Agenda Report



2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way Viera, FL 32940

Public Hearing

H.2.

8/6/2020

Subject:

Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni) requests a change of zoning classification from AU to RU-1-9. (19PZ00158) (Tax Account 2105262) (District 1)

Fiscal Impact:

None

Dept/Office:

Planning and Development

Requested Action:

It is requested that the Board of County Commissioners conduct a public hearing to consider a change of zoning classification from AU (Agricultural Residential) to RU-1-9 (Single-Family Residential).

Summary Explanation and Background:

The applicant is seeking a change of zoning classification from AU to RU-1-9 in order to develop a 62-lot single-family subdivision, with a BDP (Binding Development Plan). The property is located at 1930 Hammock Road, Titusville. The RU-1-9 zoning classification permits single-family residences on minimum 6,600 square-foot lots with minimum width of 66 feet and depth of 100 feet, and 900 square feet minimum living area.

The property retains split FLU (Future Land Use) designations of RES 2 (Residential 2) and PI (Planned Industrial). A companion application for a Small-Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment accompanies this rezoning request to amend the FLU designation on the 4.845-acre portion of the property located east of Hammock Road from PI to RES 2.

The proposed BDP limits the lot size to a half acre on the 4.845-acre parcel (eastside of Hammock Rd.) and no more than 5 lots. The BDP allows the Developer the ability to transfer some of those units to the westside of Hammock Rd. up to 4 units.

The surrounding parcels are a mixture of single-family residential, single-family mobile home, and planned industrial. The abutting property to the south is a 71.76-acre undeveloped parcel in the City of Titusville that retains the Planned Unit Development Zone classification with 143 units and a 6,000 sq.ft. minimum lot size.

The Board may wish to consider if introducing RU-1-9 zoning is consistent and compatible with the surrounding RRMH-1 (Rural Residential Mobile Home) and TR-2 (Single-Family Mobile Home) zoning classifications, and if the terms of the BDP mitigate potential impacts.

On June 15, 2020, the Planning and Zoning Board heard the request and tabled this item to the July 6, 2020,

H.2. 8/6/2020

Planning and Zoning Board meeting.

On July 1, 2020, the Applicant submitted a revised BDP with additional conditions that are referenced in the Addendum.

On July 6, 2020, the Planning and Zoning Board heard the request and recommended approval with a BDP submitted and modified buffers stipulated as follows: a 25-foot buffer on the north property line of the east 4.845-acre parcel, to be a continuation of the 15-foot perimeter undisturbed vegetative buffer; and a 25-foot buffer on the west property line of the west 26.328-acre parcel with a 6-foot opaque fence. The vote was 5:1.

Clerk to the Board Instructions:

Upon receipt of resolution, please execute and return to Planning and Development.

District 2 Disclosures 08/06/2020 BOCC Planning & Zoning Meeting

H.1/H.2 Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni) proposal

Emails:

- 08/06/2020 David Monty Montgomery, Palm Bay resident, opposes the project
- 08/06/2020 Kay St. Onge of Titusville, opposes the project
- 08/06/2020 Matt Heyden opposes the project
- 08/06/2020 Lew Kontnik of Melbourne opposes the project
- 08/06/2020 Michael Mulleavey of Merritt Island opposes the project
- 08/06/2020 Spence Guerin of Melbourne opposes the project
- 08/06/2020 Lora Losi of North Brevard opposes the project
- 08/06/2020 Mary Hillberg of Merritt Island opposes the project
- 08/06/2020 Douglas and Mary Sphar of Cocoa oppose the project
- 08/06/2020 David Botto, Chair Intergovernmental Committee Marine Resources Council opposes the project
- 08/06/2020 R. T. "Bo" Platt of Melbourne, opposes the project
- 08/06/2020 William Klein, on the Advisory Board of North Brevard Commission on Parks & Recreation, opposes the project
- 08/06/2020 Joanie Regan of Cocoa Beach opposes the project

H.6 Canaveral Landing LLC proposal

E-mails:

- 07/05/2020 Danielle Hunter, resident, opposes the project & collected a petition of 180 signatures of concerned citizens also opposed
- 07/06/2020 JoAnn Clark of Cocoa, opposes the project
- 07/09/2020 Michelo Dirondio (SP?) resident of Canaveral Groves, opposes the project
- 07/19/2020 Angelos Kokosoulis & Elizabeth Kanelli of Cocoa, oppose the project
- 07/27/2020 Dan Hunter, resident of Canaveral Groves, opposes the project due to flooding concerns
- 08/03/2020 Caren East & Matt Glander of Cocoa, oppose the project
- 08/05/2020 David C. Botto, opposes accelerated development
- 08/06/2020 Kim Rezanka, on behalf of applicant, forwarded photos of the site area

H.9 Marker 24 Marina proposal

Phone:

• 08/05/2020 – Commissioner Lober spoke with applicant Peter Black

ADMINISTRATIVE POLICIES OF THE FUTURE LAND USE ELEMENT

Administrative Policies in the Future Land Use Element establish the expertise of staff with regard to zoning land use issues and set forth criteria when considering a rezoning action or request for Conditional Use Permit, as follows:

Administrative Policy 1

The Brevard County zoning official, planners and the director of the Planning and Development staff, however designated, are recognized as expert witnesses for the purposes of Comprehensive Plan amendments as well as zoning, conditional use, special exception, and variance applications.

Administrative Policy 2

Upon Board request, members of the Brevard County Planning and Development staff shall be required to present written analysis and a recommendation, which shall constitute an expert opinion, on all applications for development approval that come before the Board of County Commissioners for quasi-judicial review and action. The Board may table an item if additional time is required to obtain the analysis requested or to hire an expert witness if the Board deems such action appropriate. Staff input may include the following:

Criteria:

- A. Staff shall analyze an application for consistency or compliance with comprehensive plan policies, zoning approval criteria and other applicable written standards.
- B. Staff shall conduct site visits of property which are the subject of analysis and recommendation. As part of the site visit, the staff shall take a videotape or photographs where helpful to the analysis and conduct an inventory of surrounding existing uses. Aerial photographs shall also be used where they would aid in an understanding of the issues of the case.
- C. In cases where staff analysis is required, both the applicant and the staff shall present proposed findings of fact for consideration by the Board.
- D. For re-zoning applications where a specific use has not been proposed, the worst case adverse impacts of potential uses available under the applicable land use classification shall be evaluated by the staff.

Administrative Policy 3

Compatibility with existing or proposed land uses shall be a factor in determining where a rezoning or any application involving a specific proposed use is being considered. Compatibility shall be evaluated by considering the following factors, at a minimum:

Criteria:

- A. Whether the proposed use(s) would have hours of operation, lighting, odor, noise levels, traffic, or site activity that would significantly diminish the enjoyment of, safety or quality of life in existing neighborhoods within the area which could foreseeably be affected by the proposed use.
- B. Whether the proposed use(s) would cause a material reduction (five percent or more) in the value of existing abutting lands or approved development.
- C. Whether the proposed use(s) is/are consistent with an emerging or existing pattern of surrounding development as determined through analysis of:

- 1. historical land use patterns;
- 2. actual development over the immediately preceding three years; and
- 3. development approved within the past three years but not yet constructed.
- D. Whether the proposed use(s) would result in a material violation of relevant policies in any elements of the Comprehensive Plan.

Administrative Policy 4

Character of a neighborhood or area shall be a factor for consideration whenever a rezoning or any application involving a specific proposed use is reviewed. The character of the area must not be materially or adversely affected by the proposed rezoning or land use application. In evaluating the character of an area, the following factors shall be considered:

Criteria:

- A. The proposed use must not materially and adversely impact an established residential neighborhood by introducing types of intensity of traffic (including but not limited to volume, time of day of traffic activity, type of vehicles, et cetera), parking, trip generation, commercial activity or industrial activity that is not already present within the identified boundaries of the neighborhood.
- B. In determining whether an established residential neighborhood exists, the following factors must be present:
 - 1. The area must have clearly established boundaries, such as roads, open spaces, rivers, lakes, lagoons, or similar features.
 - 2. Sporadic or occasional neighborhood commercial uses shall not preclude the existence of an existing residential neighborhood, particularly if the commercial use is non-conforming or pre-dates the surrounding residential use.
 - 3. An area shall be presumed not to be primarily residential but shall be deemed transitional where multiple commercial, industrial or other non-residential uses have been applied for and approved during the previous five (5) years.

Administrative Policy 5

In addition to the factors specified in Administrative Policies 2, 3, and 4, in reviewing a rezoning, conditional use permit or other application for development approval, the impact of the proposed use or uses on transportation facilities either serving the site or impacted by the use(s) shall be considered. In evaluating whether substantial and adverse transportation impacts are likely to result if an application is approved, the staff shall consider the following criteria:

Criteria:

- A. Whether adopted levels of services will be compromised;
- B. Whether the physical quality of the existing road system that will serve the proposed use(s) is sufficient to support the use(s) without significant deterioration;

- C. Whether the surrounding existing road system is of sufficient width and construction quality to serve the proposed use(s) without the need for substantial public improvements;
- D. Whether the surrounding existing road system is of such width and construction quality that the proposed use(s) would realistically pose a potential for material danger to public safety in the surrounding area;
- E. Whether the proposed use(s) would be likely to result in such a material and adverse change in traffic capacity of a road or roads in the surrounding area such that either design capacities would be significantly exceeded or a de facto change in functional classification would result:
- F. Whether the proposed use(s) would cause such material and adverse changes in the types of traffic that would be generated on the surrounding road system, that physical deterioration of the surrounding road system would be likely;
- G. Whether projected traffic impacts of the proposed use(s) would materially and adversely impact the safety or welfare of residents in existing residential neighborhoods.

Administrative Policy 6

The use(s) proposed under the rezoning, conditional use or other application for development approval must be consistent with, (a), all written land development policies set forth in these administrative policies; and (b), the future land use element, coastal management element, conservation element, potable water element, sanitary sewer element, solid waste management element, capital improvements element, recreation and open space element, surface water element, and transportation elements of the comprehensive plan.

Administrative Policy 7

Proposed use(s) shall not cause or substantially aggravate any, (a), substantial drainage problem on surrounding properties; or (b), significant, adverse and unmitigatable impact on significant natural wetlands, water bodies or habitat for listed species.

Administrative Policy 8

These policies, the staff analysis based upon these policies, and the applicant's written analysis, if any, shall be incorporated into the record of every quasi-judicial review application for development approval presented to the Board including rezoning, conditional use permits, and vested rights determinations.

Section 62-1151(c) of the Code of Ordinances of Brevard County directs, "The planning and zoning board shall recommend to the board of county commissioners the denial or approval of each application for amendment to the official zoning maps based upon a consideration of the following factors:

- (1) The character of the land use of the property surrounding the property being considered.
- (2) The change in conditions of the land use of the property being considered and the surrounding property since the establishment of the current applicable zoning classification, special use or conditional use.

- (3) The impact of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use on available and projected traffic patterns, water and sewer systems, other public facilities and utilities and the established character of the surrounding property.
- (4) The compatibility of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use with existing land use plans for the affected area.
- (5) The appropriateness of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use based upon a consideration of the applicable provisions and conditions contained in this article and other applicable laws, ordinances and regulations relating to zoning and land use regulations and based upon a consideration of the public health, safety and welfare.

The minutes of the planning and zoning board shall specify the reasons for the recommendation of approval or denial of each application."

CONDITIONAL USE PERMITS (CUPs)

In addition to the specific requirements for each Conditional Use Permit (CUP), Section 62-1901 provides that the following approval procedure and general standards of review are to be applied to all CUP requests, as applicable.

- (b) Approval procedure. An application for a specific conditional use within the applicable zoning classification shall be submitted and considered in the same manner and according to the same procedure as an amendment to the official zoning map as specified in Section 62-1151. The approval of a conditional use shall authorize an additional use for the affected parcel of real property in addition to those permitted in the applicable zoning classification. The initial burden is on the applicant to demonstrate that all applicable standards and criteria are met. Applications which do not satisfy this burden cannot be approved. If the applicant meets its initial burden, then the Board has the burden to show, by substantial and competent evidence, that the applicant has failed to meet such standards and the request is adverse to the public interest. As part of the approval of the conditional use permit, the Board may prescribe appropriate and reasonable conditions and safeguards to reduce the impact of the proposed use on adjacent and nearby properties or the neighborhood. A nearby property, for the purpose of this section, is defined as any property which, because of the character of the proposed use, lies within the area which may be substantially and adversely impacted by such use. In stating grounds in support of an application for a conditional use permit, it is necessary to show how the request fulfills both the general and specific standards for review. The applicant must show the effect the granting of the conditional use permit will have on adjacent and nearby properties, including, but not limited to traffic and pedestrian flow and safety, curb-cuts, off-street loading and parking, off-street pickup of passengers, odors, glare and noise, particulates, smoke, fumes, and other emissions. refuse and service areas, drainage, screening and buffering for protection of adjacent and nearby properties, and open space and economic impact on nearby properties. The applicant, at his discretion, may choose to present expert testimony where necessary to show the effect of granting the conditional use permit.
- (c) General Standards of Review.
 - (1) The planning and zoning board and the board of county commissioners shall base the denial or approval of each application for a conditional use based upon

a consideration of the factors specified in Section 62-1151(c) plus a determination whether an application meets the intent of this section.

- a. The proposed conditional use will not result in a substantial and adverse impact on adjacent and nearby properties due to: (1), the number of persons anticipated to be using, residing or working under the conditional use; (2), noise, odor, particulates, smoke, fumes and other emissions, or other nuisance activities generated by the conditional use; or (3), the increase of traffic within the vicinity caused by the proposed conditional use.
- b. The proposed use will be compatible with the character of adjacent and nearby properties with regard to use, function, operation, hours of operation, type and amount of traffic generated, building size and setback, and parking availability.
- c. The proposed use will not cause a substantial diminution in value of abutting residential property. A substantial diminution shall be irrebuttably presumed to have occurred if abutting property suffers a 15% reduction in value as a result of the proposed conditional use. A reduction of 10% of the value of abutting property shall create a rebuttable presumption that a substantial diminution has occurred. The Board of County Commissioners carries the burden to show, as evidenced by either testimony from or an appraisal conducted by an M A I certified appraiser, that a substantial diminution in value would occur. The applicant may rebut the findings with his own expert witnesses.
- (2) The following specific standards shall be considered, when applicable, in making a determination that the general standards specified in subsection (1) of this section are satisfied:
- a. Ingress and egress to the property and proposed structures thereon, with particular reference to automotive and pedestrian safety and convenience, traffic flow and control, and access in case of fire and catastrophe, shall be: (1), adequate to serve the proposed use without burdening adjacent and nearby uses, and (2), built to applicable county standards, if any. Burdening adjacent and nearby uses means increasing existing traffic on the closest collector or arterial road by more than 20%, or 10% if the new traffic is primarily comprised of heavy vehicles, except where the affected road is at Level of Service A or B. New traffic generated by the proposed use shall not cause the adopted level of service for transportation on applicable roadways, as determined by applicable Brevard County standards, to be exceeded. Where the design of a public road to be used by the proposed use is physically inadequate to handle the numbers. types or weights of vehicles expected to be generated by the proposed use without damage to the road, the conditional use permit cannot be approved without a commitment to improve the road to a standard adequate to handle the proposed traffic. or to maintain the road through a maintenance bond or other means as required by the Board of County Commissioners.
- b. The noise, glare, odor, particulates, smoke, fumes or other emissions from the conditional use shall not substantially interfere with the use or enjoyment of the adjacent and nearby property.
- c. Noise levels for a conditional use are governed by Section 62-2271.

- d. The proposed conditional use shall not cause the adopted level of service for solid waste disposal applicable to the property or area covered by such level of service, to be exceeded.
- e. The proposed conditional use shall not cause the adopted level of service for potable water or wastewater applicable to the property or the area covered by such level of service, to be exceeded by the proposed use.
- f. The proposed conditional use must have existing or proposed screening or buffering, with reference to type, dimensions and character to eliminate or reduce substantial, adverse nuisance, sight, or noise impacts on adjacent and nearby properties containing less intensive uses.
- g. Proposed signs and exterior lighting shall not cause unreasonable glare or hazard to traffic safety, or interference with the use or enjoyment of adjacent and nearby properties.
- h. Hours of operation of the proposed use shall be consistent with the use and enjoyment of the properties in the surrounding residential community, if any. For commercial and industrial uses adjacent to or near residential uses, the hours of operation shall not adversely affect the use and enjoyment of the residential character of the area.
- i. The height of the proposed use shall be compatible with the character of the area, and the maximum height of any habitable structure shall be not more than 35 feet higher than the highest residence within 1,000 feet of the property line.
- j. Off-street parking and loading areas, where required, shall not be created or maintained in a manner which adversely impacts or impairs the use and enjoyment of adjacent and nearby properties. For existing structures, the applicant shall provide competent, substantial evidence to demonstrate that actual or anticipated parking shall not be greater than that which is approved as part of the site pan under applicable county standards.

FACTORS TO CONSIDER FOR A REZONING REQUEST

Section 62-1151(c) sets forth factors to consider in connection with a rezoning request, as follows:

"The planning and zoning board shall recommend to the board of county commissioners the denial or approval of each application for amendment to the official zoning maps based upon a consideration of the following factors:

- (1) The character of the land use of the property surrounding the property being considered.
- (2) The change in conditions of the land use of the property being considered and the surrounding property since the establishment of the current applicable zoning classification, special use or conditional use.
- (3) The impact of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use on available and projected traffic patterns, water and sewer systems, other public facilities and utilities and the established character of the surrounding property.

- (4) The compatibility of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use with existing land use plans for the affected area.
- (5) The appropriateness of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use based upon a consideration of the applicable provisions and conditions contained in this article and other applicable laws, ordinances and regulations relating to zoning and land use regulations and based upon a consideration of the public health, safety and welfare."

