



AGENDA REPORT
August 1, 2019

Daniel Bandish requests a change of zoning classification from SEU to RR-1. (19PZ00055) (District 4)

SUBJECT:

Daniel Bandish requests a change of zoning classification from SEU (Suburban Estate Use) to RR-1 (Rural Residential). The property is 3.29 acres, located approximately 350 feet north of the intersection of Clydesdale Boulevard and Percheron Boulevard. (5290 Percheron Boulevard, Melbourne) (19PZ00055) (District 4)

DEPT/OFFICE:

Planning and Development

REQUESTED ACTION:

It is requested that the Board of County Commissioner conduct a public hearing to consider a change of zoning classification from SEU to RR-1.

SUMMARY EXPLANATION and BACKGROUND:

The applicant is seeking a change of zoning classification from SEU to RR-1 for the purpose of combining this parcel with the abutting parcel to the south, building a barn, and having horses.

The subject parcel was subdivided into this configuration on June 19, 2003. As access is limited to the parcel by an access easement, the owner's intent is to combine the subject parcel with his parcel to the south.

The current SEU zoning permits suburban estate residential uses on lots of one acre with a minimum width of 125 feet and a depth of 200 feet, and a 2,000 square-foot minimum living area.

The proposed RR-1 classification permits single-family residential land uses on one-acre lots, with a minimum lot width and depth of 125 feet, and a 2,000 square-foot minimum house size. The RR-1 classification permits horses, barns, and horticulture as accessory uses to a single-family residence. The keeping of horses and agricultural pursuits are accessory to a principal residence within the RR-1 (Rural Residential) zoning classification. The applicant's abutting parcel to the south was rezoned from SEU (Suburban Estate Use) to RR-1 (Rural Residential) per zoning action 13PZ00099 on February 6, 2014.

The Board should consider whether the request is consistent and compatible with surrounding developed parcels with RR-1 and SEU zoning.

On July 8, 2019, the Planning and Zoning Board heard the request and unanimously

recommended approval.

ATTACHMENTS:

Description

- ▣ **Administrative Policies**
- ▣ **Staff Comments**
- ▣ **GIS Maps**
- ▣ **P&Z Minutes**

ADMINISTRATIVE POLICIES OF THE FUTURE LAND USE ELEMENT

Administrative Policies in the Future Land Use Element establish the expertise of staff with regard to zoning land use issues and set forth criteria when considering a rezoning action or request for Conditional Use Permit, as follows:

Administrative Policy 1

The Brevard County zoning official, planners and the director of the Planning and Development staff, however designated, are recognized as expert witnesses for the purposes of Comprehensive Plan amendments as well as zoning, conditional use, special exception, and variance applications.

Administrative Policy 2

Upon Board request, members of the Brevard County Planning and Development staff shall be required to present written analysis and a recommendation, which shall constitute an expert opinion, on all applications for development approval that come before the Board of County Commissioners for quasi-judicial review and action. The Board may table an item if additional time is required to obtain the analysis requested or to hire an expert witness if the Board deems such action appropriate. Staff input may include the following:

Criteria:

- A. Staff shall analyze an application for consistency or compliance with comprehensive plan policies, zoning approval criteria and other applicable written standards.
- B. Staff shall conduct site visits of property which are the subject of analysis and recommendation. As part of the site visit, the staff shall take a videotape or photographs where helpful to the analysis and conduct an inventory of surrounding existing uses. Aerial photographs shall also be used where they would aid in an understanding of the issues of the case.
- C. In cases where staff analysis is required, both the applicant and the staff shall present proposed findings of fact for consideration by the Board.
- D. For re-zoning applications where a specific use has not been proposed, the worst case adverse impacts of potential uses available under the applicable land use classification shall be evaluated by the staff.

Administrative Policy 3

Compatibility with existing or proposed land uses shall be a factor in determining where a rezoning or any application involving a specific proposed use is being considered. Compatibility shall be evaluated by considering the following factors, at a minimum:

Criteria:

- A. Whether the proposed use(s) would have hours of operation, lighting, odor, noise levels, traffic, or site activity that would significantly diminish the enjoyment of, safety or quality of life in existing neighborhoods within the area which could foreseeably be affected by the proposed use.
- B. Whether the proposed use(s) would cause a material reduction (five percent or more) in the value of existing abutting lands or approved development.
- C. Whether the proposed use(s) is/are consistent with an emerging or existing pattern of surrounding development as determined through analysis of:

1. historical land use patterns;
 2. actual development over the immediately preceding three years; and
 3. development approved within the past three years but not yet constructed.
- D. Whether the proposed use(s) would result in a material violation of relevant policies in any elements of the Comprehensive Plan.

Administrative Policy 4

Character of a neighborhood or area shall be a factor for consideration whenever a rezoning or any application involving a specific proposed use is reviewed. The character of the area must not be materially or adversely affected by the proposed rezoning or land use application. In evaluating the character of an area, the following factors shall be considered:

Criteria:

- A. The proposed use must not materially and adversely impact an established residential neighborhood by introducing types of intensity of traffic (including but not limited to volume, time of day of traffic activity, type of vehicles, et cetera), parking, trip generation, commercial activity or industrial activity that is not already present within the identified boundaries of the neighborhood.
- B. In determining whether an established residential neighborhood exists, the following factors must be present:
 1. The area must have clearly established boundaries, such as roads, open spaces, rivers, lakes, lagoons, or similar features.
 2. Sporadic or occasional neighborhood commercial uses shall not preclude the existence of an existing residential neighborhood, particularly if the commercial use is non-conforming or pre-dates the surrounding residential use.
 3. An area shall be presumed not to be primarily residential but shall be deemed transitional where multiple commercial, industrial or other non-residential uses have been applied for and approved during the previous five (5) years.

Administrative Policy 5

In addition to the factors specified in Administrative Policies 2, 3, and 4, in reviewing a rezoning, conditional use permit or other application for development approval, the impact of the proposed use or uses on transportation facilities either serving the site or impacted by the use(s) shall be considered. In evaluating whether substantial and adverse transportation impacts are likely to result if an application is approved, the staff shall consider the following criteria:

Criteria:

- A. Whether adopted levels of services will be compromised;
- B. Whether the physical quality of the existing road system that will serve the proposed use(s) is sufficient to support the use(s) without significant deterioration;

- C. Whether the surrounding existing road system is of sufficient width and construction quality to serve the proposed use(s) without the need for substantial public improvements;
- D. Whether the surrounding existing road system is of such width and construction quality that the proposed use(s) would realistically pose a potential for material danger to public safety in the surrounding area;
- E. Whether the proposed use(s) would be likely to result in such a material and adverse change in traffic capacity of a road or roads in the surrounding area such that either design capacities would be significantly exceeded or a de facto change in functional classification would result;
- F. Whether the proposed use(s) would cause such material and adverse changes in the types of traffic that would be generated on the surrounding road system, that physical deterioration of the surrounding road system would be likely;
- G. Whether projected traffic impacts of the proposed use(s) would materially and adversely impact the safety or welfare of residents in existing residential neighborhoods.

Administrative Policy 6

The use(s) proposed under the rezoning, conditional use or other application for development approval must be consistent with, (a), all written land development policies set forth in these administrative policies; and (b), the future land use element, coastal management element, conservation element, potable water element, sanitary sewer element, solid waste management element, capital improvements element, recreation and open space element, surface water element, and transportation elements of the comprehensive plan.

