS - 6000 Series MAP

HUGOBOOM, MICHAEL RICHARD ABD CARINA EMMA
20PZ00022



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

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Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 2/27/2020

SJRWMD FLUCCS WETLANDS

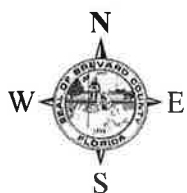
- Wetland Hardwood Forests - Series 6100
- Wetland Coniferous Forest - Series 6200
- Wetland Forested Mixed - Series 6300
- Vegetated Non-Forested Wetlands - Series 6400
- Non-Vegetated Wetland - Series 6500

Subject Property

Parcels

USDA SCSSS SOILS MAP

HUGOBOOM, MICHAEL RICHARD ABD CARINA EMMA
20PZ00022



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

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Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 2/27/2020

USDA SCSSS Soils

- Aquifer and Hydric
- Aquifer
- Hydric
- None

- Subject Property
- Parcels

FEMA FLOOD ZONES MAP

HUGOBOOM, MICHAEL RICHARD ABD CARINA EMMA
20PZ00022



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

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Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 2/27/2020

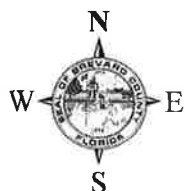
FEMA Flood Zones

- | | | |
|---|------------|----------------------|
| A | AO | X |
| AE | Open Water | X Protected By Levee |
| AH | VE | |
| 0.2 Percent Annual Chance Flood Hazard | | |
| 0.2 Percent Annual Chance Flood Hazard Contained in Channel | | |
| Subject Property | Parcels | |

COASTAL HIGH HAZARD AREA MAP

HUGOBOOM, MICHAEL RICHARD ABD CARINA EMMA

20PZ00022



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

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— Subject Property

□ Parcels

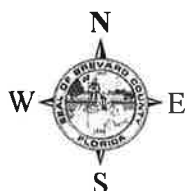
Coastal High Hazard Area

■ SurgeZoneCat1

INDIAN RIVER LAGOON SEPTIC OVERLAY MAP

HUGOBOOM, MICHAEL RICHARD ABD CARINA EMMA

20PZ00022



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

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Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 2/27/2020

— Subject Property

□ Parcels

Septic Overlay

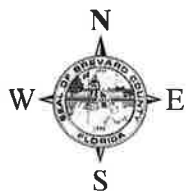
■ 40 Meters

■ 60 Meters

■ All Distances

EAGLE NESTS MAP

HUGOBOOM, MICHAEL RICHARD ABD CARINA EMMA
20PZ00022



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

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Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 2/27/2020

 Subject Property

 Parcels

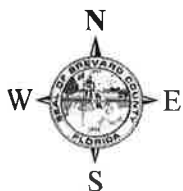


Eagle Nests
FWS 2010

SCRUB JAY OCCUPANCY MAP

HUGOBOOM, MICHAEL RICHARD ABD CARINA EMMA




20PZ00022



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

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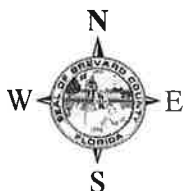
Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 2/27/2020

-  Subject Property
-  Parcels
-  Scrub Jay Occupancy

SJRWMD FLUCCS UPLAND FORESTS - 4000 Series MAP

HUGOBOOM, MICHAEL RICHARD ABD CARINA EMMA

20PZ00022



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

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Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 2/27/2020

SJRWMD FLUCCS Upland Forests

- Upland Coniferous Forest - 4100 Series
- Upland Hardwood Forest - 4200 Series
- Upland Mixed Forest - 4300 Series
- Tree Plantations - 4400 Series

Subject Property Parcels

PLANNING AND ZONING BOARD MINUTES

The Brevard County Planning & Zoning Board met in regular session on **Monday, April 6, 2020**, at **3:00 p.m.**, in the Commission Room, Building C, Brevard County Government Center, 2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way, Viera, Florida.

The meeting was called to order at 3:00 p.m.

Board members present were: Ron Bartcher; Brian Woltz; Mark Wadsworth, Chair; Bruce Moia; Peter Filiberto, Vice Chair; Joe Buchanan; and Dane Theodore.

Staff members present were: Jeffrey Ball, Planning and Zoning Manager; Jad Brewer, Assistant County Attorney; and Jennifer Jones, Special Projects Coordinator.

Excerpt of Complete Agenda

Michael Richard and Carina Emma Hugoboom

A change of zoning classification from GU (General Use) to AU(L) (Agricultural Residential, Low-Intensity). The property is 1 acre, located on the north side of Oneida Street, approximately 304 feet east of Dakota Avenue. (3656 Oneida Street, Cocoa) (20PZ00022) (Tax Account 2404041) (District 1)

Michael Hugoboom, 3656 Oneida Street, Cocoa, stated he would like to build a guesthouse and an accessory building.

Bruce Moia stated this type of request is one the board sees often and it is consistent with the area.

No public comment.

Motion by Bruce Moia, seconded by Joe Buchanan, to approve the change of zoning classification from GU to AU(L). The vote was unanimous.