These staff comments contain references to zoning classifications found in the Brevard County Zoning Regulations, Chapter 62, Article VI, Code of Ordinances of Brevard County. These references include brief summaries of some of the characteristics of that zoning classification. Reference to each zoning classification shall be deemed to incorporate the full text of the section or sections defining and regulating that classification into the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

These staff comments contain references to sections of the Code of Ordinances of Brevard County. Reference to each code section shall be deemed to incorporate this section into the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

These staff comments contain references to Policies of the Brevard County Comprehensive Plan. Reference to each Policy shall be deemed to incorporate the entire Policy into the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

These staff comments refer to previous zoning actions which are part of the Public Records of Brevard County, Florida. These records will be referred to by reference to the file number. Reference to zoning files are intended to make the entire contents of the cited file a part of the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

DEFINITIONS OF CONCURRENCY TERMS

Maximum Acceptable Volume (MAV): Maximum acceptable daily volume that a roadway can carry at the adopted Level of Service (LOS).

Current Volume: Building permit related trips added to the latest TPO (Transportation Planning Organization) traffic counts.

Volume with Development (VOL W/DEV): Equals Current Volume plus trip generation projected for the proposed development.

Volume/Maximum Acceptable Volume (VOL/MAV): Equals the ratio of current traffic volume to the maximum acceptable roadway volume.

Volume/Maximum Acceptable Volume with Development (VOL/MAV W/DEV): Ratio of volume with development to the Maximum Acceptable Volume.

Acceptable Level of Service (CURRENT LOS): The Level of Service at which a roadway is currently operating.

Level of Service with Development (LOS W/DEV): The Level of Service that a proposed development may generate on a roadway.



Planning and Development Department

2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way Building A, Room 114 Viera, Florida 32940 (321)633-2070 Phone / (321)633-2074 Fax https://www.brevardfl.gov/PlanningDev

STAFF COMMENTS 19PZ00158 Theodore C. Goodenow

AU (Agricultural Residential) to RU-1-9 (Single-Family Residential) with a BDP (Binding Development Plan) limited to 62 lots

Tax Account Number:

2105262

Parcel I.D.:

21-35-21-00-501

Location:

1930 Hammock Road, Titusville (District 1)

Acreage:

31.43 acres

Planning and Zoning Board:

07/06/20

Board of County Commissioners: 08/06/20

Consistency with Land Use Regulations

- Current zoning can be considered under the Future Land Use Designation, Section 62-1255.
- The proposal can be considered under the Future Land Use Designation, Section 62-1255.
- The proposal would maintain acceptable Levels of Service (LOS) (XIII 1.6.C)

	CURRENT	PROPOSED
Zoning	AU	RU-1-9 with BDP
Potential*	12 Single-Family Units	62 Single-Family Units
Can be Considered under the	NO	YES**
Future Land Use Map	RES 2 and PI	RES 2***

^{*} Zoning potential for concurrency analysis purposes only, subject to applicable land development regulations. ** A BDP limiting the density of the property to Residential 2 (RES 2) is required for this action to establish consistency with the Future Land Use Map. *** A small scale comprehensive plan amendment application from Planned Industrial (PI) to RES 2 is being reviewed concurrently with this application for the portion of the site designated PI east of Hammock Road.

Background and Purpose of Request

The applicant is seeking a change of zoning classification from Agricultural Residential (AU) to Single-Family Residential (RU-1-9) in order to develop a residential subdivision of up to 62 single-family lots. The request is accompanied by a Binding Development Plan (BDP) limiting the project density to two units per acre and committing to connection to City of Titusville central water and sewer.

The subject property is located at the intersection of Parrish Road and Hammock Road between North U.S. Highway 1 and the Indian River. It is split by Hammock Road with the majority of the property being located between Hammock Road and US 1. At the closest point, the property is

approximately 1,250 feet from the Indian River Lagoon. At this point, staff anticipates this property to be developed in two separate projects as there is no interconnectivity between the two parcels. Also, based on the design, there maybe a need to have two separate stormwater ponds. This will be determined at a later stage of development.

The property has been AU zoned since 1958. There have been no prior zoning requests on the subject property.

Land Use

This site retains split Future Land Use (FLU) designation of RES 2, which allows residential development with a maximum gross density of up to two (2) units per acre, and Planned Industrial (PI). A companion Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment application 20S.02 (20PZ00024) was submitted accompanying this rezoning request to amend the FLU designation on the 4.85 portion of the project site located east of Hammock Road from PI to RES 2. The requested change of zoning from AU to RU-1-9 with a BDP is consistent with the proposed Future Land Use Map (FLUM), but is not consistent with the current FLUM of PI for the portion of the property east of Hammock Road. Neither AU nor RU-1-9 zoning is permitted in PI FLU designation. 20PZ00024 would have to be approved by the Board in order for the requested rezoning from AU to RU-1-9 to be considered. The applicant is requesting this zoning in order to tailor lot dimensions and area to obtain the maximum gross density of 2 units per acre permitted by RES 2 FLU.

Residential 2 (maximum of 2 dwelling units per acre) Policy 1.8

The Residential 2 land use designation permits lower density residential development with a maximum density of up to two (2) units per acre, except as otherwise may be provided for within this element. The Residential 2 land use designation may be considered for lands within the following generalized locations, unless otherwise limited by this Comprehensive Plan:

The subject parcel does not serve as a transition between land uses with a density greater than two (2) units per acre and areas with lesser density. The subject parcel is surrounded by PI land use and residential parcels of 0.5 acres or lager. The portion of the subject property located east of Hammock Road is not immediately adjacent to Residential 2 (RES 2) Future Land Use designation.

Only a portion of the southern boundary of subject parcel to the west of Hammock Road is located adjacent to an incorporated area and that unincorporated area retains a low density residential FLU designation. On the west side of Hammock Road the City of Titusville boundary is located approximately 200 feet to the south, where a developed parcel with Heavy Industrial Zoning and Industrial Future Land Use currently exists.

Environmental Constraints

Summary of Mapped Resources and Noteworthy Land Use Issues:

- Wetlands/Hydric soils
- Indian River Lagoon Septic Overlay

Page 2

Protected Species

Portions of the property are mapped within the Indian River Lagoon Septic Overlay. If sewer is not available, the project will require septic systems that provide at least 65% total nitrogen reduction through multi-stage treatment processes per Chapter 46, Article II, Division IV-Nitrogen Reduction Overlay.

Preliminary Concurrency

The closest concurrency management segment to the subject property is US-1, between Dairy Road and State Road 46, which has a Maximum Acceptable Volume (MAV) of 41,790 trips per day, a Level of Service (LOS) of D, and currently operates at 40.05% of capacity daily. The maximum development potential from the proposed rezoning does increase the percentage of MAV utilization by 1.41%. The corridor is anticipated to continue to operate at 41.46% of capacity daily (LOS C). The proposal is not anticipated to create a deficiency in LOS.

According to the School Impact Analysis Capacity Determination (CD-2019-18) dated November 20, 2019, the proposed development for the subject property is projected to generate 17 elementary students, 5 middle school students, and 10 high school students. CD-2019-18 concludes: "At this time, Mims Elementary School, Madison Middle School and Astronaut High School are projected to have enough capacity for the total of projected and potential students from the [proposed development on the subject property]."

The subject property is neither served by county nor city potable water. The nearest county potable water is approximately 3,000 feet east northeast of the property. The closest city potable water provided by City of Titusville Utilities is approximately 900 feet south of the property on the west side of Hammock Road.

The subject property is neither served by county nor city sanitary sewer. The nearest sanitary sewer is provided by City of Titusville Utilities and is located on Truman Scarborough Way, approximately 2,800 feet south of the property. The nearest county sewer is approximately 1.6 miles to the west of the property at the intersection of Parrish Road and Briarcliff Way.

The applicant's BDP states the project will connect to City of Titusville water and sewer. If centralized potable water is not provided, centralized sanitary sewer must be provided for densities greater than 2 units per acre per Future Land Use Element (FLUE) Policy 1.2 E that states: "Where public water service is not available, residential development proposals with densities greater than two units per acre shall be required to connect to a centralized sewer system."

Applicable Land Use Policies

The AU zoning classification permits single-family residences and agricultural uses on 2.5 acre lots, with a minimum lot width and depth of 150 feet. The minimum house size in AU is 750 square feet. The AU classification also permits the raising/grazing of animals, fowl and beekeeping.

The RU-1-9 classification permits single-family residences on minimum 6,600 square foot lots with minimum widths of 66 feet and depth of 100 feet. The minimum house size is 900 square feet.

The adjacent properties to the north across Parrish Road retain Rural Residential Mobile Home (RRMH-1) and Single-Family Mobile Home (TR-1 and TR-2) zoning classifications and are currently developed with lot sizes ranging from 0.52 to 1.4 acres. The adjacent property to the south is 0.52 acres, retains TR-1 zoning, and is developed with a single-family manufactured home. The other property abutting to the south is a 45.29 71.76 acre undeveloped parcel in the City of Titusville that retains City of Titusville Planned Unit Development Zone (PUDZ) zoning and Low Density Residential FLU designation with four pockets of City of Titusville Open Space Recreation (OR) zoning and Conservation FLU. The properties to the east and across Hammock Road (northern half) of the east lot line are developed under the TR-2 zoning classification with lots ranging in size from 0.5 to 0.59 acres. The abutting property to the east (southern half) of the east lot line is undeveloped and retains Planned Industrial Park (PIP) zoning. The seven properties abutting the subject property to the west all retain RR-1 zoning and are all developed with single-family homes with lot sizes ranging from 1.03 to 1.64 acres. The developed character of the area is half-acre to one-acre developed single family sites.

In review of Administrative Policy 3 (c), concerning the compatibility of the proposed rezoning with adjacent and surrounding historical and actual land use patterns, the fact that there have been no zoning actions within ½ mile of the subject property within the last three years, and the most recent request 14PZ-00061 approved September 4, 2014 downzoned the property from Rural Residential (RR-1) with a BDP to Agricultural Residential (AU), the RU-1-9 zoning classification is neither an established nor emerging zoning classification within the surrounding area. Further, Administrative Policy 4 states: "The character of the area must not be materially or adversely affected by the proposed rezoning or land use application." The neighboring lots are one-half acre or larger in size and have a rural neighborhood character. Although the required BDP limits the potential density to 62 single-family lots with central water and sewer connection, which allows RU-1-9 to be considered within the RES 2 FLU per Section 62-1255, RU-1-9 is not an established zoning classification in the neighborhood. Compatibility can be achieved by increasing the minimum lot size to ½ acre.

For Board Consideration

The applicant is seeking a change of zoning classification from Agricultural Residential (AU) to Single-Family Residential (RU-1-9) in order to develop a residential subdivision of up to 62 single-family lots. The request is accompanied by a Binding Development Plan (BDP) limiting the project density to two units per acre and committing to connection to central water and sewer. This rezoning request is accompanied by a companion SSCPA from PI to RES 2 20S.02 (20PZ00024) that would need to be approved by the Board in order for this rezoning to be considered.

The Board may wish to consider if introducing RU-1-9 zoning classification is consistent and compatible with the surrounding RRMH-1 and TR-2 zoning classifications. The Board may wish to consider whether the proposed BDP helps mitigate the potential impacts to the surrounding area and the proximity to the Indian River Lagoon.

The Board should note: the Code requires a landscaping & wall buffer when residential abuts a commercial or industrial zoning classification. The burden of the improvement is on the commercial/industrial zoned properties. The Board may wish to consider requiring the applicant provide the buffering at the time of development.

NATURAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT Zoning Review & Summary

Item # 19PZ00158

Applicant: Theodore Goodenow, Chad Genoni

Zoning Request: Applicant wants to build a 62-unit subdivision on 31.43 acres.

P&Z Hearing Date: 03/09/20; **BCC Hearing date**: 04/02/20

Tax ID No: 2105262

- This is a preliminary review based on best available data maps reviewed by the Natural Resources Management (NRM) Department and does not include a site inspection to verify the accuracy of the mapped information.
- ➤ In that the rezoning process is not the appropriate venue for site plan review, specific site designs submitted with the rezoning request will be deemed conceptual. Board comments relative to specific site design do not provide vested rights or waivers from Federal, State or County regulations.
- > This review does not guarantee whether or not the proposed use, specific site design, or development of the property can be permitted under current Federal, State, or County Regulations.

Summary of Mapped Resources and Noteworthy Land Use Issues:

- Wetlands/Hydric soils
- Indian River Lagoon Septic Overlay
- Protected Species

Portions of the property are mapped within the Indian River Lagoon Septic Overlay. If sewer is not available, the project will require septic systems that provide at least 65% total nitrogen reduction through multi-stage treatment processes per Chapter 46, Article II, Division IV-Nitrogen Reduction Overlay.

Land Use Comments:

Wetlands/Hydric Soils

The subject parcel contains 100% hydric soils (Copeland-Bradenton-Wabasso complex, and Riviera sand), and a small area of mapped SJRWMD wetlands along the southern property boundary, as shown on the USDA SCSSs soils, and SJRWMD FLUCCS Wetlands maps, respectively; indicators that wetlands may be present on the property. Per Section 62-3694(c)(1), residential land uses within wetlands shall be limited to not more than one (1) dwelling unit per five (5) acres unless strict application of this policy renders a legally Page 5

established parcel as of September 9, 1988, which is less than five (5) acres, as unbuildable. For subdivisions greater than five acres in area, the preceding limitation of one dwelling unit per five (5) acres within wetlands may be applied as a maximum percentage limiting wetland impacts to not more than 1.8% of the total non-commercial and non-industrial acreage on a cumulative basis as set forth in Section 65-3694(c)(6). Any permitted wetland impacts must meet the requirements of Section 62-3694(e) including avoidance of impacts, and Section 62-3696.

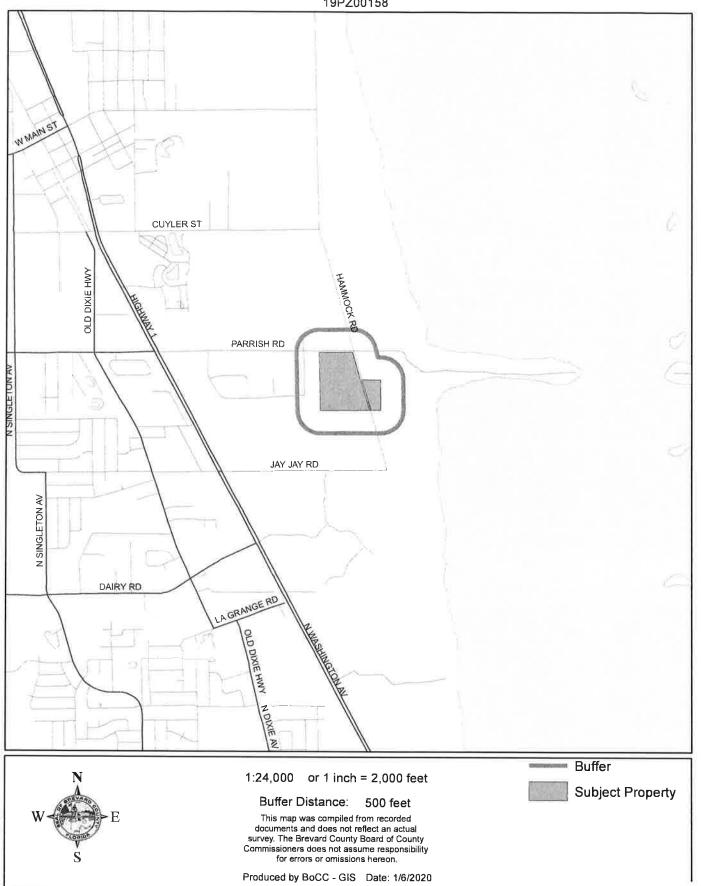
Indian River Lagoon Septic Overlay

Portions of the property are mapped within the Indian River Lagoon Septic Overlay. If sewer is not available, the project will require septic systems that provide at least 65% total nitrogen reduction through multi-stage treatment processes per Chapter 46, Article II, Division IV-Nitrogen Reduction Overlay.

Protected Species

Information available to NRM indicates that federally and/or state protected species may be present on the property. Prior to any plan, permit submittal, or development activity, including land clearing, the applicant should obtain any necessary permits or clearance letters from the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and/or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, as applicable.