Administrative Policy 7

Proposed use(s) shall not cause or substantially aggravate any, (a), substantial drainage problem on surrounding properties; or (b), significant, adverse and unmitigatable impact on significant natural wetlands, water bodies or habitat for listed species.

Administrative Policy 8

These policies, the staff analysis based upon these policies, and the applicant's written analysis, if any, shall be incorporated into the record of every quasi-judicial review application for development approval presented to the Board including rezoning, conditional use permits, and vested rights determinations.

Section 62-1151(c) of the Code of Ordinances of Brevard County directs, "The planning and zoning board shall recommend to the board of county commissioners the denial or approval of each application for amendment to the official zoning maps based upon a consideration of the following factors:

- (1) The character of the land use of the property surrounding the property being considered.
- (2) The change in conditions of the land use of the property being considered and the surrounding property since the establishment of the current applicable zoning classification, special use or conditional use.

- (3) The impact of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use on available and projected traffic patterns, water and sewer systems, other public facilities and utilities and the established character of the surrounding property.
- (4) The compatibility of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use with existing land use plans for the affected area.
- (5) The appropriateness of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use based upon a consideration of the applicable provisions and conditions contained in this article and other applicable laws, ordinances and regulations relating to zoning and land use regulations and based upon a consideration of the public health, safety and welfare.

The minutes of the planning and zoning board shall specify the reasons for the recommendation of approval or denial of each application.”

CONDITIONAL USE PERMITS (CUPs)

In addition to the specific requirements for each Conditional Use Permit (CUP), Section 62-1901 provides that the following approval procedure and general standards of review are to be applied to all CUP requests, as applicable.

- (b) Approval procedure. An application for a specific conditional use within the applicable zoning classification shall be submitted and considered in the same manner and according to the same procedure as an amendment to the official zoning map as specified in Section 62-1151. The approval of a conditional use shall authorize an additional use for the affected parcel of real property in addition to those permitted in the applicable zoning classification. The initial burden is on the applicant to demonstrate that all applicable standards and criteria are met. Applications which do not satisfy this burden cannot be approved. If the applicant meets its initial burden, then the Board has the burden to show, by substantial and competent evidence, that the applicant has failed to meet such standards and the request is adverse to the public interest. As part of the approval of the conditional use permit, the Board may prescribe appropriate and reasonable conditions and safeguards to reduce the impact of the proposed use on adjacent and nearby properties or the neighborhood. A nearby property, for the purpose of this section, is defined as any property which, because of the character of the proposed use, lies within the area which may be substantially and adversely impacted by such use. In stating grounds in support of an application for a conditional use permit, it is necessary to show how the request fulfills both the general and specific standards for review. The applicant must show the effect the granting of the conditional use permit will have on adjacent and nearby properties, including, but not limited to traffic and pedestrian flow and safety, curb-cuts, off-street loading and parking, off-street pickup of passengers, odors, glare and noise, particulates, smoke, fumes, and other emissions, refuse and service areas, drainage, screening and buffering for protection of adjacent and nearby properties, and open space and economic impact on nearby properties. The applicant, at his discretion, may choose to present expert testimony where necessary to show the effect of granting the conditional use permit.
- (c) General Standards of Review.
 - (1) The planning and zoning board (and the board of county commissioners shall base the denial or approval of each application for a conditional use based upon

a consideration of the factors specified in Section 62-1151(c) plus a determination whether an application meets the intent of this section.

- a. The proposed conditional use will not result in a substantial and adverse impact on adjacent and nearby properties due to: (1), the number of persons anticipated to be using, residing or working under the conditional use; (2), noise, odor, particulates, smoke, fumes and other emissions, or other nuisance activities generated by the conditional use; or (3), the increase of traffic within the vicinity caused by the proposed conditional use.
 - b. The proposed use will be compatible with the character of adjacent and nearby properties with regard to use, function, operation, hours of operation, type and amount of traffic generated, building size and setback, and parking availability.
 - c. The proposed use will not cause a substantial diminution in value of abutting residential property. A substantial diminution shall be irrebuttably presumed to have occurred if abutting property suffers a 15% reduction in value as a result of the proposed conditional use. A reduction of 10% of the value of abutting property shall create a rebuttable presumption that a substantial diminution has occurred. The Board of County Commissioners carries the burden to show, as evidenced by either testimony from or an appraisal conducted by an M A I certified appraiser, that a substantial diminution in value would occur. The applicant may rebut the findings with his own expert witnesses.
- (2) The following specific standards shall be considered, when applicable, in making a determination that the general standards specified in subsection (1) of this section are satisfied:
- a. Ingress and egress to the property and proposed structures thereon, with particular reference to automotive and pedestrian safety and convenience, traffic flow and control, and access in case of fire and catastrophe, shall be: (1), adequate to serve the proposed use without burdening adjacent and nearby uses, and (2), built to applicable county standards, if any. Burdening adjacent and nearby uses means increasing existing traffic on the closest collector or arterial road by more than 20%, or 10% if the new traffic is primarily comprised of heavy vehicles, except where the affected road is at Level of Service A or B. New traffic generated by the proposed use shall not cause the adopted level of service for transportation on applicable roadways, as determined by applicable Brevard County standards, to be exceeded. Where the design of a public road to be used by the proposed use is physically inadequate to handle the numbers, types or weights of vehicles expected to be generated by the proposed use without damage to the road, the conditional use permit cannot be approved without a commitment to improve the road to a standard adequate to handle the proposed traffic, or to maintain the road through a maintenance bond or other means as required by the Board of County Commissioners.
 - b. The noise, glare, odor, particulates, smoke, fumes or other emissions from the conditional use shall not substantially interfere with the use or enjoyment of the adjacent and nearby property.
 - c. Noise levels for a conditional use are governed by Section 62-2271.

- d. The proposed conditional use shall not cause the adopted level of service for solid waste disposal applicable to the property or area covered by such level of service, to be exceeded.
- e. The proposed conditional use shall not cause the adopted level of service for potable water or wastewater applicable to the property or the area covered by such level of service, to be exceeded by the proposed use.
- f. The proposed conditional use must have existing or proposed screening or buffering, with reference to type, dimensions and character to eliminate or reduce substantial, adverse nuisance, sight, or noise impacts on adjacent and nearby properties containing less intensive uses.
- g. Proposed signs and exterior lighting shall not cause unreasonable glare or hazard to traffic safety, or interference with the use or enjoyment of adjacent and nearby properties.
- h. Hours of operation of the proposed use shall be consistent with the use and enjoyment of the properties in the surrounding residential community, if any. For commercial and industrial uses adjacent to or near residential uses, the hours of operation shall not adversely affect the use and enjoyment of the residential character of the area.
- i. The height of the proposed use shall be compatible with the character of the area, and the maximum height of any habitable structure shall be not more than 35 feet higher than the highest residence within 1,000 feet of the property line.
- j. Off-street parking and loading areas, where required, shall not be created or maintained in a manner which adversely impacts or impairs the use and enjoyment of adjacent and nearby properties. For existing structures, the applicant shall provide competent, substantial evidence to demonstrate that actual or anticipated parking shall not be greater than that which is approved as part of the site plan under applicable county standards.

FACTORS TO CONSIDER FOR A REZONING REQUEST

Section 62-1151(c) sets forth factors to consider in connection with a rezoning request, as follows:

“The planning and zoning board shall recommend to the board of county commissioners the denial or approval of each application for amendment to the official zoning maps based upon a consideration of the following factors:

- (1) The character of the land use of the property surrounding the property being considered.
- (2) The change in conditions of the land use of the property being considered and the surrounding property since the establishment of the current applicable zoning classification, special use or conditional use.
- (3) The impact of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use on available and projected traffic patterns, water and sewer systems, other public facilities and utilities and the established character of the surrounding property.

- (4) The compatibility of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use with existing land use plans for the affected area.
- (5) The appropriateness of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use based upon a consideration of the applicable provisions and conditions contained in this article and other applicable laws, ordinances and regulations relating to zoning and land use regulations and based upon a consideration of the public health, safety and welfare."

These staff comments contain references to zoning classifications found in the Brevard County Zoning Regulations, Chapter 62, Article VI, Code of Ordinances of Brevard County. These references include brief summaries of some of the characteristics of that zoning classification. Reference to each zoning classification shall be deemed to incorporate the full text of the section or sections defining and regulating that classification into the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

These staff comments contain references to sections of the Code of Ordinances of Brevard County. Reference to each code section shall be deemed to incorporate this section into the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

These staff comments contain references to Policies of the Brevard County Comprehensive Plan. Reference to each Policy shall be deemed to incorporate the entire Policy into the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

These staff comments refer to previous zoning actions which are part of the Public Records of Brevard County, Florida. These records will be referred to by reference to the file number. Reference to zoning files are intended to make the entire contents of the cited file a part of the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

DEFINITIONS OF CONCURRENCY TERMS

Maximum Acceptable Volume (MAV): Maximum acceptable daily volume that a roadway can carry at the adopted Level of Service (LOS).

Current Volume: Building permit related trips added to the latest TPO (Transportation Planning Organization) traffic counts.

Volume with Development (VOL W/DEV): Equals Current Volume plus trip generation projected for the proposed development.

Volume/Maximum Acceptable Volume (VOL/MAV): Equals the ratio of current traffic volume to the maximum acceptable roadway volume.

Volume/Maximum Acceptable Volume with Development (VOL/MAV W/DEV): Ratio of volume with development to the Maximum Acceptable Volume.

Acceptable Level of Service (CURRENT LOS): The Level of Service at which a roadway is currently operating.

Level of Service with Development (LOS W/DEV): The Level of Service that a proposed development may generate on a roadway.

Resolution 19PZ00055

On motion by Commissioner Smith, seconded by Commissioner Lober, the following resolution was adopted by a unanimous vote:

WHEREAS, Daniel Bandish has requested a change of zoning classification from SEU (Suburban Estate Use) to RR-1 (Rural Residential), on property described as Tax Parcel 270, as recorded in Official Records Book 8262, Page 297, of the Public Records of Brevard County, Florida. **Section 10, Township 27, Range 36.** (3.29 acres) Located approximately 350 feet north of the intersection of Clydesdale Boulevard and Percheron Boulevard. (5290 Percheron Boulevard, Melbourne); and

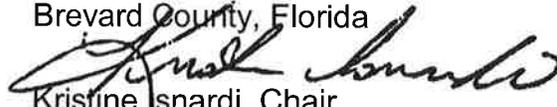
WHEREAS, a public hearing of the Brevard County Planning and Zoning Board was advertised and held, as required by law, and after hearing all interested parties and considering the adjacent areas, the Brevard County Planning and Zoning Board recommended that the application be approved; and

WHEREAS, the Board, after considering said application and Brevard County Planning and Zoning Board's recommendation, and hearing all interested parties, and after due and proper consideration having been given to the matter, find that the application should be approved; now therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of County Commissioners of Brevard County, Florida, that the requested change of zoning classification from SEU to RR-1 be approved. The Planning and Development Director, or designee, is hereby directed to make this change on the official zoning maps of Brevard County, Florida.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this resolution shall become effective as of August 1, 2019.

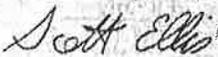
BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
Brevard County, Florida



Kristine Snardi, Chair
Brevard County Commission

As approved by the Board on August 1, 2019.

ATTEST:



SCOTT ELLIS, CLERK

(SEAL)

Planning and Zoning Board Hearing – July 8, 2019

Please note: A Conditional Use Permit will generally expire on the three year anniversary of its approval if the use is not established prior to that date. Conditional Use Permits for Towers and Antennas shall expire if a site plan for the tower is not submitted within one year of approval or if construction does not commence within two years of approval. A Planned Unit Development Preliminary Development Plan expires if a final development plan is not filed within three years. **The granting of this zoning does not guarantee physical development of the property. At the time of development, said development must be in accordance with the criteria of the Brevard County Comprehensive Plan and other applicable laws and ordinances.**



BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Planning and Development Department

2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way
 Building A, Room 114
 Viera, Florida 32940
 (321)633-2070 Phone / (321)633-2074 Fax
<https://www.brevardfl.gov/PlanningDev>

STAFF COMMENTS

19PZ00055

Daniel Bandish

SEU (Suburban Estate Use) to RR-1 (Rural Residential)

Tax Account Number: 2700824
 Parcel I.D.: 27-36-10-00-270
 Location: 5290 Percheron Boulevard (District 4)
 Acreage: 3.29 acres

Planning and Zoning Board: 07/08/19
 Board of County Commissioners: 08/01/19

Consistency with Land Use Regulations

- Current zoning can be considered under the Future Land Use Designation, Section 62-1255.
- The proposal can be considered under the Future Land Use Designation, Section 62-1255.
- The proposal would maintain acceptable Levels of Service (LOS) (XIII 1.6.C)

	CURRENT	PROPOSED
Zoning	SEU	RR-1
Potential*	One Single-Family Unit**	One Single-Family Unit**
Can be Considered under the Future Land Use Map	Yes, Residential 2	Yes, Residential 2

* Zoning potential for concurrency analysis purposes only, subject to applicable land development regulations. Parcel cannot be subdivided to create more lots with access by easements, per Section 62-102(a).

Background and Purpose of Request

The applicant is seeking a change of zoning classification from SEU (Suburban Estate Use) to RR-1 (Rural Residential) for the purpose of combining this parcel with the abutting parcel to the south, building a barn, and having horses. Barns are permitted in RR-1 and are exempt from size limitations but must meet the minimum required setbacks, pursuant to Section 62-2100.5(1)(g).

The current SEU zoning permits suburban estate residential uses on lots of one acre with a minimum width of 125 feet and a depth of 200 feet, and a 2,000 square-foot minimum house size.

The proposed RR-1 zoning classification permits single-family residential land uses on one acre lots, with a minimum lot width and depth of 125 feet, and a 1,200 square-foot minimum house size. The RR-1 (Rural Residential) classification permits horses, barns, and horticulture as accessory uses to a single-family residence. The keeping of horses and agricultural pursuits are accessory to a principal residence with the RR-1 zoning classification.

The subject parcel was subdivided into this configuration on June 19, 2003. The parcel does not abut a County-maintained road and requires access easement approval, per Section 62-102(a), to be eligible for a building permit. As access is limited to the parcel by an approved access easement, the current owner's intent is to rezone the parcel to RR-1 (Rural Residential) and combine the subject parcel with his parcel to the south that had been previously zoned RR-1. The applicant's abutting parcel to the south was rezoned from SEU (Suburban Estate Use) to RR-1 per zoning action 13PZ-00099 on February 6, 2014.