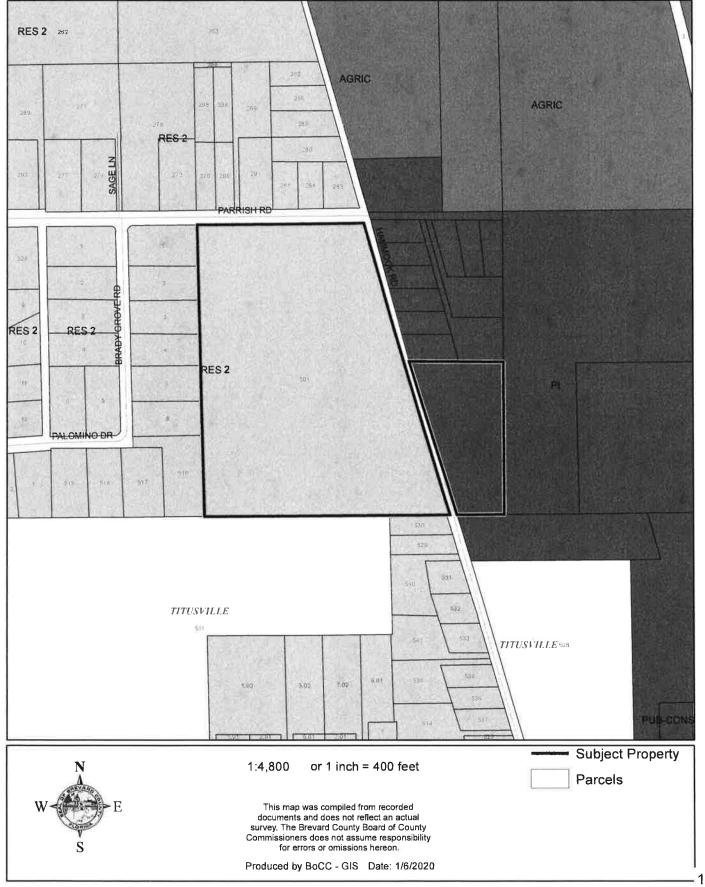
LOCATION MAP



ZONING MAP



FUTURE LAND USE MAP



AERIAL MAP

GOODENOW, THEODORE C. 19PZ00158





1:4,800 or 1 inch = 400 feet

PHOTO YEAR: 2019

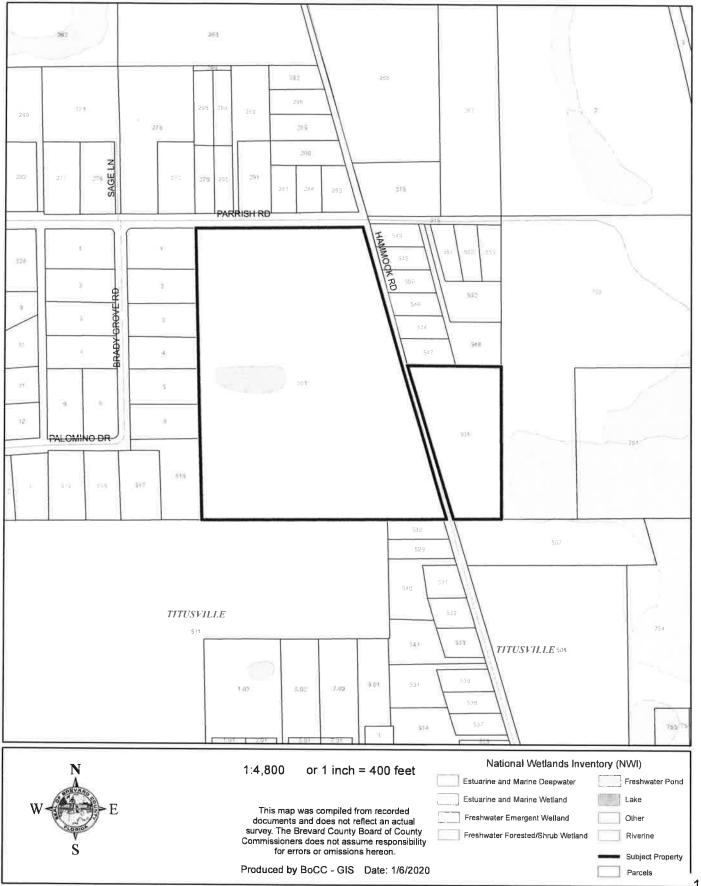
This map was compiled from recorded documents and does not reflect an actual survey. The Brevard County Board of County Commissioners does not assume responsibility for errors or omissions hereon.

Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 1/6/2020

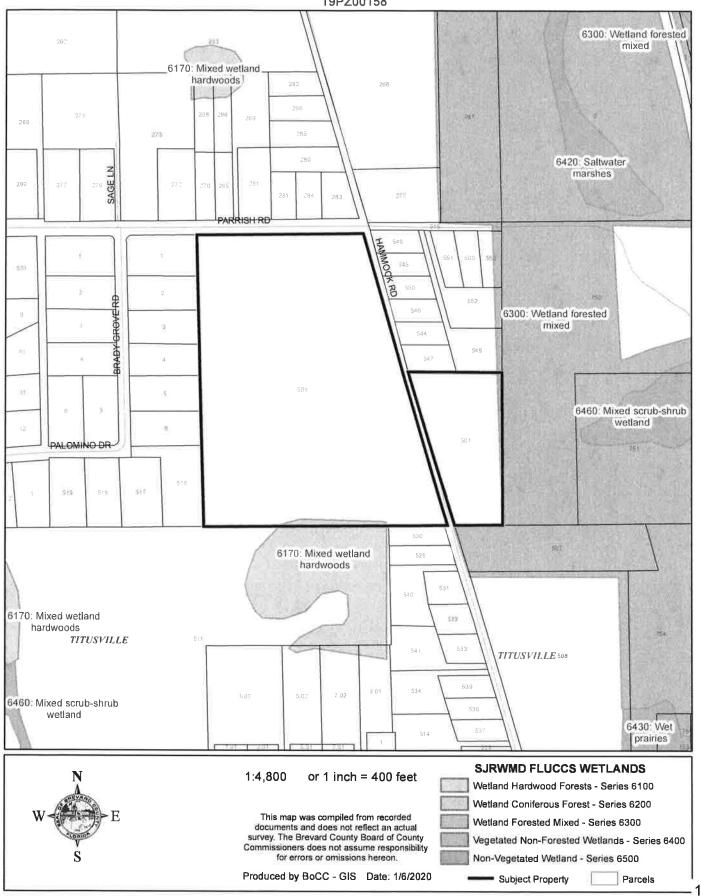
Subject Property

Parcels

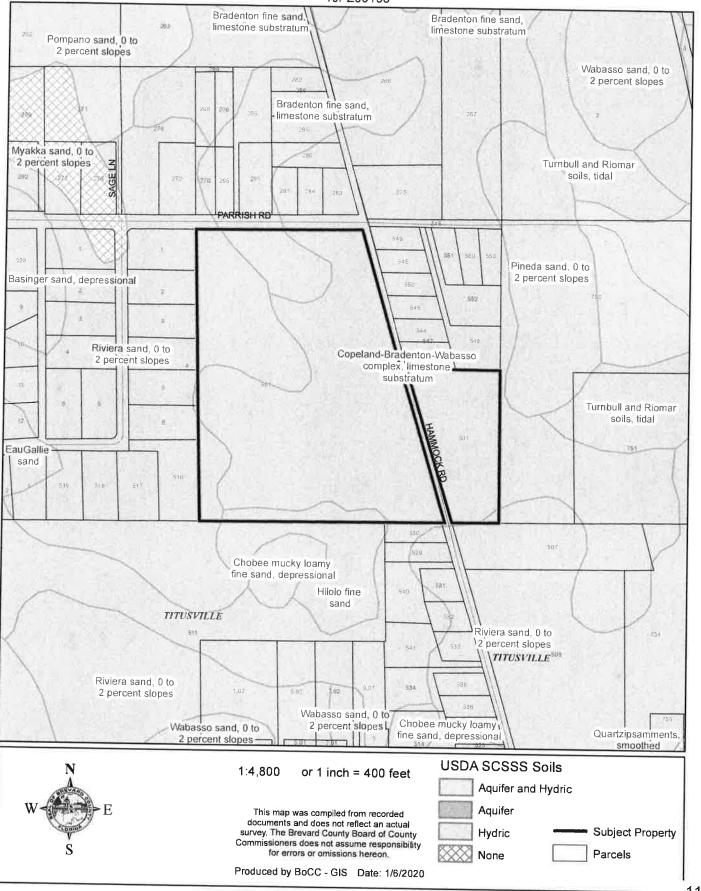
NWI WETLANDS MAP



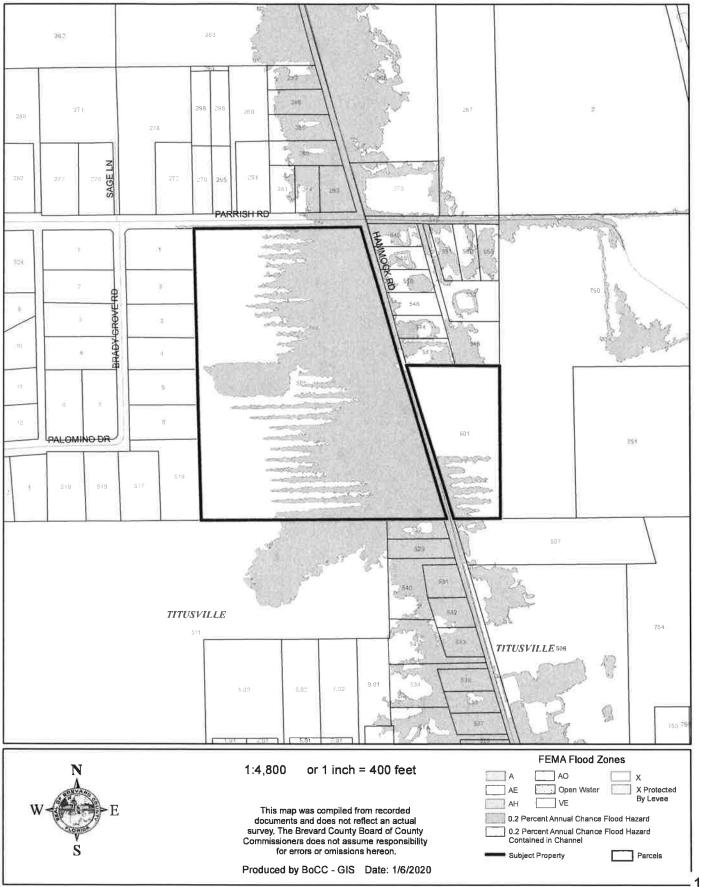
SJRWMD FLUCCS WETLANDS - 6000 Series MAP



USDA SCSSS SOILS MAP



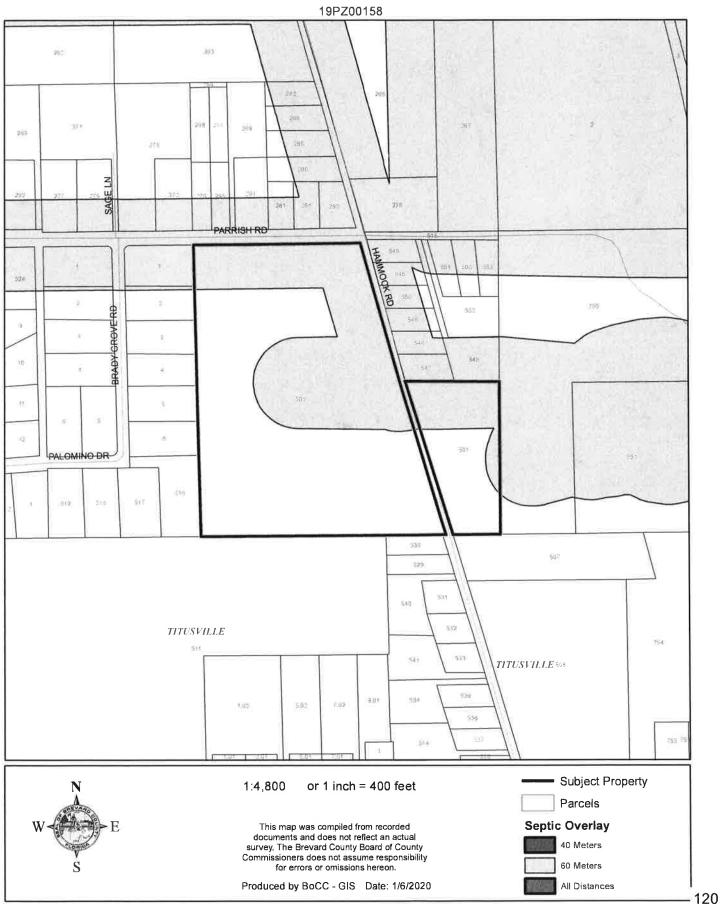
FEMA FLOOD ZONES MAP



COASTAL HIGH HAZARD AREA MAP



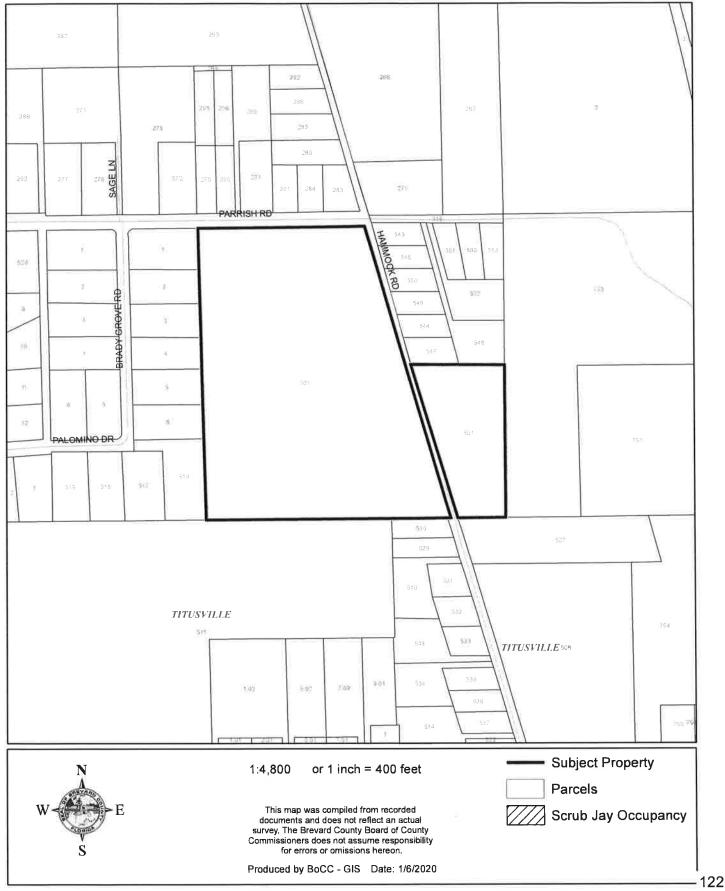
INDIAN RIVER LAGOON SEPTIC OVERLAY MAP



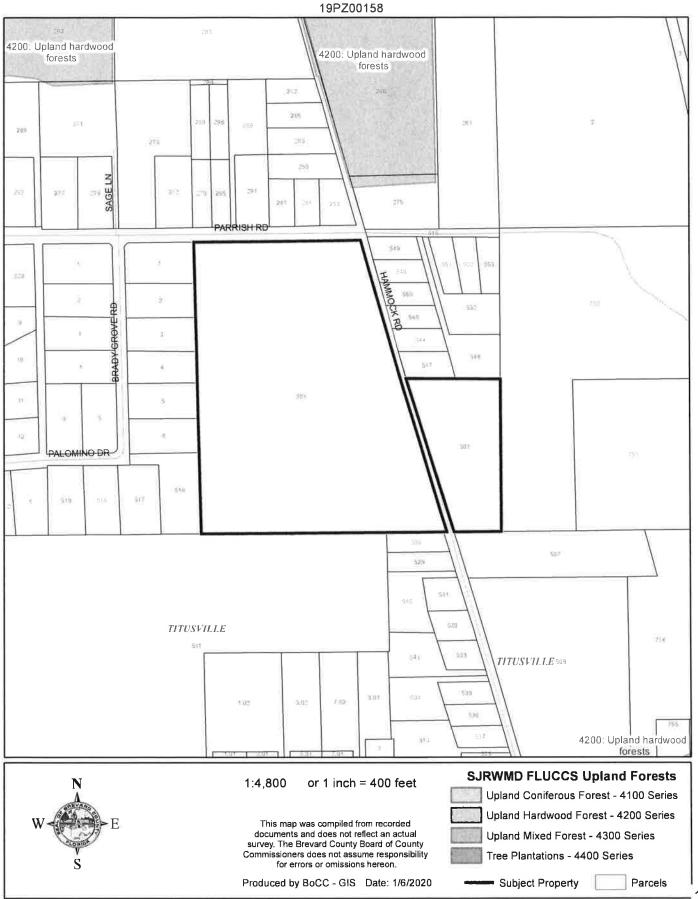
EAGLE NESTS MAP



SCRUB JAY OCCUPANCY MAP



SJRWMD FLUCCS UPLAND FORESTS - 4000 Series MAP



School Board of Brevard County

2700 Judge Fran Jamieson Way • Viera, FL 32940-6699 Mark W. Mullins, Ed.D., Superintendent

School Concurrency 19PZ00158 Goodenow

Public Schools \J

November 20, 2019

Mr. Gabriel Quintas Community Development Department City of Titusville 555 South Washington Avenue Post Office Box 2806 City of Titusville, Florida 32781-2806

RE: Proposed Brooks Landing Phase 2 Development School Impact Analysis - Capacity Determination CD-2019-18

Dear Mr. Quintas,

We received a completed *School Facility Planning & Concurrency Application* for the referenced development. The subject property includes Tax Account 2105262 (Parcel ID: 21-35-21-00-501) containing approximately 31.43 acres in the City of Titusville, Brevard County, Florida. The proposed single-family development includes 62 homes. The School Impact Analysis of this proposed development has been undertaken and the following information is provided for your use.

The calculations used to analyze the prospective student impact are consistent with the methodology outlined in Section 13.2 of the *Interlocal Agreement for Public School Facility Planning & School Concurrency (ILA-2014)*. The following capacity analysis is performed using capacities/projected students as shown in years 2018-19 to 2023-24 of the *Brevard County Public Schools Financially Feasible Plan for School Years 2018-19 to 2023-24* which is attached for reference.

Single Family Homes	62		
Students Generated	Student Generation Rates	Calculated Students Generated	Rounded Number of Students
Elementary	0.28	17.36	17
Middle	0.08	4.96	5
High	0.16	9.92	10
Total	0.52		32

Planning & Project Management Facilities Services

Phone: (321) 633-1000 x450 · FAX: (321) 633-4646





FISH Capacity (including relocatables) from the

Financially Feasible Plan Data and Analysis for School Years 2018-19 to 2023-24

School	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Mims	725	725	725	725	725
Madison	743	743	743	743	743
Astronaut	1,446	1,446	1,446	1,446	1,446

Projected Student Membership

School	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Mims	472	450	458	485	478
Madison	496	491	465	455	475
Astronaut	1,081	1,101	1,144	1,176	1,189

Students Generated by Previously Issued SCADL Reservations

School	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Mims	6	6	6	6	6
Madison	21	24	24	24	24
Astronaut	132	137	137	137	137

Cumulative Students Generated by

Proposed Development

School	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Mims		3	7	11	17
Madison	=	1	2	3	5
Astronaut	N. S.	2	4	6	10

Total Projected Student Membership (includes Cumulative Impact of Proposed Development)

School	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Mims	478	459	471	502	501
Madison	517	516	491	482	504
Astronaut	1,213	1,240	1,285	1,319	1,336

At this time, Mims Elementary School, Madison Middle School and Astronaut High School are projected to have enough capacity for the total of projected and potential students from the Brooks Landing Phase 2 development.

This is a <u>non-binding</u> review; a *Concurrency Determination* must to be performed by the School District prior to a Final Development Order and the issuance of a Concurrency Evaluation Finding of Nondeficiency by the Local Government.

We appreciate the opportunity to review this proposed project. Please let us know if you require additional information.