Land Use Compatibility

The subject property retains the RES 2 (Residential 2) FLU (Future Land Use) designation. Both SEU and RR-1 are consistent with the RES 2 FLU designation.

Future Land Use Element Policy 1.8 addresses the RES 2 FLU designation which permits lower density residential development with a maximum density of up to 2 units per acre, except as otherwise may be provided for within the Future Land Use Element.

The Board should evaluate the compatibility of this application within the context of Administrative Policies 2 – 8 of the Future Land Use Element, outlined in the Administrative Policies.

Environmental Constraints

No notable natural resource land use issues were identified. The Natural Resources Management Department reserves the right to assess consistency with environmental ordinances at all applicable future stages of development.

Please refer to comments provided by the Natural Resources Management Department for additional information.

Preliminary Transportation Concurrency

The subject property is closest to the concurrency management segment of Lake Washington Road, between the west end of Lake Washington Road and Harlock Road, which has a Maximum Acceptable Volume (MAV) of 17,700 trips per day, a Level of Service (LOS) of C, and currently operates at 29.72% of capacity daily. The maximum development potential from the proposed rezoning does not increase the proposed trip generation and could result in 10 trips per day and 1 trip during the PM peak hour. These additional trips are not projected to increase trip generation on the corridor and operating at 29.72% of capacity daily and would not create a deficiency of LOS.

Applicable Land Use Policies

The applicant is seeking a change of zoning classification on the property from SEU (Suburban Estate Use) to RR-1 (Rural Residential) for the purpose of combining this parcel with his abutting parcel to the south, building a barn, and having horses. The SEU zoning permits suburban estate residential uses on lots of one acre with a minimum width of 125 feet, a depth of 200 feet, and a 2,000 square-foot minimum living area. The RR-1 zoning permits single-family residential land uses on one-acre lots, with a minimum lot width and depth of 125 feet, and a 1,200 square-foot minimum house size. The RR-1 classification permits horses, barns, and horticulture as accessory uses to a single-family residence. The keeping of horses and agricultural pursuits are accessory to a principal residence within the RR-1 (Rural Residential) zoning classification.

The abutting two parcels to the north are zoned RR-1 and each parcel is developed with a single-family home. The abutting parcel to the east is a 25-foot wide drainage right-of-way per Plat of Lakewood Estates and has the RR-1 zoning classification. The abutting parcel to the south is zoned RR-1 which is owned by the applicant and developed with a single-family residence along with accessory barns. The abutting parcel to the west is zoned SEU (Suburban Estate Use) and is developed with a single-family home.

The half-mile radius around this site has had one zoning change within the last seven years:

On February 6, 2014, 13PZ00099 changed the zoning from SEU to RR-1. This rezoning was on 3.48 acres abutting the subject parcel to the south located on the intersection of Percheron Boulevard and Clydesdale Boulevard. This rezoning application was done by the owner of the subject parcel.

For Board Consideration

The applicant is seeking a change of zoning classification from SEU to RR-1 for the purpose of combining this parcel with the abutting parcel to the south, building a barn, and having horses.

The subject parcel was subdivided into this configuration on June 19, 2003. As access is limited to the parcel by an approved access easement, the owner's intent is to combine the subject parcel with his parcel to the south.

The current SEU zoning permits suburban estate residential uses on lots of one acre with a minimum width of 125 feet and a depth of 200 feet, and a 2,000 square-foot minimum living area.

The proposed RR-1 classification permits single-family residential land uses on one-acre lots, with a minimum lot width and depth of 125 feet, and a 2,000 square-foot minimum house size. The RR-1 classification permits horses, barns, and horticulture as accessory uses to a single-family residence. The keeping of horses and agricultural pursuits are accessory to a principal residence within the RR-1 (Rural Residential) zoning classification. The applicant's abutting parcel to the south was rezoned from SEU (Suburban Estate Use) to RR-1 (Rural Residential) per zoning action 13PZ00099 on February 6, 2014.

The Board should consider whether the request is consistent and compatible with surrounding developed parcels with RR-1 and SEU zoning.

Natural Resources Management Department Zoning Review and Summary

This is a preliminary review based on best available data maps reviewed by the Natural Resources Management Department (NRM) and does not include a site inspection to verify the accuracy of the mapped information.

In that the rezoning process is not the appropriate venue for site plan review, specific site designs submitted with the zoning request will be deemed conceptual. Board comments relative to specific site design do not provide vested rights or waivers from Federal, State, or County regulations.

If the owner/applicant has any questions regarding any potential limitations, she/he is encouraged to contact Natural Resources Management (NRM) at 321-633-2016 prior to any land clearing activities, plan, or permit submittal. NRM reserves the right to assess consistency with environmental ordinances at all applicable future stages of development.

This review does not guarantee whether or not the proposed use, specific site design, or development of the property can be permitted under current Federal, State, or County Regulations.

Substantial Natural Resources Land Use Issues

None identified.

Summary of Mapped Natural Resources Present on the Subject Property

Hydric Soils
Upland Coniferous Forest

Land Use Comments

Hydric Soils

The subject parcel contains a small area of mapped Myakka sand – depressional as shown on the USDA (United States Department of Agriculture) Soil Conservation Service Soils Survey map; an indicator that hydric soils and wetlands may be present on the property. Per Section 62-3694(c)(2), residential land uses within wetlands shall be limited to not more than one (1) dwelling unit per five (5) acres unless strict application of this policy would render a legally established parcel as of September 9, 1988, which is less than five (5) acres, as unbuildable. The preceding limitation of one dwelling unit per five (5) acres within wetlands may be applied as a maximum percentage limiting wetland impacts as described in Section 62-3694(c)(1)a above. Application of the one-unit per-five-acres limitation shall limit impacts to wetlands for single-family residential development on a cumulative basis, to not more than 1.8% of the total property as defined in Section 62-3694(C)(6). A wetland determination/delineation may be necessary prior to land clearing activities, plan, or permit submittal. Any permitted wetland impacts must meet the requirements of Sections 62-3694(e) and 62-3696. Accessory structures, including barns, are not permitted in wetlands.

Landscape Requirements

The entire parcel is located within a mapped polygon of Saint Johns River Water Management District (SJRWMD) Florida Land Use and Cover Classification System (FLUCCS) code 4100, Upland Coniferous Forest. Per Section 62-4339, Canopy and Tree Preservation Performance Standards apply. Heritage Specimen Trees (greater than or equal to 24 inches in diameter) and protected trees (greater than or equal to 10 inches in diameter) may reside in the area. Per Brevard County Landscaping, Land Clearing and Tree Protection ordinance, Section 62-4341(18), Specimen Trees shall be preserved or relocated on the site to the Greatest Extent Feasible. Per Section 62-4332, Definitions, Greatest Extent Feasible shall include, but not be limited to, relocation of roads, buildings, ponds, increasing building height to reduce building footprint or reducing Vehicular Use Areas. The applicant is advised to refer to Article XIII, Division 2, entitled Land Clearing, Landscaping, and Tree Protection, for specific requirements for preservation and canopy coverage requirements. Land clearing is not permitted without prior authorization by NRM (Natural Resources Management).

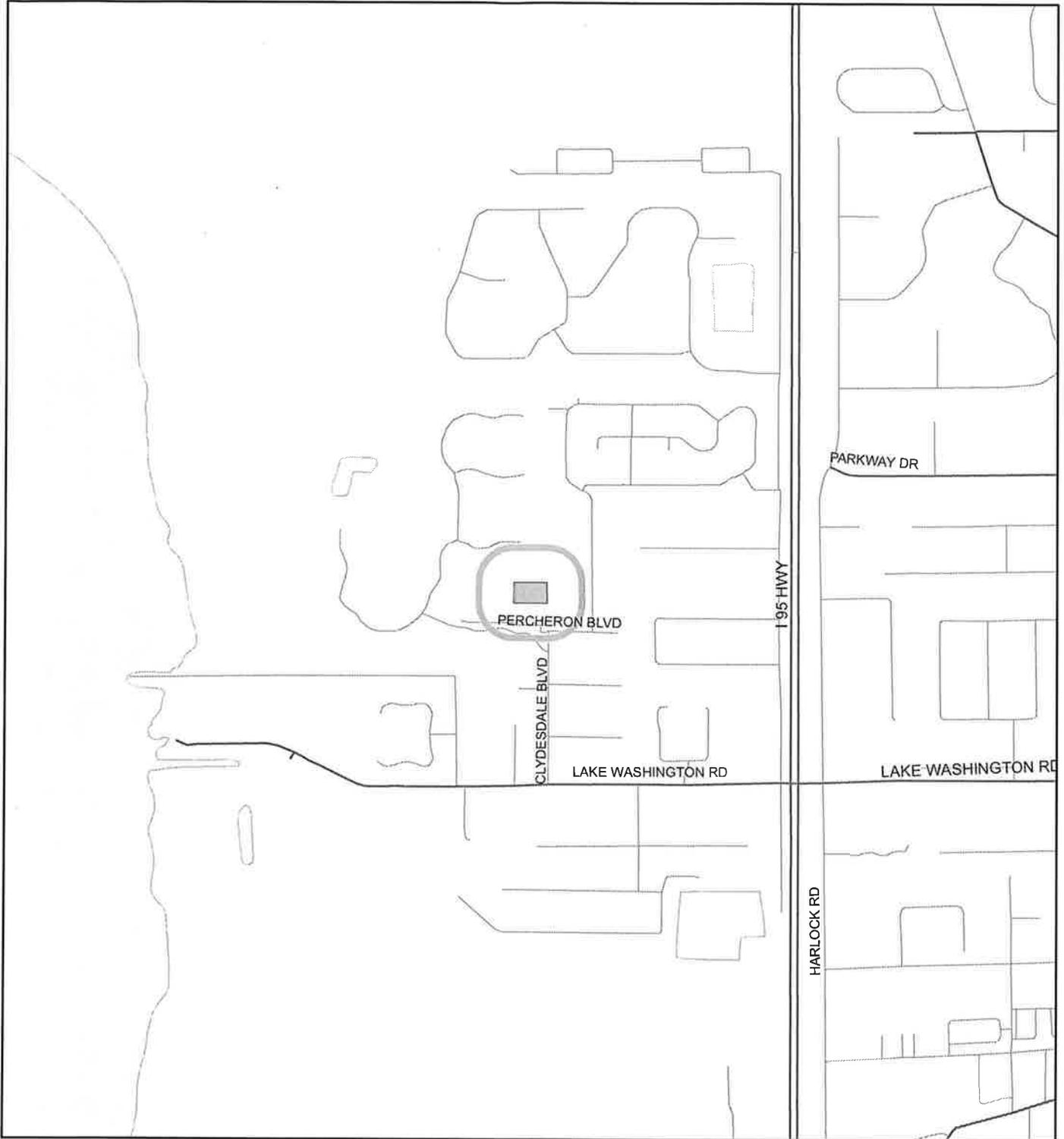
Protected Species

Information available to NRM indicates that federally and/or state protected species may be present on the property. Prior to any plan, permit submittal, or development activity, including land clearing, the applicant should obtain any necessary permits or clearance letters from the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and/or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, as applicable.

LOCATION MAP

BANDISH, DANIEL

19PZ00055



1:24,000 or 1 inch = 2,000 feet

Buffer Distance: 500 feet

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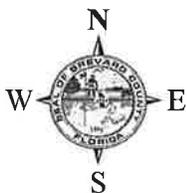
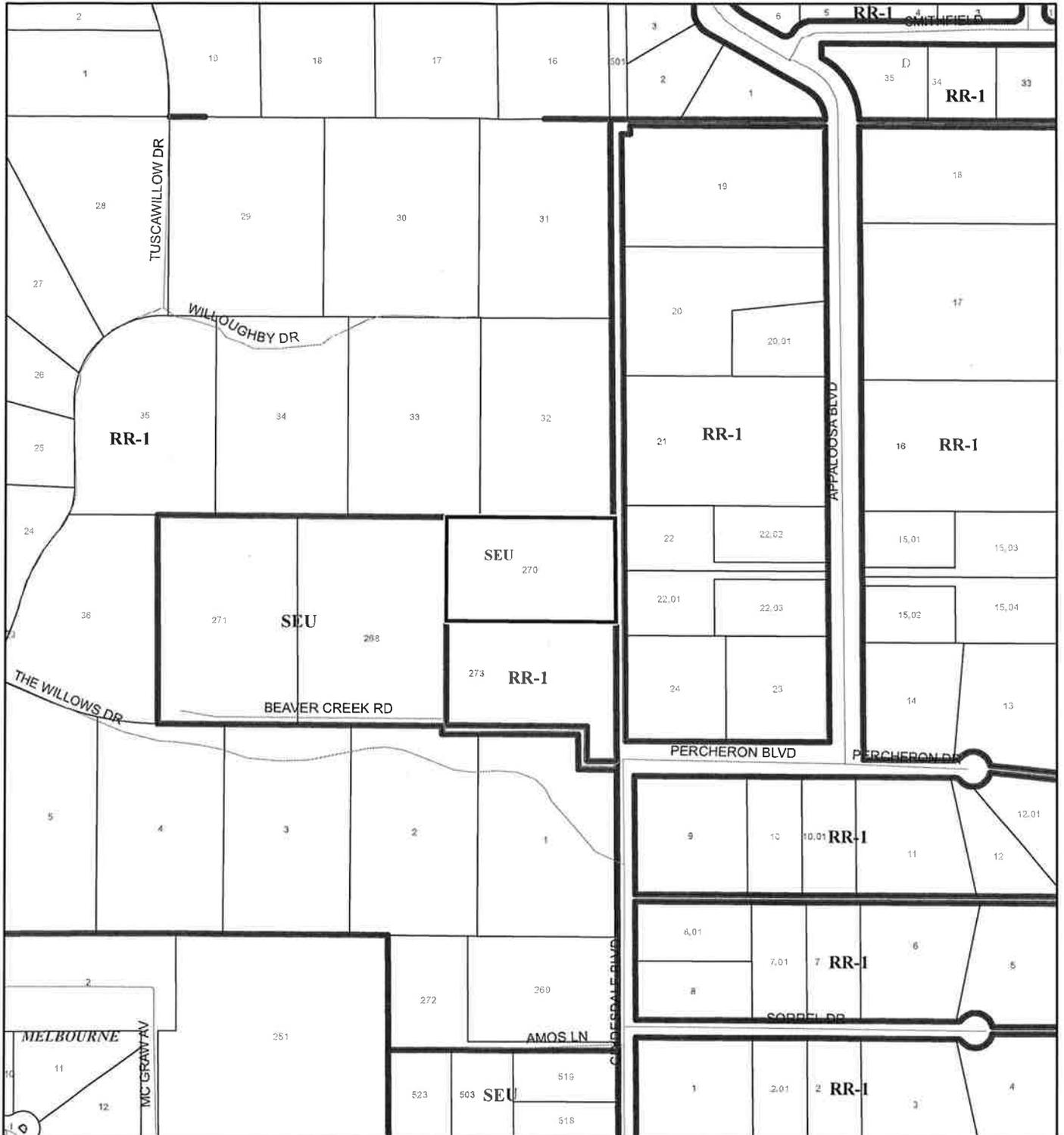
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-  Buffer
-  Subject Property