Sincerely

David G. Lindemann, AICP

Director - Facilities Planning & Intergovernmental Coordination

Planning & Project Management, Facilities Services

Enclosure:

Brevard County Public Schools Financially Feasible Plan for School Years

2018-19 to 2023-24

Copy:

Susan Hann, Assistant Superintendent of Facilities Services

File CD-2019-18

Brevard County Public Schools Financially Feasible Plan To Maintain Utilization Rates Lower than the 100% Level of Service Data and Analysis for School Years 2018-19 to 2023-24



1023-23

2021-22

righted Utilization Missile Schoolle Highest Utilization us / Sr High Schools		86%						1		99% 92% 96%	1		99% 100% 66%			92% 92%	96% 96% 94%					
Highest Ullization High Schools				1935							2775 1925							107%	99%			
				Scho	nol Year 201	-	Ach	of Year 2019		Sch	ne Year Did	-31	Sele	ool Year 2021	1-23	Sch	101 Year 2022	-23	Sch	of Year 1023	3-24	
Behool	Туре	Cirades	Utilization Factor	FISH Capasity	10/13/19 Member- ship	Total Capasity Utilization	Future Fitted Capacity	Student Projection	Capacity Contaction	Future Fittie Capacity	Student Projection	Total Capacity Officeston	Future PISH Capacity	Brudent Projection	Capacity Utilization	Future FISH Capacity	Student Projection	Total Capacity Utilization	Future Fitted Copacity	Statent Projection	Capacity Utilization	
								Elemer	tare Sci	nool Concu	rmner Sa	ruico Aro	76									
New Central Elementary	Elementary	5.6	100%		_	9%		1000000	700	I With	£13	24	970	629	68%	970	756	Alle	970	Yes	Atte	
Alter	Elementary	296-6	100%	751	711.	900	751	217	THE REAL PROPERTY.	21	500	MARINE	781	725	97%	281	716	0674	751	7013		
Ancierten	Elementary	1.0	100%	584	720	#1%	884	706	nin.	894	990	STATE OF	834	688	78%	554	899	7979	854	700		
Apolio	Elementary	56	100%	907	847	JH/S	997	.001	0.25	902	177		902	199	99%	902	901	102%	924	925		
Attance	Elementary	PK-8	100%	739	713	90%	730	683	64-	736	900	N. 10-10-10	123	619	91%	139	650	85%	736	041		
Authbon	Elementary	PK-6	100%	761	556	79%	761	538 850	77%	100	841	THE STATE OF	761	485	64%	761	476	83%	791	193		
Cambridge Cape View	Elementary Elementary	PK-G	100%	540	381	70%	765	300	92 %	796 SAS	545	64%	765 549	328	60%	765 548	320	56%	765 546	- 12		
Carroll	Elementary	K-6	100%	751	664	68%	761	601	81%	ms	637	455	751	547	70%	755	565	79%	751	301		
Challenger 7	Clementary	PK-6	100%	673	571	100%	555	877	671	504	341		593	520	00%	595	510	87%	195	500		
Columbia	Elementary	PK-6	100%	751	470	64%	751	449	65%	758	130	1000	761	446	59%	751	447	60%	251	437		
Coquina	Electentary	K-0	100%	711	515	72%	793	452	65%	251	127	00%	711	404	67%	711	374	5314	711	357	10%	
Creer	Elementary	DKR	100%	1 184	846	73%	1,154	853	74%	1.154	644	145	1,154	876	76%	1,154	916	80%	1,154	332		
Ceolun	Elementary	PKA	100%	795	552	59%	795	556	65%	795	353	195	795	821	78%	795	626	75/54	795	421		
Discovery	It lementacy	1966	100%	980	844	68%	980	600	92%	960	547	000	963	577	5654	980	592	60%	940	592		
Endeavour	Elementary	PK-6	100%	729	500	67% 82%	129	849	05%	-	213	250	950	580 615	84%	129	632	67% 57%	120	17A		
Fargino	Elementary	PICE	100%	789	531	80%	187	979	200	728	245	38%	789	706	80%	189	732	93.5s	769	745		
Gemni	Elementary	6.0	100%	711	405	66%	711	457	621	716	461	43%	711	430	60%	711	417	50%	721	418		
Gotteen	Elementary	PK-8	100%	777	865	21%	777	517	87%	277	825	4.7%	377	510	06%	1777	512	661s	777	503		
Harbor Gity	Elementary	PK-8	100%	529	371	59%	629	365	55%	425	547	50%	629	345	53%	829	366	55%	029	062		
Hoduret	Tierrestary	PK-6	100%	608	497	82%	605	510	01%	505	\$12	3450	908 751	907	34%	605	509	34%	975	311	84%	
Program fi shakes	Elementary	N-6	100%	729	639	85%	729	550	00%	TRA.	800	200		536	55%	773	629	81%	173	011		
indialante	Elementary	1641	100%	796	740	90%	798	787	A29.11	TMS.	781	10000	798	740	02%	790	250	94.%	798	765		
Jupitel Lockman	Elementary	P90-6	100%	930	726	78%	030	674	74%	900	74	365	950	795	72%	936	828	7714	930	850		
Longleaf	Dementary	PK-0	100%	700	647	78%	892 790	Bati	004	792	6113		790	905	77%	790	591	75%	TVO	688		
Minaise	Elementary	84	100%	954	919	20%	984	980	1000	STATE OF THE PARTY		1055	954	801	64%	954	863	84%	954	782		
McAydte	Elementary	PK-6	100%	910	777	60%	918	783	65%	500	- 20	1911	915	555	71%	918	604	00%	918	590		
Meadowless konmodate	Dementary	3.6	100%	1,114	858	78%	1314	847	50h	3.116	- C455		1,114	856	80%	1,314	943	85%	1.114	978		
Masowiana Primary	Elementary	7.4	100%	824	626	76%	624	637	77%	824	266	715	104	682	83%	824	700	85%	824	764		
Mila	Chimertary	PH-6	100%	107	#00	der.	(0)	440	04%	roif	442	037-	107	447	92%	707	447	93%	707	483	0.85%	
Mirne	Elementary	PK 8	100%	726	479	66%	735	473	689	723	450	62%	725	456	65%	725	485	67%	725	478		
Dat Park	l'emertory.	PKG	100%	968	723	.75%	(488	875	77%	901 574	665	WY.	900	637	66%	965	629	65%	968	622		
Ocean Breeze Palm Bey	Elementary	PK-6	100%	1,005	512 615	81%	1,000	524	80% 60%	1.003	911 622	14%	1,000	556	70%	1,005	400	75%	954	400		
Prevaces	Elementary	PX4	100%	569	517	915	565	306	10%	1,50%	000	Control of	591	912	BITS	638	518	82%	979	530		
Port Malabar	Elementary	296-0	100%	862	868	91%	862	452	80%	812	1	742	852	807	71%	852	613	72%	402	804	79%	
Quest.	Elementary	PK-8	100%	1,022	1.089	107%	1,055	1,164	105%	1'000	970	200	1.068	547	87%	1.058	875	80%	1.06a	674		
Hivees	Electeritary	PK-6	100%	277	692	mrs	m	\$67	60%	777	771	11/1/20	601	647	20%	805	802	45%	80.5	1944		
Noosevell .	Elementary	K-5	100%	599	350	63%	530	380	.00m	549	238	0.00	199	301	55%	599	324	54%	504	123		
(Jaha)	Elementary	PK-8	100%	760	538	68%	T85	533	158%	755	216	445	785	107	55%	755	414	935	785	495		
Saturn	Elementary	PKA	100%	876	833	A7%	-505	877	00%	4/3	301	No.	976	903	203	919	987	- 00%	1,086	1,973		
See Park	Elementary	PK-5	100%	401	321	7916	401	333	72%	411	428	1000	4/11	300 410	66%	461	306	73%	764	100		
Sherwood South Lake	Elementary	K-8	100%	509	456 311	46%	600	348	23%	417	345	100	437	340	67% 82%	619	348	97%	609	422		
Suprase	Elementary	PK-6	100%	913	920	90%	913	500	65%	913	800		013	244	927%	913	393	97%	235	914		
author.	Elementary	K-6	100%	755	675	39%	768	665	AT%	750	100	74%	755	515	08%	755	498	06%	755	517		
liufside	Elementary	K-6	100%	547	460	85%	541	450	BANK	541	842	82%	941	421	78%	541	420	PERM	341	392		
Propical	Elementary	6-5	100%	910	925	93%	910	#21	100	910	825	Charles	910	829	91%	910	513	89%	910	832	S-196963	
Exercise	Elementary	PK-6	100%	1174	562	64%	nre	819	89%	874	521	An	874	103	38%	974	102	57%	1874	510	1100000	
Joversity Park	Elementary	PK-0	100%	.611	473	58%	815	429	60%	811	2006	/ 1989	817	672	. 02%	811	721	09%	811	700		
Nestude	Elementary	16-5	100%	857	709	30%	867	724	8475	107	143	1973	857	737	20%	857	829	97%	901	1992		
Wilder	Dementary	PKG	102%	715		8.5	718	508	79%	715	574	134 1	715	500	74%	7.15	571	73%	715	- 505		
Elementary Totals				41,510	33,169		41,554	32,732		42 824	XE,477		42,951	22,553		45,044	32,186		43.264	33,392		

(127

Facilities Services / DGL

4 P. 105 , 55 InqA

Page 1

Cirina	N/O	-		JEST		10.3		Mide	ila Schoo	of Concurren	nev Servi	ce Areas	AND DAVID								
Delaute	Mickelle	1.0	501	1,525	1,193	78%	1.525	7.190	78%	YAN	1,265	C. Hibido	1,525		-					201	Valle I
Hoover	Middle	7.8	50%	939	814	87%	921	828	58%	990	CLB.	1100		1,250	81%	1,525	1,195	78%	3,525	1,207	79%
Jackson	Middle	153	90%	659	506	77%	609	600	PRIS.	550	512	200	938	360 512	92%	909	824	93%	101	872	191
Jeffarson	Middle	7-8	9018	654	345	H%.	654	548	84%	536	504		054	637	78%	809	502	76%	659	454	25%
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Milde	2.3	90%	854	900	72%	854	867	78%	THE REAL PROPERTY.	631	74%	854		70%	674	664	39%	713	938	- EAN
annage spanne	Middle	9.4	90%	*,000 613	794	74%	1,000	THE	-76%	1,000	200	100	1,000	595		354	573	67%	864	530	27%
Matison	Mode	2.4	90%	745	611	75%	813	621	70%	013	625	80%	813	600	85%	1,000	704	76%	1,000	701	740
AcNan	Micde -	7.6	50%	511	492	665%	745	496	B15c	745	427	100	745	495	63%	243	730		613	712	55%
idultions:	Minds	7-8	50%	1,177	480	79%	811	365	STANKS	5611	539	100	611	525	56%		455	6176	743	475	40%
OCT IN	Micro	7.6	90%	1.024	833	71%	1,177	636	TIN	1,170	244	104	1.07	107	516	1.177	552	90%	616	569	136
licitle Totals			30.4			77%	1,024	1074	E0%	1,044	201		1.044	1,041	100%	1,044	990	79%	1,372	929	790
-SITELESCO				9,000	7,669		3,889	7,823		19,019	5,275		10,019	8,510	ONE	10,039	8 223	205	10,078	945	3.34%
							Jur	dor / Ser	ior High	h School Cor		Camilas	Amana				-76385		19,074	8,197	-
0008	Jr. f. Sir Frigh		90%	1,782	1.577	52%	1,782	1,582	- A												
loccar Beech	Av r Se High		9014	1,400	1.013	69%	E.466	1,007	Bire	2.002	1,570	255	2.052	1,762	300%	2.052	1.862	925.	2.062	1,029	5439
place Coast	Jr / Sr High	7.12	30%	1,667	1,680	85%	1.857	2.560	815	1,496	975	32N/V	1.466	975	67%	1.466	960	05%	1.466	624	
e & Se High Yotals			_	3,105	4,174				30.74		1.566	280	1,857	1,556	5416	1.657	1.213	8116	1,857	1,507	2011k
				30,02	5.1/.5		5,105	4,179		8.378	6,725	1	6.371	4,793		5,375	4,345		5,378	4.560	#179
	free .		- 10	1,000			13.54	Senior I	ligh Sch	nool Concurr	oney Sor	vine Area	W 10								
Stromand	High	9-12	95%	1,440	1.07e	74%	1.446	1,061	78%	1 448	1,101	THE RESERVE						13111	1000	MINIST THE	940060
au Gallie	High	9-12	95%	2,238	1,706	70%	7.235	1,655	74%	2,035	1,001	10%	1.445 2.235	1,144	30%	1,445	1.176	81%	1,445	1,139	1826
erlage	Huti	PK, 9-17	92%	2,232	1,676	75%	2.232	1,687	70%	2.232	5,093		2,235			2,235	1.901	45%	2.235	2,000	90%
attourne	Hegh	9-12	95%	2,314	1,851	70%	2,314	1.007	75%	2314	5 5/5/5	Acres 1	2.222	1,770	20%	2,232	1.609	85%	2.222	1,632	62%
erritt tslamil	Halt	9.12	95%	2,356	2.113	90%	2.356	2.134	2316	2266	2100	**********	- 2314	1,000	465	2,314	2,041	66%	2.314	2 550	22%
Not they	High	PK 9-12	95%	1,915	1.542	81%	1.016	1,655	97%	1.015	1.471	F25		2 353	100%	2.474	2,455	56%	2.517	2.470	25.0
onsiedoe	1990	198, 5, 14	35%	2,610	1,542	59%	2.613	1,583	87%	2013	1.700		2.013	1,627	82%	1,915	1,598	83%	1,915	1.582	000
abeline	High	9-12	95%	1,701	1,510	00%	1,701	1.555	86%	2.701	1.541		1.701	1,790	69%	2.013	2,011	27%	2.013	2.524	82%
Natrolle		PK, 0-12	95%	1,510	1,328	88%	1,510	1,245	80%	9 444	1.371	1 400 mg	1,610	1,563	903%	1,701	1,599	911	1,701	1.607	200
dia.	High		95%	1,672	1,351	74%	1,872	1,343	22%	5.072	7.611	759	1,677		25%	1,516	1,367	91%	1,510	1,392	4250
gh Totals	17.00	PK 9-12	95%	2,277	2,157	30 h	2.277	2,195	200	2.227	2 300		2.467	2,445	78%	1.872	1,990	35%	1,072	3,877	100%
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Facilities Services / DGL April 22, 2019 Page 3

Planning and Development Department



2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way Building A Viera, Florida 32940

Inter-Office Memo

TO:

Board of County Commissioners

FROM:

Tad Calkins, Director

Cc:

Frank Abbate, County Manager

John Denninghoff, P.E., Assistant County Manager

DATE:

July 23, 2020

SUBJECT:

19PZ00158 (Theodore Goodenow) Addendum to Staff Comments

The purpose of this memo is to provide the Board an updated analysis of the third draft of the Binding Development Plan (BDP). During the June 15, 2020, public hearing the Planning and Zoning Board (PZ) tabled the zoning application due to concerns relating to the number of lots allowed on the eastern side of Hammock Road. At the July 6, 2020 PZ meeting, the applicant submitted the copy of the third draft BDP. On July 22, 2020, the applicant submitted the 4th draft of the BDP, containing the following special conditions. (*Staff comments in italics*):

- a. The Developer/Owner shall limit the project density to 62 Units with the current Future Land Use Designation of RES 2. RES 2 Future Land Use designation is consistent with the west side of Hammock Rd.
- b. The Developer/Owner will hook up to Titusville Water and Sewer services. Comp plan does not require water & sewer services for 2 units to the acre.
- c. The total maximum density for the project will include the 4.845 acres of land on the east side of Hammock Rd. and the 26.328 acres of land on the west side of Hammock Rd. and shall be limited to a cumulative 62 units. This is not a reduction or restriction on the number of units; 62 units is the maximum number of units that RES 2 will allow on the property.
- d. The land on the East side of Hammock Rd. shall be limited to half-acre or larger lots. Any lots allowed by the zoning category on the eastern portion of the Property can be recaptured on western portion of the Property so that the average density of the east side and west side combined are 2 units per acre or 62 units total. While this condition appears to restrict the number of units, it allows the applicant to allocate 8 units from the east side to the west side of Hammock Rd. The west could be developed with a total of 60 instead of 52 units.
- e. The minimum lot size is 9,000 sq. ft. for lots on the west side of Hammock Rd. Requires the minimum lot size in the development to be larger than the 6,600 sq. ft. minimum size of the zoning classification.

f. There shall be a 25' buffer on the west property line of the west 26.328-acre parcel that will include landscaping or a fence. There shall be a 25' buffer that will include landscaping on the north property line of the east 4.845-acre parcel. The pepper trees along the north property line of the east 4.845-acre parcel shall be cleared at the time of site development, provided they are not in wetlands that would require mitigation. At the July 6, 2020, the Planning and Zoning Board to recommend the following inclusion:

A 25-foot buffer on the north property line of the east 4.845-acre parcel, to be a continuation of the 15-foot perimeter undisturbed vegetative buffer; and a 25-foot buffer on the west property line of the west 26.328-acre parcel with a 6-foot opaque fence. The board should note the Subdivision Code requires a 15-foot natural buffer tract along the perimeter of the subdivision.

The Board may wish to consider whether these stipulations within the proposed BDP mitigate potential impacts of the requested zoning classification with the existing development within the surrounding area.

Attachment: 4th Draft Binding Development Plan, revised July 22, 2020.

5th Draft BDP 19PZ00158 Goodenow (submitted 08/06/20)

Prepared by: Charles B. Genoni Beachland Managers, LLC 4760 N. US1 #201 Melbourne FL 32935

BINDING DEVELOPMENT PLAN

DEVELOPMENT PLAN
THIS AGREEMENT, entered into thisday of, 20 between the
BOARD OF COMMISIONERS OF BREVARD COUNTY, FLORIDA, a political subdivision of the
State of Florida (hereinafter referred to as "County") and Theodore C. Goodenow, (hereinafter
referred to as Owner").
RECITALS
WHEREAS, Developer/Owner owns property (hereinafter referred to as the "Property") in
Brevard County, Florida, as more particularly described in Exhibit "A" attached hereto and
incorporated herein by this reference; and
WHEREAS, Developer/Owner has requested the RU 1-9 zoning classification and desire
to develop the Property as a Single-Family Subdivision, and pursuant to the Brevard County Code
Section 62-1157; and
WHEREAS, as part of its plan for development of the Property, Developer/Owner wishes
to mitigate negative impact on abutting land owners and affected facilities or services; and
WHEREAS, the County is authorized to regulate development of the
Property. NOW, THEREFORE, the parties agree as follows:
1. The County shall not be required or obligated in any way to construct or maintain or
participate in any way in the construction or maintenance of the improvements. It is the intent of the

2. The following conditions shall apply:

any improvements.

a. The Developer/Owner shall limit the project density to 62 Units with the current Future
 Land Use Designation of RES 2.

parties that the Developer/Owner, its grantees, successors or assigns in interest or some other

association and/or assigns satisfactory to the County shall be responsible for the maintenance of

- b. The Developer/Owner will hook up to Titusville Water and Sewer services.
- c. The total maximum destiny for the project will include the 4.845 acres of land on the east side of Hammack Rd. and the 26.328 acres of land on the west side of Hammack Rd. and shall be limited to a cumulative 62 units.
- d. The land on East side of Hammock Rd. shall be limited to one ½ acre or larger lot. Any lots allowed by the zoning category on the eastern portion of the Property can be recaptured on western portion of the Property so that the average density of the east side and west side combined is 2 units per acre or 62 units total.
- e. The minimum lot size shall be 9,000 sq. ft. for lots on the west side of Hammock Rd.
- f. There shall be a 25' buffer on the west property line of the west 26.328-acre parcel that will include landscaping (see Exhibit B) or a fence. There shall be a 25' buffer that will include landscaping (see Exhibit B) on the north property line of the east 4.845-acre parcel. The pepper trees along the north property line of the east 4.845-acre parcel shall be cleared at the time of site development, provided they are not in wetlands that would require mitigation.
- 3. Developer/Owner shall comply with all regulations and ordinances of Brevard County, Florida. This Agreement constitutes Developer's/Owner's agreement to meet additional standards or restrictions in developing the Property. This agreement provides no vested rights against changes to the Comprehensive Plan or land development regulations as they may apply to this Property.
- 4. Developer/Owner, upon execution of this Agreement, shall pay to the Clerk of Courts the cost of recording this Agreement in the Public Records of Brevard County, Florida.

- 6. Violation of this Agreement will also constitute a violation of the Zoning Classification and this Agreement may be enforced by Sections 1.7 and 62-5, Code of Ordinances of Brevard County, Florida, as may be amended.
- 7. Conditions precedent. All mandatory conditions set forth in this Agreement mitigate the potential for incompatibility and must be satisfied before Developer/Owner may implement the approved use(s), unless stated otherwise. The failure to timely comply with any mandatory condition is a violation of this Agreement, constitutes a violation of the Zoning Classification and is subject to enforcement action as described in Paragraph 6 above.

IN WITNESS THEREOF, the parties hereto have caused these presents to be signed all as of the date and year first written above.

ATTEST:	BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF BREVARD COUNTY, FLORIDA 2725 Judge Fran Jamison Way Viera, FL 32940
Scott Ellis, Clerk (SEAL)	As approved by the Board on
(Please note: you must have two witnesses a as one witness.)	and a notary for each signature required, the notary may serve
WITNESSES:	OWNER
	Theodore C. Goodenow
(Witness Name typed or printed)	605 Sugartown St Port St. John FL 32927
(Witness Name typed or Printed)	

STATE OF			
COUNTY OF			
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me thisday of,20,			
by, as	of		
who is personally known or produced	as identification.		
My commission expires Commission no SEAL	Notary Public (Name typed, printed or stamped)		

Exhibit "A"

Account 2105262

N 1/2 of NE $\frac{1}{2}$ of SW $\frac{1}{2}$ lying W of Hammock Rd & S $\frac{1}{2}$ of NE $\frac{1}{2}$ of SW $\frac{1}{2}$ Exc RD R/W Pars 502,506 & 543

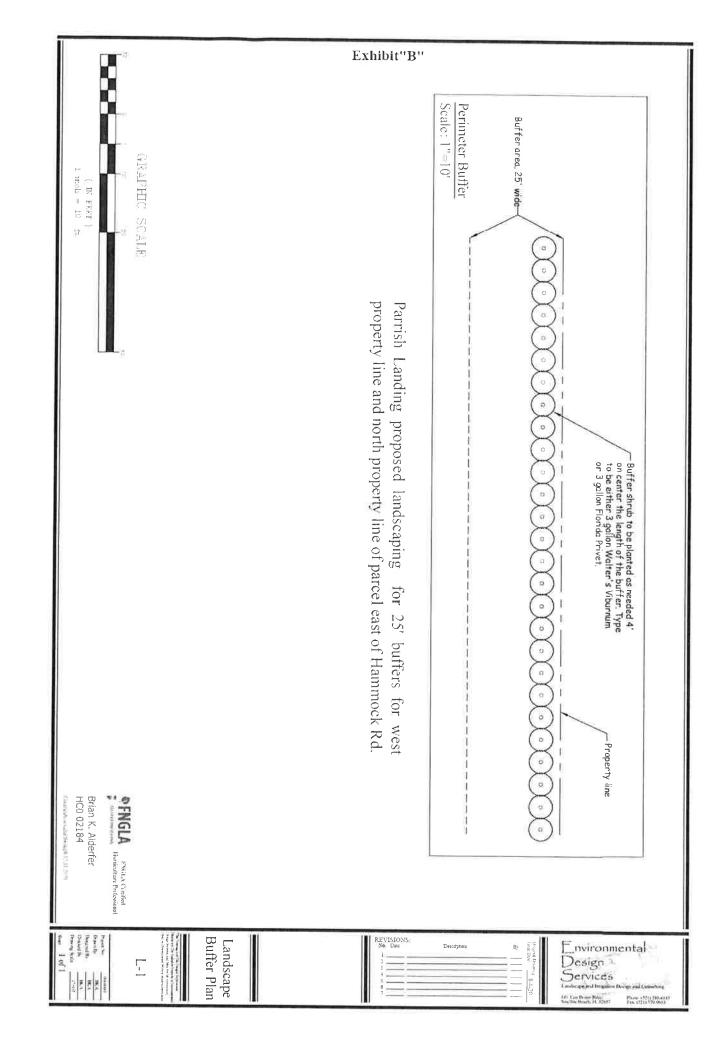
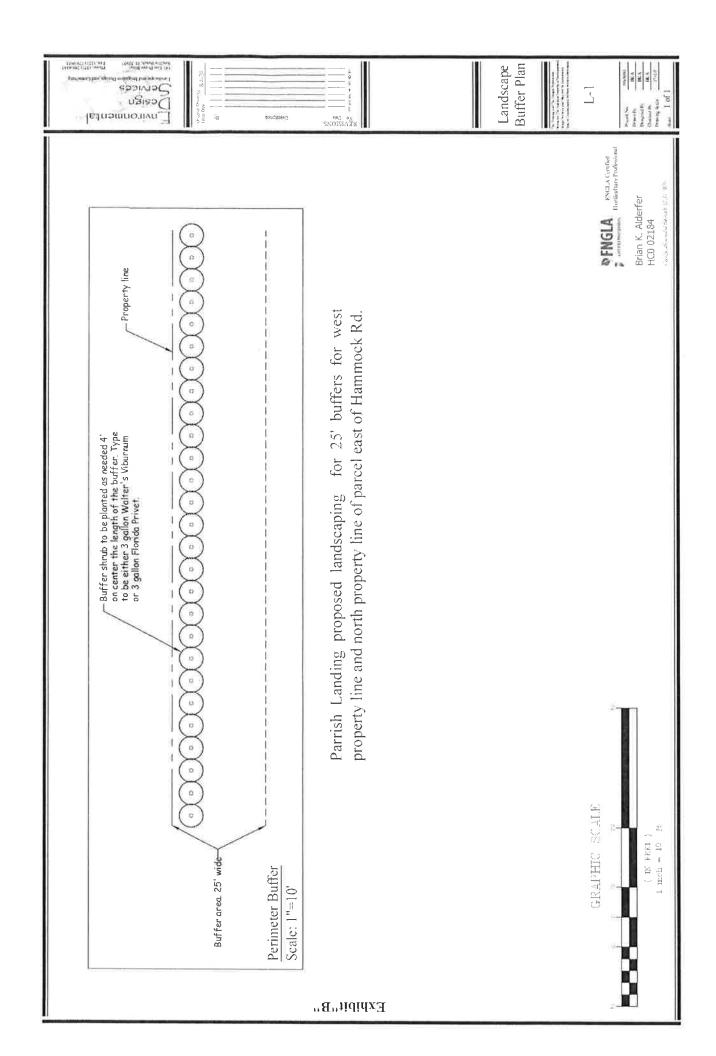


Exhibit "A"

Account 2105262

N 1/2 of NE % of SW % lying W of Hammock Rd & S % of NE % of SW % Exc RD R/W Pars 502,506 & 543



PLANNING AND ZONING BOARD MINUTES

The Brevard County Planning & Zoning Board/Local Planning Agency met in regular session on **Monday, June 15, 2020,** at **3:00 p.m.**, in the Florida Room, Building C, Brevard County Government Center, 2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way, Viera, Florida.

The meeting was called to order at 3:00 p.m.

Board members present were: Ron Bartcher; Brian Hodgers; Harry Carswell; Ben Glover; Mark Wadsworth, Chair; Peter Filiberto, Vice Chair; Bruce Moia; Joe Buchanan; and Dane Theodore.

Staff members present were: Jeffrey Ball, Planning and Zoning Manager; Jad Brewer, Assistant County Attorney; George Ritchie, Planner III; and Jennifer Jones, Special Projects Coordinator.

Excerpt of Complete Minutes Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni / Kim Rezanka)

A Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment (20S.02) to change the Future Land Use designation from PI (Planned Industrial) to RES 2 (Residential 2). The property is 4.85 acres, located on the east side of Hammock Road, approximately 650 feet south of Parrish Road. (1930 Hammock Road, Titusville) (20PZ00024) (Tax Account 2105262 – partial) (District 1)

Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni / Kim Rezanka)

A change of zoning classification from AU (Agricultural Residential) to RU-1-9 (Single-Family Residential), with a BDP (Binding Development Plan) limited to 62 units. The property is 31.43 acres, located on the west side of Hammock Road, approximately 650 feet south of Parrish Road. (1930 Hammock Road, Titusville) (19PZ00158) (Tax Account 2105262) (District 1)

Kim Rezanka, Cantwell & Goldman, Cocoa Village, representing Beachland Managers and Theordore Goodenow, stated the requests are two matters to encompass all 31.43 acres of the entire property. The Comprehensive Plan amendment is the 4.845 acres on the east side of Hammock Road. (Ms. Rezanka presented handouts to the board. The handouts can be found in files 19PZ00158 and 20PZ00024, located in the Planning and Development Department). She said the aerial map shows the different zoning in the immediate area. The Future Land Use (FLU) is RES 2 (Residential 2) on the west side of Hammock Road, and then PI (Planned Industrial) on the right side. There's not much in the way of Planned Industrial on the east side of Hammock Road; there is single-family residential to the north of the proposal; then PIP (Planned Industrial Park) to the east. She continued, there is City of Titusville property belonging to SE Power, which is aptly developed; there is the East Central Florida Railroad that has a substation in the far northeast corner; and there is a vacant parcel, which is also owned by SE Power. The SE Power land in the City of Titusville is where they keep their trucks and business offices. SE Power is in the construction and maintenance of power lines and fiberoptic installation, so it's not a heavy industrial use, even if it is zoned that way.

She stated there are 11 single-family home directly across from SE Power; there are a number of single-family homes to the north, even though they are zoned PI; and PIP allows single-family homes at one unit per acre. There is TR-2 zoning to the north of the comprehensive plan parcel allowing two units per acre, but half-acre lots are required. To the west of the complete parcel, including that on the other side of Hammock Road, there is one unit per acre, and below that there is 72 acres of property within the City limits that is PUD (Planned Unit Development), at a density of two units per acre. She noted at the bottom of the larger site plan she provided there is a location map depicting the area before the board today; and the area below it is the 71.99 acres of PUD also owned by Beachland Managers, that was approved by Titusville in 2019, allowing two units per acre, with a maximum of 143 units, and with houses anywhere from 6,000 square feet and higher. She stated

Page 2 of the staff comments for the comprehensive plan amendment talks about Policy 3.5 of the FLU element that Planned Industrial is intended to have light industrial and business uses; however, that's really not applicable here because there is no industrial uses in the area. Housing has existed in the area since the 1980's before PI was even assigned to it, and it's only industrial because of the SE Power Corporation property to the south. Future Land Use designation 1.1, Criteria B, states this land has had a PI land designation since 1988, but houses have been in the PI land use designation since before that designation. Page 4, under RES 2, Policy 1.18, Criteria A, it says the subject parcel is not immediately adjacent to RES 2. She said they disagree with staff because Hammock Road is the only dividing line, and Hammock Road, in theory, would allow that property to be annexed over a road, so they believe it is immediately adjacent. She asked that the board adopt the comprehensive plan amendment of 4.845 acres from PI to RES 2 and believe that it is adjacent to RES 2.

Ms. Rezanka addressed the rezoning request for the entire 31.43 acres, and stated the property to the west of Hammock Road is RES 2, so RU-1-9 with a BDP is consistent, but if the board does not adopt the comprehensive plan amendment it would not be consistent with the parcel on the east side of Hammock Road. She stated the TR-1 zoning to the south of the subject parcel on the west side of Hammock Road requires 7,500 square-foot lots, and there are two that were built in 2003 and 2004; they could be smaller lots, and they are small houses. To the west of the parcel is RRMH-1, which are one-acre lots and there's a wide variety of types of homes of approximately 840 square feet, such as single-family, and manufactured, some of which are single and some are double. The property immediately to the south is the PUD from 2019 that was adopted by the City of Titusville, and the entire ordinance has been provided to staff for the record. There are half-acre lots, and 7,500 squarefoot lots all around both subject parcels, the whole 31-acre parcel. She stated RU-1-9 requires 6,600 square-foot lots with a minimum floor area of 900 square feet. The property to the south that was rezoned in 2019 has 143 units, and 2 units to the acre. Page 3 of the rezoning staff comments, under Primary Concurrency, it states there is no anticipated decrease in maximum acceptable volume to U.S. 1, there is also no school concurrency issue, and although the property does not have water and sewer, the BDP states that the property will connect to City water and sewer. She said her client attempted to annex the property into the City for their services, but the City said it is not appropriate to annex, which is why they are in front of the County for this zoning change.

Mark Wadsworth asked why Titusville said it was not appropriate to annex. Ms. Rezanka replied she believes they thought it was too far from the hook-ups, but the PUD to the south will bring the water and sewer, so they will be able to connect.

Ron Bartcher advised a Planning Official from Titusville told him the City felt it would create an enclave, and State Statutes say you can't do that.

Ms. Rezanka stated the proposed BDP limits the density to two units per acre and asks for the RU-1-9 zoning to allow flexibility and design. She noted there's already a very large retention pond on the parcel they will have to work around. The intent of doing both parcels is to have the drainage structures and amenities on the east side of the property. If the board feels it necessary to put that in the BDP, or to limit the number of houses on the east side of Hammock Road, Mr. Genoni is willing to do that. This property has been owned by Mr. Goodenow since 1983; there's been no development on this property; it's not been feasible to develop because of the water and sewer, but bringing the water and sewer will improve what could be there with septic tanks. She asked the board to approve the comprehensive plan amendment on the 4.8-acre parcel on the east side of Hammock Road and the entire rezoning to RU-1-9 on the 31.43 acres, with the BDP. She noted she has put in to the

public record the parcel detail records from the PAO website of all the property around the subject property, just so it's in the record that they are one-half acre or 7,500 square-foot lots. She further noted that none of the objection letters are from the adjacent neighbors.

Bruce Moia asked what the lot sizes will be. Ms. Rezanka replied they only have to be 7,500 square feet. She said Mr. Genoni believes they are going to be bigger than that, but he hasn't done any engineering on the property yet, so he hasn't done a site plan.

Harry Carswell asked if the elevation of this subdivision been determined. Ms. Rezanka replied no, and there are some issues on the west side of Hammock Road, but her client has not done the elevations.