ZONING MAP

BANDISH, DANIEL

19PZ00055



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

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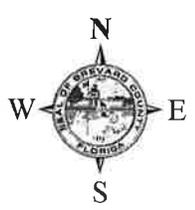
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-  Subject Property
-  Parcels
-  Zoning

FUTURE LAND USE MAP

BANDISH, DANIEL

19PZ00055



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

— Subject Property
 □ Parcels

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AERIAL MAP

BANDISH, DANIEL

19PZ00055



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

PHOTO YEAR: 2018

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 Subject Property

 Parcels

NWI WETLANDS MAP

BANDISH, DANIEL

19PZ00055

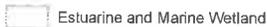


1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

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National Wetlands Inventory (NWI)

- | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|------------------|
|  | Estuarine and Marine Deepwater |  | Freshwater Pond |
|  | Estuarine and Marine Wetland |  | Lake |
|  | Freshwater Emergent Wetland |  | Other |
|  | Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland |  | Riverine |
| | |  | Subject Property |
| | |  | Parcels |

SJRWMD FLUCCS WETLANDS - 6000 Series MAP

BANDISH, DANIEL

19PZ00055



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

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SJRWMD FLUCCS WETLANDS

-  Wetland Hardwood Forests - Series 6100
-  Wetland Coniferous Forest - Series 6200
-  Wetland Forested Mixed - Series 6300
-  Vegetated Non-Forested Wetlands - Series 6400
-  Non-Vegetated Wetland - Series 6500

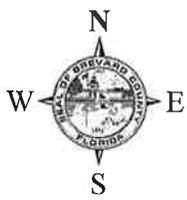
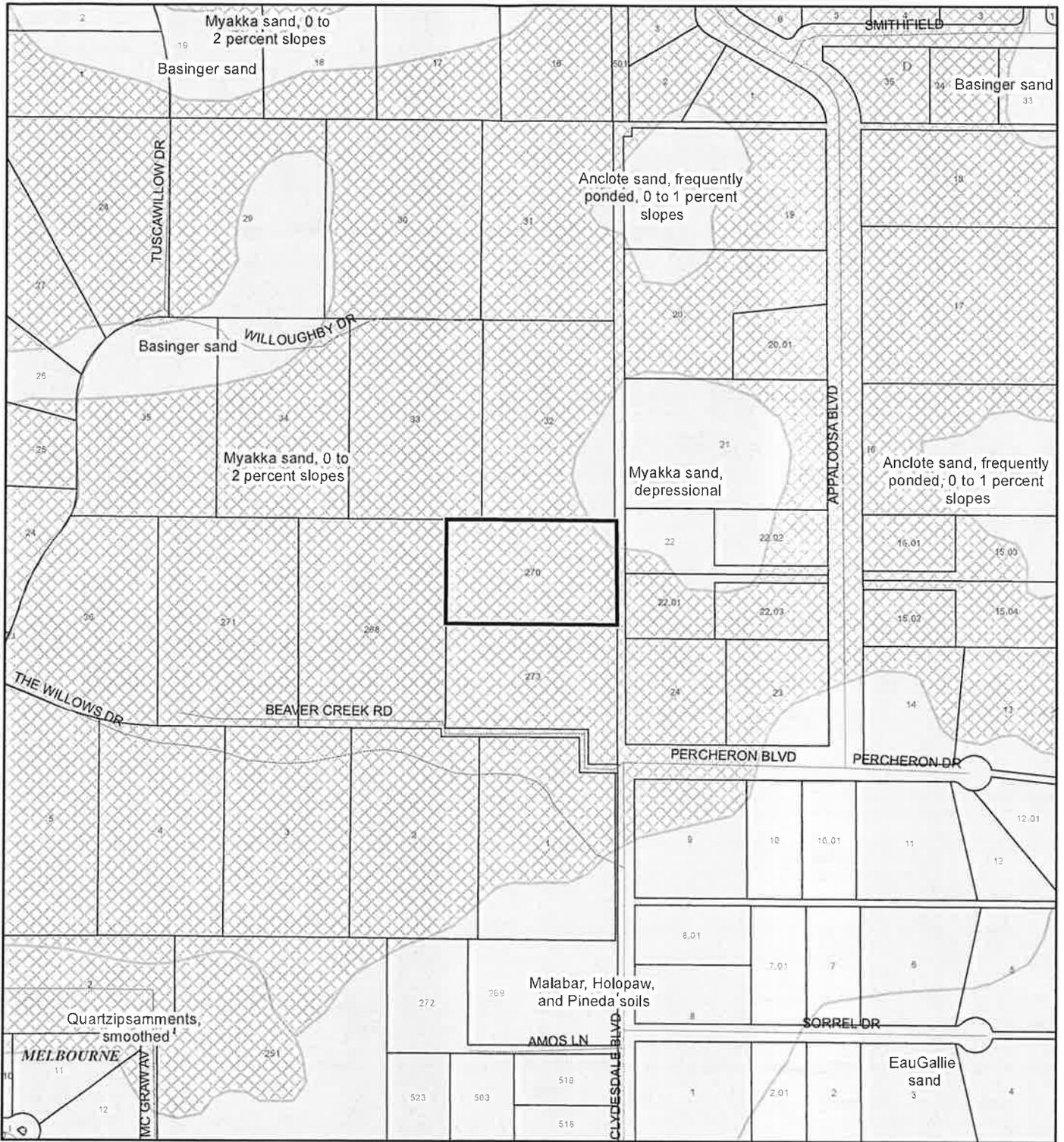
 Subject Property

 Parcels

USDA SCSSS SOILS MAP

BANDISH, DANIEL

19PZ0055



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

USDA SCSSS Soils

-  Aquifer and Hydric
-  Aquifer
-  Hydric
-  None
-  Subject Property
-  Parcels