Public Comment:

Laurilee Thompson, 3550 Irwin Avenue, Mims, stated she is opposed to the change in land use. The proposed amendment to the FLU map will place RES 2 into an area of Planned Industrial, resulting in residential encroachment into a designated industrial area. The subject parcel does not serve as a transition between land uses with a density greater than two units per acre, and areas with lesser density. It's surrounded by PI land use; immediately north of the subject parcel is TR-3 zoning, which are modular and mobile home residences on approximately half-acre and one-acre lots. The subject parcel is not located adjacent to an incorporated area that would be considered a logical transition for RES 2. The City of Titusville boundary is located approximately 200 feet south of the subject property where a developed parcel with heavy industrial zoning and an industrial Future Land Use currently exists. Additionally, the subject parcel contains 100% hydric soils and a small area of mapped St. Johns River Water Management District wetlands. The potential exists for listed species, and a majority of the property is mapped as being within AE and X floodplains as shown on the FEMA flood zone map. The AE designation indicates areas that are at high risk for flooding. Flood zone X is an area that's designated by FEMA as having a moderate or minimal risk of flooding. She stated she has seen Hammock Road flood so badly, driving on it isn't possible; the ditches are full, running over into the properties. She noted there's not a lot of PI zoning in northern Brevard and who's to say that with the activities increasing at the space center that the proximity of this property to the Titusville railroad bridge, which connects the Florida East Coast Railway to the space center, may be a used for industrial on this piece of property. She addressed the rezoning request for RU-1-9, and stated she is not opposed to growth. She noted she sat on the Planning and Zoning Board 13 years ago and supported projects for the developer that had four houses per acre in Mims. She stated those developments were within the core area of Mims, where there is water and sewer service; they were appropriate for those areas. Although the area between Jay Jay Road and Parrish Road doesn't fall within the boundaries of the Mims Small Area Study, it should be considered a transition zone to move from the higher densities of Titusville to the lower densities proposed in the Mims Small Area Study, which suggests that higher densities shall take place along and near U.S. 1, with the densities moving from four houses per acre, to two house per acre, and one house per acre, and as you get closer to Hammock Road, the densities go from one house per 2.5 acres, to one house per 5 acres, and one house per 10 acres. The bigger lots are closest to the Lagoon. She stated diminishing densities as you approach the Lagoon was what the Mims community wanted. The subject property is 650 feet from where the Mims small area boundary begins at Parrish Road. The Mims community felt so strongly about keeping densities low in order to protect the Lagoon, they created a shoreline preservation overlay zone along the Lagoon shoreline and the near-shoreline area. Any type of development within this zone, except what occurs on multi-acre lots should be discouraged. The

shoreline preservation overlay zone was the expressed wish of the community in order to keep the Lagoon area in Mims from being developed as other shorelines have been. If the shoreline preservation zone overlay was extended south from Parrish Road, the east side of the this proposed property would be adjacent to the shoreline overlay. A lot of relatively undisturbed hammock land exists along the waterfront here. This is a feature the Mims community views as positive and wishes to preserve. Another factor is that this area coincides with the State-defined Coastal High Hazard Area. Comprehensive Plan Amendments are expected to reduce development intensities in this highrisk zone. For the proposed development, the shoreline of the Indian River Lagoon will only be 850 feet away. There's a salt marsh only 200 feet from the property that is connected to the Lagoon through a culvert that goes underneath the railroad track. The eastern side of the subject property is the same distance from the river as are the lakes in the Chain of Lakes Park. Allowing this change in land use and zoning will set a precedent along both sides of Hammock Road for others who wish to develop in the future. In the Mims small area plan nothing less than one home per 2.5 acres was suggested for either side of Hammock Road unless it is a pre-existing zoning. The developer is asking for the same density as Brooks Landing Phase I, which is further to the west and closer to U.S. 1. The homes that already exist are mostly on one acre or larger lots and they've been there for decades. Aside from Brooks Landing Phase 1 to the west, there is no pattern of higher density development. She stated there are other properties in North Brevard where this kind of density is acceptable. She said Hammock Road, from where it starts at the north end of the Chain of Lakes Park, all the way to where it ends north of the County line, does not have any existing housing close to the river that is similar to what the developer is proposing. She concluded by saying there's no precedent of any changes to existing land use or zoning along Hammock Road and this stretch of the Lagoon; therefore, there is no reason to start the process of allowing changes.

Terri LaPlante, 4052 Friar Tuck Lane, Melbourne, stated she is against the rezoning of property for Phase II of Brooks Landing as it lies too close to the Indian River Lagoon. The voice of the residents of Brevard County made clear that they want the Lagoon restored, and taxed themselves to restore the Lagoon. She stated despite everything being done to restore the Lagoon, it is not enough and the growth must be managed of any nearby development. The prosperity of the state and local community depends upon cleaning up the waterways and protecting what is left of the drinking water supplies. She noted the Florida Department of Environmental Protection Basin Management Plan mandates that since the North Indian River Lagoon is an impaired water that currently does not meet State water quality standards, new development in the basin cannot increase nutrient loads to the Lagoon. Also, to ensure the future growth does not add to the degradation of the North Indian River Lagoon, local governments must be proactive in controlling loads from future growth. The FEP recommends low-impact development to minimize the impact of new developments. She urged the board to enforce compliance with the comprehensive plans that are in place to ensure the economic prosperity of the majority rather than a single business interest.

Kim Rezanka stated residential is seen as less intense than industrial. Single-family homes are allowed in PIP zoning, and they are there now to the east side of Hammock Road. She said she doesn't believe this is introducing RES 2 to industrial, she believes it is an extension across Hammock Road and an existing RES 2. There's mostly wetlands on the property to the east of this Future Land Use application, so it's likely nothing will be built there and that's what the residents want, they don't want anything to be built there because it's been that way for so long. The soils, floodplains, and wetlands are all site plan issues. Currently, even though the land use is industrial, the zoning is AU, so it's still going to have to be rezoned to something allowed in Planned Industrial, and that could be a junkyard, a hotel, or overnight commercial parking, versus several homes, a drainage

pond, or amenities that are planned for the east side of Hammock Road. She noted Brooks Landing Phase I will not be interconnected to the subject property. The residents did not want that and Mr. Genoni agreed not to combine Phase I with Phase II because of the traffic concerns on the road to the south. The Brooks Landing Phase I to the south of the property at issue is a trend because all of this other land has been developed long ago. As to other development along the Indian River, at least to the south there are several mobile home parks along the river, so there is development next to the river. As to Ms. LaPlante's concerns, this development will be connected to sewer as part of the binding development plan; if it's not connected to sewer then it cannot be built. She asked the board to approve the comprehensive plan amendment and rezoning.

Mr. Wadsworth asked if the BDP states the project will also be connected to water. Ms. Rezanka replied yes, and the developer will have to bring that, which will be beneficial to both developments if this is approved.

Peter Filiberto stated he agrees PI is more impactful than residential; however, it does seem to be a high-impact development project with 32 acres and the developer wants 62 lots. He noted that usually as a rule of thumb 25% is subtracted for roads, utilities, et cetera, so he sees it more as 47 houses and that's an impact in itself. He asked if the developer was stuck on RU-1-9. Ms. Rezanka replied RU-1-9 is the 6,600 square foot lots, and noted she doesn't have the authority from the developer to do anything lesser, but if the board wanted to limit it to larger lots, such as 7,500 square foot lots, which is what the properties to the south are, she doesn't think that would be a problem.

Mr. Filiberto noted the staff comments state there is no deficiency in transportation, the developer is willing to hook up to water and sewer, and there is the capacity for schools in the area.

Joe Buchanan asked if the developer plans to put a landscape or buffer wall around the property. Ms. Rezanka replied he will have to comply with the landscape code and buffering code, and next to the industrial it will probably be mandated, but she is not sure about the existing residential. Mr. Buchanan stated the Natural Resources Management report states there are some wetlands to be concerned with, and asked if it is a small percentage. Ms. Rezanka replied there are some wetlands on the east side of Hammock road and also some elevation problems the developer will likely be limited by with compensatory storage.

Mr. Wadsworth asked for the representative from Natural Resources to comment.

Jeanne Allen, Natural Resources Management Department, stated the noteworthy land use issues were wetlands and hydric soils, but she didn't see that mapped on the east side, although she did see a portion of it on the west side, to the south. She said that until she gets a full wetland report she won't know exactly know where the wetlands are, but it does look like there could be some spots of it. She noted the Indian River Lagoon Septic Overlay will not be an issue because they are going to connect to sewer through the BDP.

Ron Bartcher stated the small area study stopped at Parrish Road because it was expected that the City of Titusville would annex all the property up to Parrish Road. He said had it been included in the study, everything on the other side of Hammock Road would be Residential 1:25 or less, just like it is the rest of the way north. He stated he personally thinks residential is better than industrial; however, RES 2 is not the right number, it should be Residential 1:2.5. He said it should be low-density, as it is

too close to the Lagoon, and too much money has been spent trying to repair it. He said the density should be kept as low as possible, and no development at all would be even better.

Motion by Ron Bartcher, to deny the Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment to change the Future Land Use designation from PI (Planned Industrial) to RES 2 (Residential 2).

Jeffrey Ball stated the board could recommend a lower intensity land use it feels is more appropriate, such as RES 1 (Residential 1).

Ron Bartcher modified his motion to recommend Residential 1:2.5.

Joe Buchanan seconded the modified motion.

Mr. Moia stated the board can make restrictions on the development in the BDP. He said the reason for the request for Residential 2 is for the density on the overall piece, and by getting Residential 2 on the 4.8 acres, they get nine units; at one unit per acre they get four units. He said he is not in favor of the motion but he would be in favor of more restrictions on the BDP during the zoning part of the discussion because there are things the board can do and still give the developer the ability to develop the project.

Mr. Bartcher pointed out that the larger piece of property is already Residential 2, so there is no need for a Future Land Use change on that, and by separating them, they are creating two separate issues. He said the board can focus on the issue of the 4.85 acres and keep it separate from the other.

Mr. Moia stated if the developer is looking for a number of lots he has to get the Residential 2, but the board can limit development on that side of the road and he can still have his density count on the overall project.

Mr. Hodgers asked Ms. Rezanka if she said the 4 acres on the east side would largely be for drainage. Ms. Rezanka replied it will be for drainage, stormwater, and possibly amenities. She noted Mr. Genoni is not sure he's going to put homes on the east side, but currently, in PIP, he could build one unit per acre.

Mr. Hodgers stated if Residential 2 is on the larger parcel, the board could add to the BDP that the east side would be for drainage or amenities. He said he'd be in favor of that rather than try to combine them together and denying the whole request because of the east side.

Mr. Bartcher said he would be willing to put that into the BDP, that development be severely restricted, and he'd like to see the development restricted on that property to less than one unit per two and a half acres.

Mr. Ball clarified that right now, the board is only talking about the land use request, which is Residential 2, so there needs to be a recommendation for that, and then the board can move onto the zoning action and BDP.

Motion by Ron Bartcher, seconded by Joe Buchanan, to recommend approval of Residential 1:25.

Mr. Hodgers asked staff if the developer can do what he is proposing at Residential 1:2.5 on the east side with drainage or amenities and not build houses on that side at all.

Mr. Ritchie stated Code Section 62-2116 states when a property divided by a public road right-of-way and the lot is big enough to meet the zoning criteria, you're looked at as the owner of two different lots. The board can look at the comprehensive plan issue and leave it as PIP and change the land use to a different designation. He said for the zoning, RU-1-9 is what is requested, and there could be multiple lots on that 4-acre piece of property, so it's big enough to stand on its own. The applicant has not requested a transfer of development rights to take the development rights the site could generate, which right now is zero residential, to move it to the other side of the roadway. He stated those units would be captured in this piece of property unless they came in for that type of request. If they want to transfer units, they would have to make a new request to transfer units off of that tract to the other piece of property. How the subdivision gets platted and developed later on, how they share or don't share the retention and stormwater, that would be a different issue that would be addressed during that platting process.

Mr. Moia asked if the developer could not do a unity of title to have it considered one piece of property. Mr. Ritchie stated Section 62-2116 states, where a property meets the requirements on both sides of the road you're considered the owner of two different lots. Mr. Moia stated the land use is already Residential 2. Mr. Ritchie stated if the developer wanted Residential 4, they would need to amend both of them and it would be considered two separate applications because each side of the roadway would be considered a separate lot. Mr. Moia asked if the zoning could be considered under one lot. Mr. Ritchie replied it would be the binding development plan that would limit development on the total property. He stated if it was kept it as Residential 2 and the developer wanted to transfer units, there would still need to be a development rights application, but if they want to keep the units that the east side could develop on the east side, and units on the west side that they could develop on the west side, that would just be part of the zoning application.

Mr. Moia asked if they could have asked for that as part of this process if they wanted to. Mr. Ritchie replied the PUD zoning would allow for some transfer of development rights within the project, but this is a single-family residential zoning request, so that would be a separate action.

Mr. Moia asked how many units per acre could they get under PI on the east side. Mr. Ritchie replied if the use for single-family residence is a permitted with conditions use, it is not a permitted right. The code says if the property was recorded before 2004, that property owner could build one house on the entire.

Ms. Rezanka stated PIP is one unit per acre. Mr. Ritchie stated the zoning would be inconsistent with the comprehensive plan; the zoning has a vacant property, so the current zoning doesn't have a standing on the property. The comprehensive plan has to be looked at first, and when the comprehensive plan says PIP, there is a minimum lot size and there is a minimum Planned Industrial Park tract size. The zonings that would fit in PIP would be a PIP zoning or a GML zoning. The compatible PIP zoning is where there could be one single-family residence on the property to be vested for one residential unit. There is another provision in the permitted with conditions note for PIP that says either the property be owned before 2004, or deed restrictions in place on the property before 2004 to be able to allow residential use.

Ms. Rezanka stated Mr. Goodenow purchased the property in 1983, so it existed prior to 2004. Under 62-1542, it's a conditional use that allows one unit per acre which she believes would be sufficient and it would be hard for the County to deny a conditional use when there is a single-family home of a half-acre to the north of it. She said she is unfamiliar with the transfer of density, but her client doesn't have that density to transfer right now, so it wouldn't have made sense for Mr. Genoni to have applied for that.

Mark Wadsworth called for a vote on the motion as stated and it failed 8:1, with Moia, Glover, Hodgers, Wadsworth, Carswell, Buchanan, and Theodore voting nay.

Motion by Bruce Moia, seconded by Ben Glover, to approve the request for a Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment (20S.02) to change the Future Land Use designation from Pl (Planned Industrial) to RES 2 (Residential 2). The vote passed 8:1, with Ron Bartcher voting nay.

Mr. Moia said for the rezoning request his only concern is the lot size, because it would be very unusual to have a 6,600 square-foot lots in this area. He said there is residential development in the area, but for the most part they are half-acre lots, so 6,600 square feet would be inconsistent. He stated at 31 acres, even if every lot was a half-acre, the developer could probably not get full capacity because of the other infrastructure. The board would need a realistic lot size for the west side and a separate one for the east side, because the east side should be more restrictive. Right now, it's an agricultural grove, and that's one of the worst land use categories for polluting the river because it's untreated, direct discharge.

Ms. Rezanka stated without the engineering, there is no way to know how big the lots can be. She said she doesn't have a problem with one-acre lots on the east side, but she doesn't have the authority to make decisions on the west side, but the board can table the request and Mr. Genoni could be present at the next meeting.

Motion by Bruce Moia, seconded by Peter Filiberto, to table the request for a change of zoning classification from AU (Agricultural Residential) to RU-1-9 (Single-Family Residential), with a BDP (Binding Development Plan) limited to 62 units to the July 6, 2020, Planning and Zoning Board meeting. The vote was unanimous.

PLANNING AND ZONING BOARD MINUTES

The Brevard County Planning & Zoning Board met in regular session on **Monday**, **July 7**, **2020**, at **3:00 p.m**., in the Florida Room, Building C, Brevard County Government Center, 2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way, Viera, Florida.

The meeting was called to order at 3:00 p.m.

Board members present were: Brian Woltz; Ron Bartcher; Ian Golden; Brian Hodgers; Joe Buchanan; Peter Filiberto, Vice Chair; and Bruce Moia.

Staff members present were: Jeffrey Ball, Planning and Zoning Manager; Jad Brewer, Assistant County Attorney; George Ritchie, Planner III; and Jennifer Jones, Special Projects Coordinator.

Excerpt of Complete Minutes

Vice Chair Filiberto appointed Brian Hodgers as Chair Pro Tem. Mr. Filiberto excused himself from the meeting.

Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni / Kim Rezanka)

A change of zoning classification from AU (Agricultural Residential) to RU-1-9 (Single-Family Residential), with a BDP (Binding Development Plan) limited to 62 units. The property is 31.43 acres, located on the west side of Hammock Road, approximately 650 feet south of Parrish Road. (1930 Hammock Road, Titusville) (19PZ00158) (Tax Account 2105262) (District 1) This item was tabled from the 06/15/20 P&Z meeting.

(All documents presented to the board can be found in file 19PZ00158, located in the Planning and Development Department).

Kim Rezanka, Cantwell & Goldman Law Firm, Cocoa Village, stated in June the board approved the change in Future Land Use that will allow the rezoning to be possible on the west side of Hammock Road. The subject property is a total of 31.43 acres, with almost 5 acres on the east side of Hammock Road and over 26 acres on the west side of Hammock Road, and the request is for RU-1-9 with a BDP. There is TR-2 to the north of the parcel on the east side at 0.5 acres; there are 1-acre lots to the west of the west parcel, and then there is a PUD in the City of Titusville to the south of the parcel on the west side, and then there are some smaller lots on the south side, adjacent to Hammock Road.

She stated the BDP specifies the project will hook up to water and sewer, and the total maximum density for the project will be 62 units. The lot on the east side of Hammock Road will have no more than 5 units on half-acre lots, and then the property can be transferred to the other side. There was an issue of whether a transfer of density rights was an issue, but in working with staff, they said it doesn't apply here because of the zoning, Future Land Use, and other reasons. The project will be one subdivision with Hammock Road in the middle of it. The minimum lot size shall be 9,000 square feet due to the way the property has to be developed with buffers and because of the consistency with the PUD to the south. The BDP further states there shall be a 25-foot buffer on the west property line of the west 26.328-acre parcel. Said buffer may be included in the rear and/or side lot setback; and there shall be a 25-foot buffer on the north property line of the east 4.845-acre parcel.

She stated in paragraph 2(f) of the BDP, the sentence, 'Said buffer may be included in the rear and/or side lot setback' has been stricken because there was some confusion at the last meeting as to what that meant, and the concern was to make sure there was the 25-foot buffer to the north on the east

P&Z Minutes July 6, 2020 Page 2

parcel because those houses were closer to a proposed development than those were on the west side of the west parcel.

Ron Bartcher stated the same wording occurs differently in that same paragraph, and asked if Ms. Rezanka intended to strike that as well. Ms. Rezanka replied no, it's only intended to be stricken at the end of 2(f). She stated most of the houses west of the western parcel are set pretty far back, so it wasn't conveyed that it was a substantial issue, but if that would make the board more comfortable, she can do that.

Mr. Bartcher asked what kind of buffer is intended. Ms. Rezanka replied there will likely be a fence, but they will do whatever the code requires. Mr. Bartcher asked if the buffer would be open space. Ms. Rezanka replied there will be a fence, and there will be trees that will have to be put in because that is what is required. Mr. Bartcher noted a landscape buffer is not mentioned in the BDP, and he would be more comfortable if it was a landscape buffer.

Bruce Moia stated he spoke to Ms. Rezanka because he had concerns after the last meeting. In a subdivision in Brevard County, a 15-foot buffer is required around the entire property that is an undisturbed vegetative buffer. He said on the east side, the north 25 feet is already existing vegetation that creates a wall, so the board could keep that because those houses are pretty close to that property. On the west side it is all clear, so in lieu of it being a 15-foot undisturbed natural vegetative buffer, it would be 25 feet on the west side of the west parcel, the north side of the east parcel, so that whatever is there is there and if they want to plant in it they can, but they have to preserve what is there. He said the language may need to be clarified. It's whatever that perimeter buffer is and that perimeter buffer would extend from 15 feet to 25 feet on those two areas of the site.

Mr. Bartcher asked what size and type of fence would be installed. Ms. Rezanka replied she assumes it will be a wooden fence, but it will be whatever the code requires and it will be opaque.

Jeanne Allen, Natural Resources Management stated the landscaping code doesn't require any kind of vegetative buffer between residential uses. If the board wanted it to say 'vegetative', that would be important. If it's 25 feet wide it can be Type A, which is usually 20 feet; Type B is 15 feet. She said Type A would be a tree every 25 feet, a large shrub every 4 feet on center, and a small shrub every 3 feet on center, so Type A would be the closest.

Mr. Moia stated the board could ask for a Type A buffer or an opaque 6-foot fence.

Jeffrey Ball asked if Mr. Moia wants the opaque Type A buffer on the western portion of the western parcel, and then on the north on the eastern portion of the property. Mr. Moia replied no, the buffer on the north part of the east parcel would be the undisturbed 25 feet along the north line, because there is already vegetation there, so they wouldn't have to plant additional landscaping. He said on the west, it could be a 6-foot opaque fence with a 25-foot undisturbed buffer on the western border of the west parcel.

Mr. Bartcher asked Ms. Rezanka if the proposed lots could be larger than 9,000 square feet. Ms. Rezanka replied no, 9,000 square feet is all Mr. Genoni can commit to because the engineering still needs to be done.

Public Comment:

P&Z Minutes July 6, 2020 Page 3

Terri LaPlante, 4052 Friar Tuck Lane, Melbourne, urged the board to vote against the rezoning due to the proximity to the Lagoon and the railway that leads to the Kennedy Space Center. She said it's an error to believe that as long as the developer hooks up to water and sewer there is not an issue with polluting the Lagoon, and she fails to see that the developer has taken sufficient action to protect the Lagoon. The latest study shows the retention ponds once believed to reduce nutrient load by 80% are showing nutrient load reduction of 50%. She asked if the developer is willing to use a native land cover rather than sod and turf grass. Turf grass requires fertilizers and pesticides, which end up in the Lagoon along with some of the sod. She said leaving a natural habitat of trees would help the stormwater management and pollution control. She stated the Florida Department of Environmental Protection has mandated that since the North Indian River Lagoon is an impaired water that does not currently meet State water quality standards, new developments in the basin cannot increase nutrient loads to the Lagoon.

David Montgomery, Palm Bay, stated he is a retired engineer and he sat through the Brooks Landing Phase I project in Titusville and he's concerned about the apparent stormwater runoff doesn't seem adequate for a low-lying area. The only drainage along there for overflow in severe storm events would be Jay Jay Road. He stated it is not clear how a high-density housing development could retain stormwater on the property without shunting it to the Indian River several times a year.

Ms. Rezanka pointed out that the land is already cleared on the west, and to some extent on the east, and it is an old grove land, so the project will increase drainage. She stated Administrative Policy 7 deals with drainage problems on surrounding properties, and the land development code requires all drainage to be retained, and this will increase the ability to retain runoff. She said she doesn't believe the project is considered high density because it's two units per acre. There is no concept plan because it's not required at zoning; before the board today is whether or not the proposed zoning is compatible with the surrounding zoning. She said to the south of this property on the western parcel is TR-1 zoning, which is 7,500 square-foot lots, so 9,000 square-foot lots are not incompatible with what is allowed to the south. She requested approval with a BDP as amended to add a 6-foot opaque fence as discussed.

Joe Buchanan stated he visited the property and his observation is that the orchards are pretty much gone and there's not much vegetation there. Any development there would help absorb more moisture. He said what the developer wants to do may improve the saturation and absorption of rainwater, stormwater, and drainage. The other thing he noticed about continuity is that the TR-1 houses on the west side are not really going to be impacted by this development, and whatever happens there is going to be an improvement to the area.

Mr. Moia stated the BDP solves a lot of issues the board talked about. There were quite a few speakers at the last meeting and now there are only two, so he thinks they made the majority of people happy with the reduced density and increased lot size on the east side and the buffering they are doing on the west side. He said he doesn't know if the public speakers understand the requirements that have to be adhered to. The stormwater ponds are not the same ponds that used to be done years ago; the requirements now are very strict and they are done so they do not increase the loading any more than what is there now. Historically, this property has discharged directly into the Indian River Lagoon probably causing a significant amount of damage to the Lagoon and to now put in a system that will meet all the State and local standards will be a major improvement to the area. He said he's happy with the BDP and the concessions the developer has made.

P&Z Minutes July 6, 2020 Page 4

Motion by Bruce Moia, seconded by Joe Buchanan, to approve the request for a change of zoning classification from AU to RU-1-9, with a BDP limited to 62 units; a 25-foot buffer on the north property line of the east 4.845-acre parcel, to be a continuation of the 15-foot perimeter undisturbed vegetative buffer; and a 25-foot buffer on the west property line of the west 26.328-acre parcel with a 6-foot opaque fence. The vote was 5:1, with Ron Bartcher voting nay.

4.2

Objection 19PZ00158 20PZ00024 Goodenow

From:

Commissioner, D3

To:

Jones, Jennifer

Subject:

FW: 19PZ-000158 and 20PZ-00024 August 6, 2020 Agenda Item 1

Date:

Wednesday, August 5, 2020 4:50:00 PM

Ms. Jones,

Please include this email in the packet.

Thanks,

John Tobia

County Commissioner, District 3



BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

From: kay st. onge <stongekay@yahoo.com> Sent: Wednesday, August 5, 2020 3:16 PM

To: Commissioner, D3 <d3.commissioner@brevardfl.gov>

Subject: 19PZ-000158 and 20PZ-00024 August 6, 2020 Agenda Item 1

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Commissioner:

Please accept this email as a public comment for August 6, 2020 Agenda item 1, the rezoning of 19PZ-000158 and 20PZ-00024 (Parrish Landing). This proposed subdivision's close proximity to the Indian River Lagoon requires careful scrutiny as Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Basin Management Action Plan mandates that,

"Since the North IRL is an impaired water that does not currently meet state water quality standards, new development in the basin cannot increase nutrient loads to the lagoon."

"To ensure that future growth does not add to the degradation of the North IRL, local governments must be proactive in controlling loads from future growth. Options to address future loading include low-impact

development (LID) standards and Florida-friendly landscaping to further minimize the impacts of existing development and new development through local development regulations. LID is an approach to development that employs land planning, design practices, and technologies to conserve natural resources and reduce infrastructure costs. These activities could offset loads from future growth and, therefore, may reduce the reductions needed from the entities in future BMAP iterations.

It is apparent local governments have the authority to require detailed stormwater management plans that include numerical details as to pre-development and post-development estimated runoff production with a detailed plan designed by a registered engineer to meet the net improvement requirement."

Brevard Commissioners should take note that the Titusville City Council tabled the approval of Jay Jay Road Brooks Landing Phase 1 Sketch Plat on July 28 due to their concerns about the stormwater management system in that proposed development. This 72 acre 143 home proposed subdivision is adjacent to the Parrish Landing development and is being developed by the same firm. Brooks Landing proposes a legal positive outfall to the Indian River Lagoon.

Please follow suit and either table or deny approval of 19PZ-000148 and 20PZ-00024.

The City of Titusville has not yet agreed to provide sewer hookups for this development. Sewage systems are absolutely unacceptable for any houses proposed so close to the Indian River Lagoon. No houses should be built east of Hammond Road, with or without sewer hookup, as this would particularly jeopardize the Lagoon.

Children from our community swim in the Indian River Lagoon. It is time that County Commissioners, our elected representatives, take action to prevent further pollutants from developments flowing into the Lagoon.

Kay St. Onge 2360 Maryland Avenue Titusville, FL 32796 From:

kay st. onge Commissioner, D4

To: Co

Subject: August 6, 2020 Agenda Item 1, 19PZ-000158 and 20PZ-00024

Date: Wednesday, August 5, 2020 3:17:39 PM

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

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Kay St. Onge 2360 Maryland Avenue Titusville, FL 32796 From:

Douglas and Mary Sphar

To:

Commissioner, D4 Woodard, Patrick

Cc: Subject:

Development near Parrish Rd -- first 2 items on BOCC agenda

Date:

Wednesday, August 5, 2020 7:48:05 PM

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Commissioner Smith,

On August 6, you will be considering Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment 20S.02 to change the Future Land Use for 4.85 acres east of Hammock Rd from Planned Industrial to Residential 2 (20PZ00024). In addition you will be considering a zoning change on 31.43 acres comprised of this property and a parcel west of Hammock Rd (19PZ00158).

FUTURE LAND USE CHANGE (20PZ00024)

Please deny the Future Land Use change.

While this is a small parcel, 4.85 acres in size, a change to the Future Land Use designation is still very important because of the proximity of the parcel to the Indian River Lagoon. Changing this land use would encourage further residential development in other properties very close to the Lagoon that are not prepared to handle the stormwater properly.

Your staff report, Natural Resources Management Department Comments, states: "The parcel contains 100% hydric soils and SJRWMD wetlands." A GIS map indicates that most of the property is in the AE flood zone. The comments and map together lead to the conclusion that this property is wet a lot of the time and is prone to flooding.

The property is approximately 0.3 miles from the Indian River Lagoon. You have no assurances that the applicant is prepared to properly handle the stormwater to avoid detrimental effects to the Lagoon.

In spite of the fact that the applicant plans to connect to Titusville water and sewer, I believe that it would be wise to get written confirmation from the City of Titusville that they are actually agreeable to this, if you do not already have such written confirmation. Otherwise, under County Code, septic is permitted, though part of the property would need advance septic systems.

State agencies *process* small-scale future land use amendments for parcels 10 acres or less, but they don't really *review* them. The amendments become effective unless they are successfully challenged legally. This means that your decision is basically final. Please vote no.

REZONING (19PZ00158)

Please deny the rezoning on the two parcels in this application.

Right now you have no assurances that sufficient measures will be taken to avoid adverse effects to the precarious health of the Indian River Lagoon. You have no assurances that flooding will not be exacerbated on these two parcels, both of which contain 100% hydric soils, or on nearby properties. You have no guarantee that an inappropriate number of houses will not be built on the parcel east of Hammock Rd. Finally, I have not seen written confirmation from the City of Titusville that they are willing to provide water and sewer service, and if you don't have this, please request it.

Alternatively, for the rezoning only (not the Small Scale Amendment), you may wish to table the request so that the applicant can work on his conceptual site design and stormwater plan to avoid or reduce harmful effects to the Indian River Lagoon.

CONCLUSION

Please deny Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment 20S.02 on 4.85 acres. Also please deny or table rezoning 19PZ00158 for the two parcels bordering Hammock Rd and near Parrish Rd.

Thank you for considering my opinion.

Sincerely,

Mary Sphar 825 Cliftons Cove Ct. Cocoa, FL 32926 From: To: William Klein Commissioner, D4

Subject:

Brevard Re-Zoning Request 19PZ-00158 Resident and Citizen Comments for Brevard County Commissioners

Meeting on 6 August 2020, 5PM

Date:

Thursday, August 6, 2020 1:58:45 AM

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Commissioner Curt Smith,

Brevard Re-Zoning Request 19PZ-00158 Resident and Citizen Comments for Brevard County Commissioners Meeting on 6 August 2020, 5PM

- Parrish Road (1930 Hammock Road) Re-Zoning Request #19PZ-00158 change zoning for 26 acres from Agricultural (AU) to RU-1-9 Increase Ten Homes to 62 Homes
- Hammock Road Re-Zoning Request #20PZ-00024 change zoning for 5 acres from PI to RU-1-9 One home to (unspecified) home quantity

This Developer's developments will produce about 48 million gallons of polluted stormwater to flow to the Chain of Lakes and into the IRL.

I think that the above two sections of Parrish Landing were formally called Phase 2 of Brooks Landing. They will produce about 15 Million gallons of Polluted Stormwater annually that will flow into the Chain of Lakes and into the IRL. These 2 sections will have septic tanks that will cause human sewage to contaminate this stormwater.

Phase 1 of Brooks Landing consists of 72 acres and they will add another 34 Million gallons of polluted stormwater to flow into the Chain of Lakes.

The St. Johns River Water Management District (SJRWMD) and the Florida Environmental Protection Administration (FL EPA) have reported that the IRL has been so extremely contaminated with nutrients, pesticides, human and animal wastes, and other chemical wastes from past developments that there have been severe algae blooms causing many massive fish kills. The SJRWMD and FL EPA are developing new development regulations because of the critical conditions of the IRL from past developments.

This is not the time to add another 48 million gallons of polluted water annually to the IRL.

I am on the Advisory Board of North Brevard Commission on Parks & Recreation. I received an email Aug. 5, 2020 that there is a Brevard Re-Zoning Request 19PZ-00158 Meeting on Aug. 6, 2020.

North Brevard Parks & Recreation has assigned me to monitor Chain of Lakes and report on problems that need to be fixed. I would like to see and review the environmental impact report and the stormwater calculations that the Developer has performed. I am very concerned that these developments will be greatly detrimental to the wildlife at Chain of Lakes and the IRL.

I have calculated that a typical housing development in Brevard County produces 474,000 gallons of polluted stormwater per acre based on Florida's 54 inches of annual rainfall. The runoff from one acre of paved parking generates the same amount of annual runoff as: 36 acres of forest; 20 acres of grassland; a 14 acre subdivision (2 acre lots); or a 10 acre subdivision (0.5 acre lots). One inch of rainfall on an acre of parking produces 27,000 gallons of stormwater. Experimental data.

I have included my some of my background to convince youthat I have the skills to make these calculations based on the data that I have collected. I have a Master of Science in Nuclear Engineering. I worked on the design, construction, and operation of Nuclear Power Plants. I wrote Safety Analysis Reports, Environmental Impact Reports and Environmental Annual Operational Reports. I designed radiation monitoring and meteorological monitoring systems. I worked on repairing hurricane damaged field monitoring and alarm systems at Turkey Point Nuclear Power Plant after Hurricane Andrew. I have worked in the West Palm Beach Waste Treatment Plant that reprocessed sewage into reclaimed water and waste solids.

From:

Mary Hillberg

To:

Commissioner, D2; Commissioner, D4; Commissioner, D3; Commissioner, D5; Commissioner, D1

Subject: Date:

Parrish Landing (Item #1 on BoCC August 6, 2020 Agenda

Importance:

Thursday, August 6, 2020 12:32:44 AM

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Commissioners:

Regarding the request to rezone 31 acres east of US 1 in Mims that is within the floodplain of the Indian River Lagoon for a proposed development called Parrish Landing. This land is burdened with elevations from two to six feet above lagoon water level. Significant flooding has been experienced during heavy rains and most Tropical Storms. There is great concern that without a competent Stormwater System approved prior to rezoning and development approval, flooding may be the result for surrounding properties.

Brevard County has approved new development in the past without regards to competent and approved stormwater systems plan in place. Later retrofitting stormwater corrections at taxpayer expense has been the frequent outcome, with varied results.

North Merritt Island has examples of low elevations including wetlands where rezoning and new developments have been approved by the BoCC without prior competent stormwater systems required resulting in flooding for the current property owners. Brevard County has spent substantial manpower and taxpayer money trying to mediate these situations with variable results. Due to the low elevation of the property and that of surrounding properties and structures, a competent system may be difficult or impossible in this Mims area, as well.

We request and strongly recommend rezoning and development

approval be withheld until the developer can generate an effective stormwater system plan that will be approved by the St Johns River Water Management District, as well as the Brevard County Stormwater Department so flooding will not be a problem. We also suggest this approach be continued throughout the county in order to conserve stormwater department resources, improve lagoon water quality, property values and quality of life for Brevard residents.

Thank you, William J. & Mary E. Hillberg 3780 Sierra Drive Merritt Island, FL From:

Lew Kontnik

To:

Commissioner, D1

Cc: Subject: Commissioner, D3; Commissioner, D5; Commissioner, D2; Commissioner, D4; Lewis Kontnik

Date

Request to Require Flood Management Plan PRIOR to Action on Proposed Parrish Landing Development Action

Date: Wednesday, August 5, 2020 8:38:14 PM

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Commissioner Pritchett, Tobia, Isnardi, Lober, Smith:

I am writing to oppose the Commission the zoning density increase for the Proposed Parrish Landing development UNTIL AFTER stormwater plans are available and reviewed demonstrating adequate flood controls.

As outlined below, there are risks that due to the low lying nature of this parcel, development will cause flooding which may become the responsibility of the public if it is not adequately provided for in advance by the developer. Additionally, being located so close to the Lagoon, there is every reason to be concerned about the additional burden this development will impose on the very waters we are paying hundreds of millions of dollars in taxes to restore.

Thank you for taking a responsible and appropriately careful approach to increasing the extent of development and density here in our community.

Lew Kontnik

LewKontnik@gmail.com

3208 Bird Song Court

Melbourne, FL 32934

H/O 321 775 3327

C 805 558 2295

Agenda Item #1 of the August 6, 2020 Brevard County Commissioners meeting requests the rezoning of 31 acres for a proposed development called Parrish Landing. This low land is located east of US-1 in the Mims community within the floodplain of the Indian River Lagoon. Elevations appear to be between three and seven feet above the Lagoon water level. Neighbors reported significant flooding after hard rains and during most tropical storms. We strongly recommend that rezoning and development plan approval should be withheld until the developer can show that an effective stormwater plan can be provided and that flooding will not be a problem.

In the normal course of business for Brevard County, zoning changes are approved without regards for stormwater systems and flooding. After development plans have been approved, the stormwater system elements will be reviewed by county staff and approval is required for the development to proceed. While this process is well intended, many new developments create flooding problems, both for the new homes and the neighbors. Many examples exist of Brevard County undertaking stormwater projects at taxpayer expense to

correct flooding caused by recent developments.