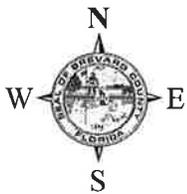
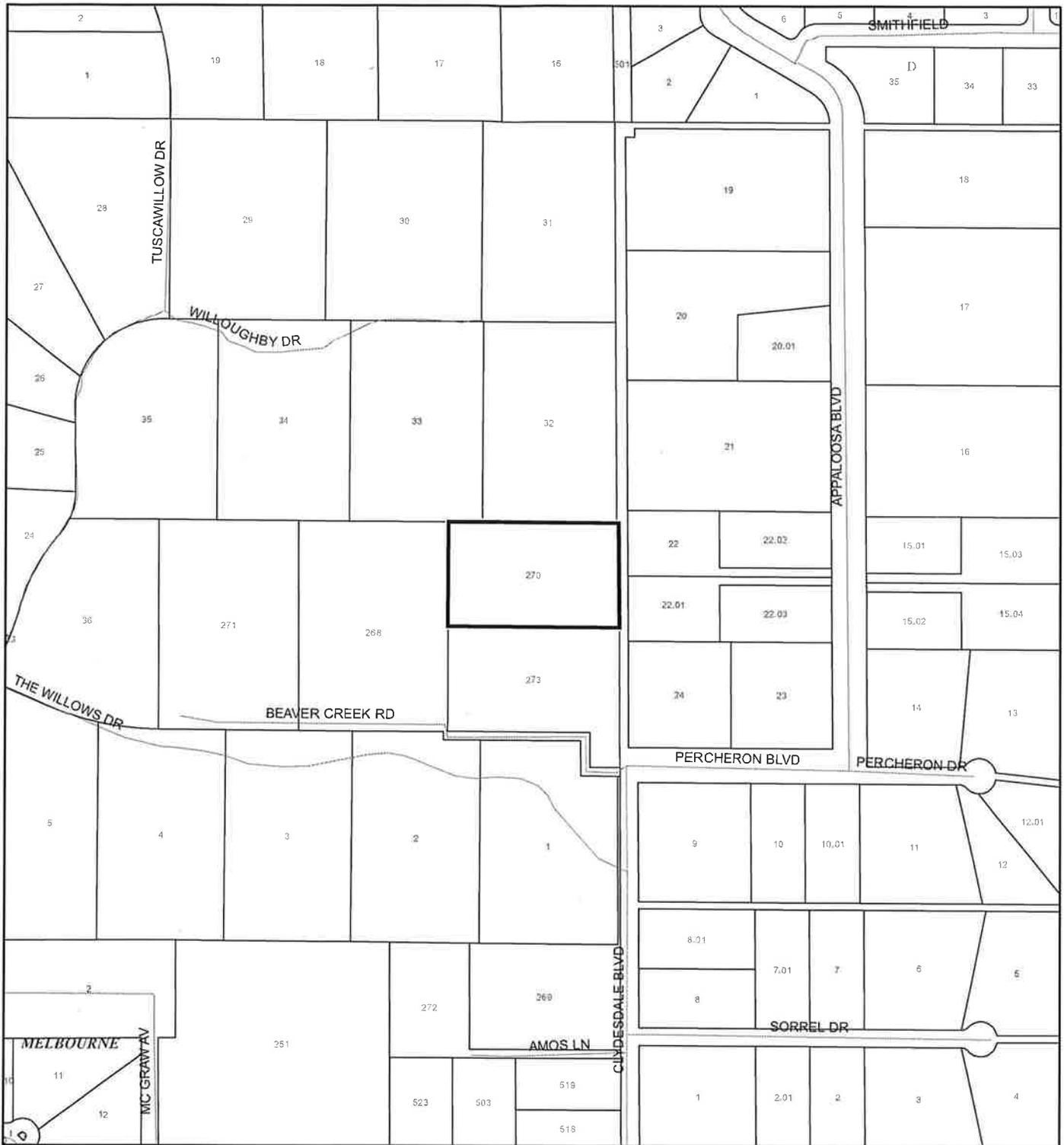
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Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 4/24/2019

INDIAN RIVER LAGOON SEPTIC OVERLAY MAP

BANDISH, DANIEL

19PZ00055



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

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 Subject Property

 Parcels

Septic Overlay

 40 Meters

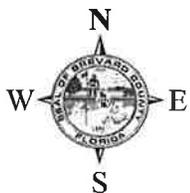
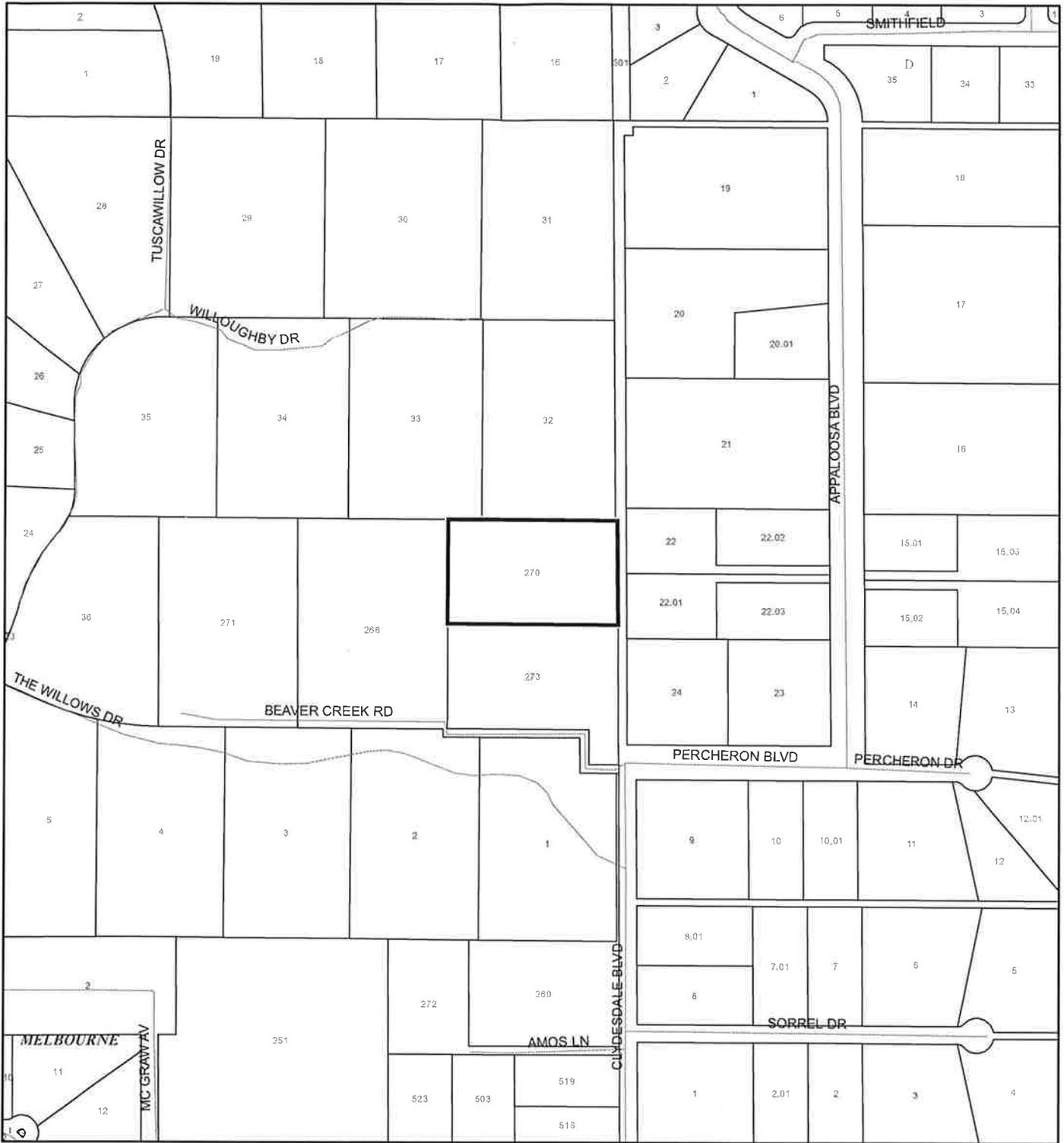
 60 Meters

 All Distances

EAGLE NESTS MAP

BANDISH, DANIEL

19PZ00055



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

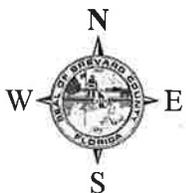
-  Subject Property
-  Parcels
-  Eagle Nests FWS 2010

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Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 4/24/2019

SCRUB JAY OCCUPANCY MAP

BANDISH, DANIEL
19PZ00055



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

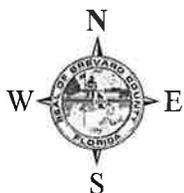
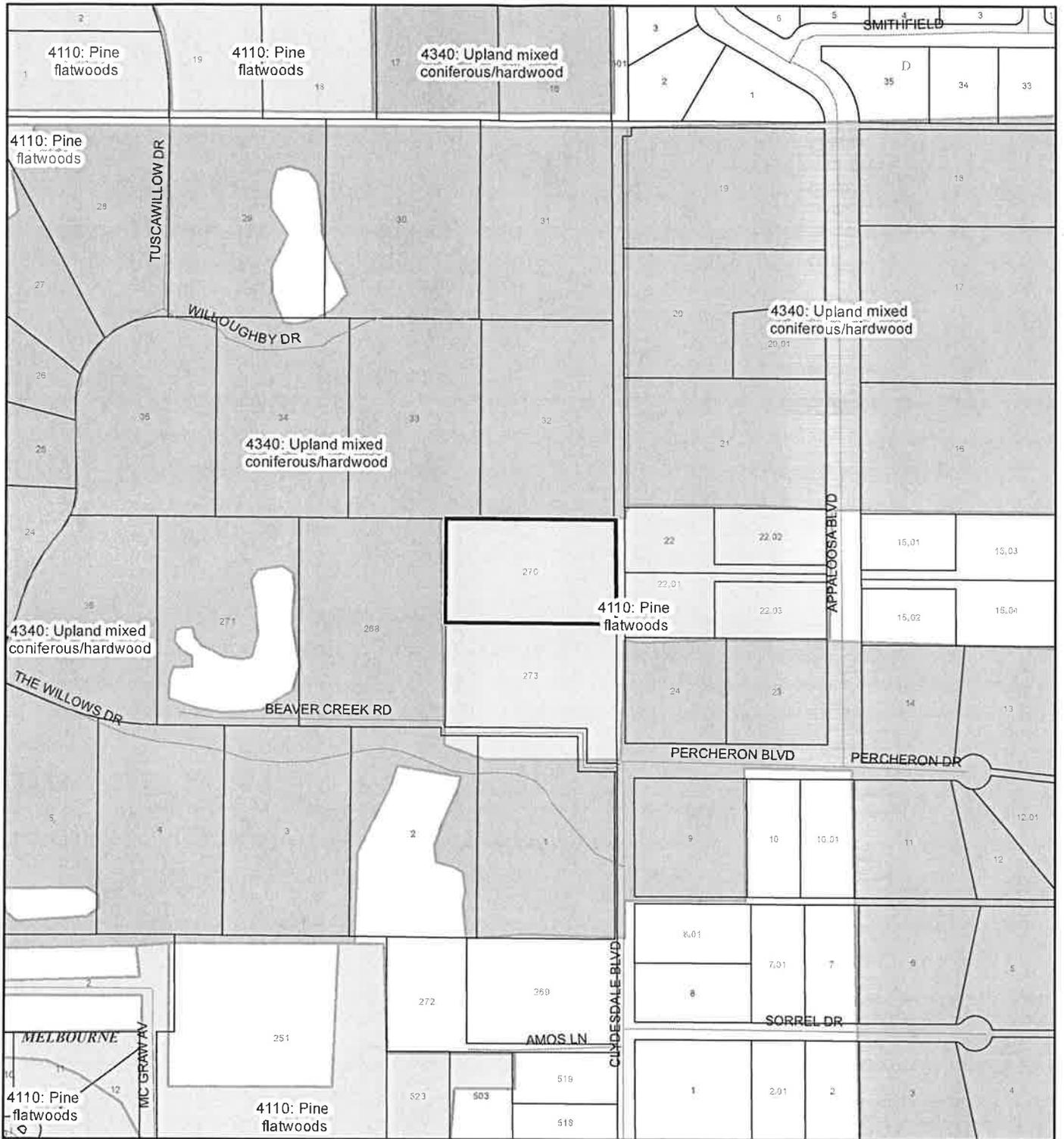
This map was compiled from recorded documents and does not reflect an actual survey. The Brevard County Board of County Commissioners does not assume responsibility for errors or omissions hereon.

Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 4/24/2019

-  Subject Property
-  Parcels
-  Scrub Jay Occupancy

SJRWMD FLUCCS UPLAND FORESTS - 4000 Series MAP

BANDISH, DANIEL
19PZ00055



1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

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Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 4/24/2019

SJRWMD FLUCCS Upland Forests

-  Upland Coniferous Forest - 4100 Series
-  Upland Hardwood Forest - 4200 Series
-  Upland Mixed Forest - 4300 Series
-  Tree Plantations - 4400 Series

 Subject Property  Parcels

PLANNING AND ZONING BOARD MINUTES

The Brevard County Planning & Zoning Board met in regular session on **Monday, July 8, 2019**, at **3:00 p.m.**, in the Commission Room, Building C, Brevard County Government Center, 2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way, Viera, Florida.

The meeting was called to order by the Chair, Henry Minneboo, at 3:00 p.m.

Board members present were: Henry Minneboo, Chair; Ron Bartcher, Rochelle Lawandales; Brian Hodgers, Mark Wadsworth; Peter Filiberto; and Dane Theodore.

Staff members present were: Erin Sterk, Planning and Zoning Manager; Jad Brewer, Assistant County Attorney; Rebecca Ragain, Assistant Director, Planning and Development; and Jennifer Jones, Special Projects Coordinator II.

Henry Minneboo, Chair, announced that the Board of County Commissioners will have the final vote on the recommendations made by the Planning and Zoning Board on Thursday, May 30, 2019, at 5:00 p.m.

Excerpt from Complete Agenda

Daniel Bandish

A change of zoning classification from SEU (Suburban Estate Use) to RR-1 (Rural Residential). The property is 3.29 acres, located approximately 350 feet north of the intersection of Clydesdale Boulevard and Percheron Boulevard. (5290 Percheron Boulevard, Melbourne) (19PZ00055) (District 4)

Daniel Bandish, 5300 Percheron Boulevard, Melbourne, stated he recently bought the property behind him, which is zoned SEU. The front part of his property is RR-1 and he would like both properties to be the same zoning.

No public comment.

Rochelle Lawandales stated the request seems straight forward, and the property is surrounded by RR-1.

Motion by Rochelle Lawandales, seconded by Mark Wadsworth, to approve the change of zoning classification from SEU to RR-1. The vote passed unanimously.