Developing a proper stormwater system for this proposed development may not be possible. The property is low and bordered by higher land to the west. A railroad track sits on a berm to the east, essentially a dike. The St. Johns River Water Management District will not allow new stormwater outfalls into the Lagoon.

We strongly encourage the BOCC to delay approving the requested zoning change and development approval until the public can be assured that this development will not cause increased flooding.

<!--[if !vml]-->

<!--[endif]-->

Graphic provided by David Monty Montgomery

From:

R. T. "Bo" Platt

To: Cc: Commissioner, D1

Subject:

Commissioner, D2; Commissioner, D3; Commissioner, D4; Commissioner, D5

Subject Date: Brevard re-zoning request 19-PZ-00158 Wednesday, August 5, 2020 8:26:28 PM

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Commissioner Pritchett -

I'm writing to respectfully request that you vote against Brevard re-zoning request 19-PZ-00158 that will be addressed in Thursday's commission meeting. The location of this land in proximity to the lagoon combined with the low elevation of the property make this a poor candidate for this rezoning. We're spending millions of dollars each month to restore our lagoon. It makes no sense to increase residential density in a location such as this with no connection to sanitary sewer.

Thank you for your consideration.

Commissioners Lober, Smith, Tobia, and Isnardi - thank you as well for your consideration on this matter.

R. T. "Bo" Platt 844 W Whitmire Dr. Melbourne, FL 32935

www.HelpTheLagoon.org: Work has begun on the Save Our Lagoon Project Plan funded by the half-cent sales tax. After more than 50 years of neglect, restoring our Lagoon will not happen quickly and we've started the process of healing.

Our Vision: The Brevard Indian River Lagoon, with clear waters, alive with lush sea grass beds, thriving fish, birds, manatees and dolphins — a healthy place where our families can play

From:

Monty

To:

Commissioner, D4

Subject:

Hammock Road Zoning Change, Recommend Denial of Request

Date: Attachments:

Wednesday, August 5, 2020 4:52:32 PM Parrish Re-Zone Request 6Aug2020-A.pdf

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Commissioner Smith, I'm a District 3 resident, hoping to help your efforts.

For the **proposed zoning change 19PZ-00158**, I've been working with District One residents and Brevard citizens to understand issues.

request you deny, or delay approval pending concept info on stormwater management.

Although not required by Brevard process, sensitive nature of this development (to local stormwater and to Lagoon health) makes it appropriate for Developer to provide information before allowing such a dramatic change to housing density.

Impacts to Brevard stormwater maintenance costs, flooding of nearby homes, and future homeowner flooding problems warrant this.

Brevard County is already facing <u>Titusville "Brooks Landing" stormwater overflow in this immediate area, making existing flooding worse</u>.

The attached slide package captures discussions and site visits, with inputs from multiple folks.

Thanks for your efforts,
David Monty Montgomery, PE
Brevard (District 3) Environmental Scientist

Brevard Re-Zoning Request 19PZ-00158 Resident and Citizen Comments

for

Brevard County Commissioners Meeting on 6 August 2020, 5PM



Two Items For Commissioners:

Parrish Road (1930 Hammock Road) Re-Zoning Request #19PZ-00158 change zoning for 26 acres from Agricultural (AU) to RU-1-9 Increase Ten Homes to 62 Homes

Hammock Road Re-Zoning Request #20PZ-00024 change zoning for 5 acres from PI to RU-1-9 One home to (unspecified) home quantity



Parrish Re-Zone Request 6Aug2020-B, slide 1

Zoning Change Request 19PZ-00158 and 20PZ-00024

REFERENCE

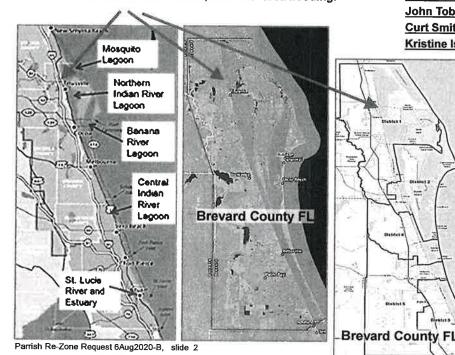
Property located in District One, Brevard County Vote on Thursday 6 August to Approve/Deny/Postpone Request-to-Increase-Housing-Density from 10 homes to 62 homes on 26 acres.

Issues include development very close to Lagoon, extreme low elevation of homes, and local area flooding. **Brevard County Commissioner:**

Rita Pritchett Commissioner, District One email: D1.Commissioner@brevardfl.gov

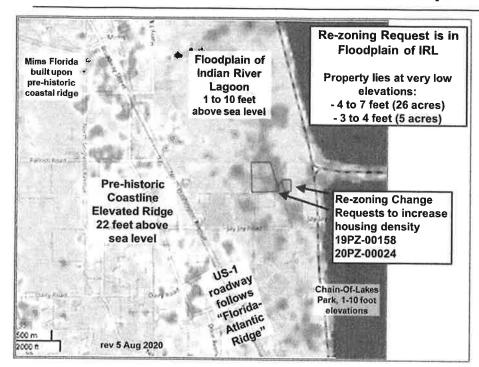
Additional Voting Commissioners:

Brian Lober D2.Commissioner@brevardfl.gov John Tobia D3.Commissioner@brevardfl.gov Curt Smith D4.Commissioner@brevardfl.gov Kristine Isnardi D5.Commissioner@brevardfl.gov



Vote is Thursday 6 August for zoning request to increase density of housing: - approve - deny - table for further details

Concern: Re-zoning Request is in Floodplain of IRL



Topographic view shows unusual low elevation of these properties.

Stormwater flows to these areas.

There is nowhere for accumulated stormwater to go.

Properties in floodplain <u>at very low elevations</u>.

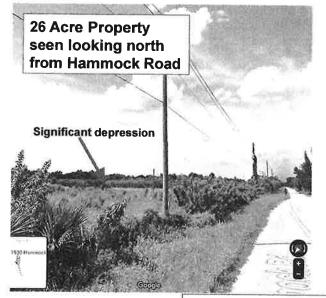
No concept of stormwater mgmt provided. Risk of flooding remains high for future homeowners and area residents.

Parrish Re-Zone Request 6Aug2020-B, slide 3

Views of Property

Properties sit in depressions alongside Hammock Road

- 26 acres property lies between 4 and 6 feet above sea level
- 5 acres sits at between 3 and 4 feet above sea level

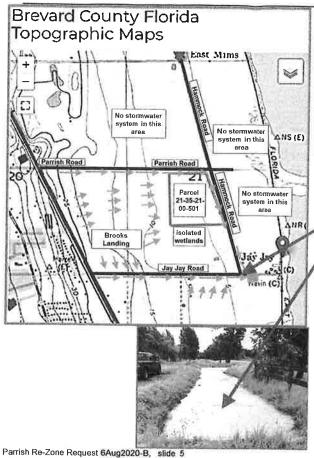




Both properties sit at low elevations, very prone to flooding for short and long periods.

No outlet for flood waters.

Concern: Current Stormwater Deadlock at Jay Jay Road



No coordinated stormwater system exists north of Jay Jay Road. Residents deal with flooded roadways during/after significant rainfall events.

Homes on Parcel 21-35-21-00-501 (26 acres) will be subjected to stormwater from higher elevation properties, and in-turn impact flooding to adjacent parcels.

Stormwater impact assessment has not been addressed in zoning change evaluations.

Two ditches exist for all stormwater between Parrish Road and Jay Jay Road. They both dead-end at east end of Jay Jay Road.

Chain-Of-Lakes-North meets there with 36" pipe, constrained at 2 feet above sea level, not capable of significant inflow from northwest properties.

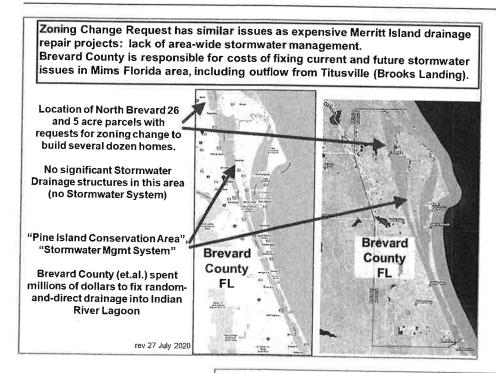
Note: Chain-of-Lakes parkland contributes to current periodic flooding of Jay Jay Road.

Future spillover from Brooks Landing will connect with Jay Jay Road south-side ditch. This will make current flood problems worse. There is no ditch on northside. Jay Jay Road southside ditch currently floods over into northside properties.

Area currently floods during storms (both roads and properties).

Additional development has negative impact, given no stormwater system.

Concern: No Area Stormwater Mgmt, similar to Pine Island Problems



Re-zoning approval will increase problems, similar to forced expenditures for "Pine Island", a multi-million-dollar stormwater system.

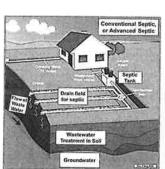
Sewer or Septic: Major Concern Area

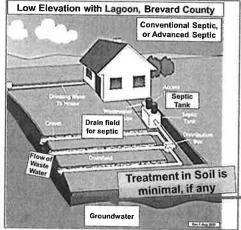
To date, no agreements for connection to Titusville sewer, although BDP states "... will hookup to Titusville water and sewer".

Approval of Re-zoning <u>does not guarantee connection</u> to Titusville sewer.

Multiple homesites with <u>Septic would pollute directly to Lagoon</u>, regardless of type of septic.

Zoning change should <u>not be approved, if connection to sewer</u> is not guaranteed (or void if not connected).



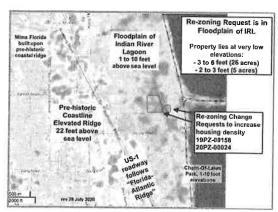


With septic, drain fields are directly connected to Lagoon groundwater

Parrish Re-Zone Request 6Aug2020-B, slide 7

Summary: Info is Missing to Add Homes in Lagoon Floodplain

- BDP focuses on maximizing number of homes. BDP needs to address protecting homes from obvious flooding risks.
- Focus should be on "How Homes will be built in a Floodplain"
- Commission must <u>address development and external stormwater</u>. After this gate review, there is <u>no further public forum for review of important issues</u>.
- Increasing home density may contribute to millions of dollars of Brevard County costs in near future for reactive flood and stormwater management projects.

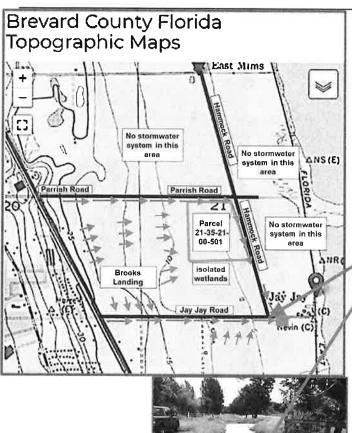


It is not appropriate or safe to approve adding dozens of homes at low elevations without concept for:

- development layout
- min. home and road elevations
- retention ponds
- swales
- · overall stormwater design

Parrish Re-Zone Request 6Aug2020-B, slide 8

Concern: Current Stormwater Deadlock at Jay Jay Road



Parrish Re-Zone Request 6Aug2020-A, slide 5

No coordinated stormwater system exists north of Jay Jay Road. Residents deal with flooded roadways during/after significant rainfall events.

Homes on Parcel 21-35-21-00-501 (26 acres) will be subjected to stormwater from higher elevation properties, and in-turn impact flooding to adjacent parcels.

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Note: Chain-of-Lakes parkland contributes to current periodic flooding of Jay Jay Road.

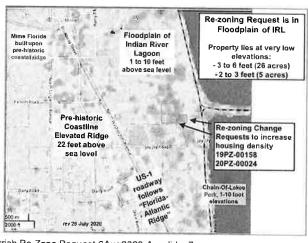
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Parrish Re-Zone Request 6Aug2020-A, slide 7

It is not appropriate or safe to approve adding dozens of homes at low elevations without concept for:

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- overall stormwater design

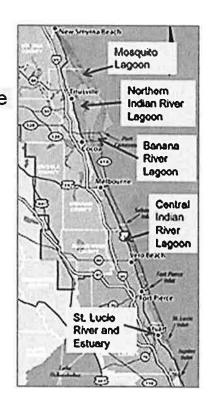
Backup and Reference Slides

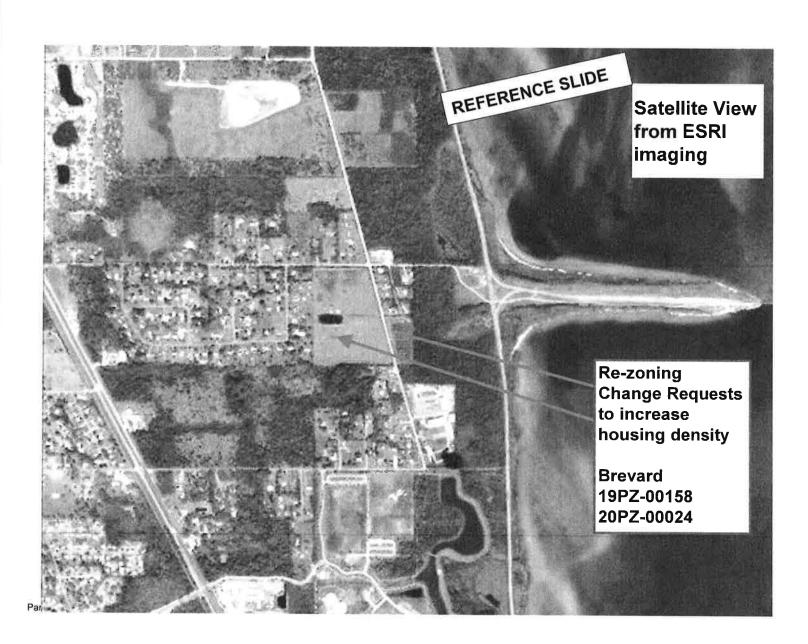
Parrish Re-Zone Request 6Aug2020-A, slide 8

Basing Management Action Plan (BMAP) Note

from the North Indian River Lagoon Basin Management Action Plan:

"It is apparent local governments have the authority to require detailed stormwater management plans that include numerical details as to pre-development and post development estimated run-off production with a detailed plan designed by a registered engineer to meet the net improvement requirement."





Current BDP "rev2", July 2020 third revision

file: "GDB - Goodenow RU 1-9 rev2clean.pdf"

Binding Development Plan (BDP) explains how 26 acres combines with the 5 acres.

Result: Home total gets increased to 62 homes given a larger 31 acre total.

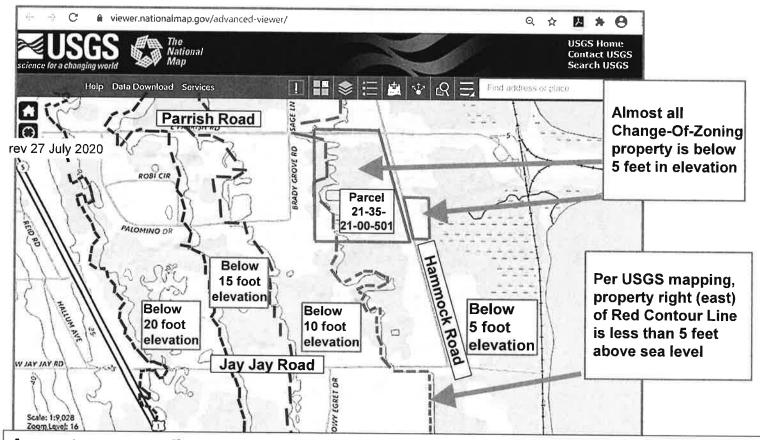
Home total increases to 62 (instead of increase to 52 homes).

- The 26 acres is currently zoned for up to 10 homes.
- · The 5 acres (east of roadway) is zoned for 1 residence (with the PI zoning.

Pespared by: Churke B. Genoric Bernard Management LLC 4760N US1 st261 Melbaure R. 32935 BINDING	b. The Developer/Owner will hook up to Titusville Water and Sewer services, c. The total maximum destiny for the project will include the 4,845 acres of land on the east side of Hammack Rd, and the 28.328 acres of land on the west side of Hammack	6 Votation of the Agramment will also consisted a visition of the Zonnig Classification and the Agramment may be referred by Sections 1.7 and 68.5, Code of Ordinances of Bercard County, Fibrodia, as may be intended. 7. Conditions provided in All handfalling (another) sets faith in this Agramment indiging the potential.
DEVELOPMENT PLAN	Rd, and shall be limited to a cumulative 62 units	The recompatibility and maritim willedes before Developer Charter may expense of the approximation (s).
THIS AGREEMENT, entered into thisday of, 20 between the	d. The land on East side of Hammock Rd, shall be limited to one 1/4 acre or larger lot	unioss stated otherwise. The based to breek comply will any manadary consisten in a unicopy. of
BOARD OF COMMISIONERS OF BREVARD COUNTY, FLORIDA, a policial subdivision of the	Any lots allowed by the zoning category on the eastern portion of the Property can be	this Agrantians, constitutions with the Zoning Constitution and is upport to enforcement action as described in Paragraph 6 above
State of Florida (hereinafter referred to as "County") and Throdore C. Goodenow, (hereinafter	recoplured on western portion of the Property so that the average density of the east	
referred to as Owner"),	side and west side combined is 2 units per acre or 62 units total	NYSTEAN TO SEE STATE OF SECULOR SECU
RECITALS	e. The minimum lot size shall be 9,000 sq. ft. for lots on the west side of the support	Secus on
WHEREAS, Developed Owner owns property (hereineller referred to as the "Property") in	1. There shall be a 25' buffer on the most and the state of the best as the state of the state o	ns) focus
Brevard County, Florida, as more porticularly described in Exhibit "A" attached hereto and	Throe version	TO Partie manager
WHEREAS, Developor/Owner bas area. This BDP (and where to mitigate near the to mitigate near the to mitigate near the to where the to mitigate near the total th	side and west side combined is 2 units per acre or 62 units total The minimum lot size shall be 9,000 sq. ft. for lots on the west side of Hamiltonia Three shall be a 25' buffer on the	commitments to
The state of the s	ill 3.5	
Obvious-importa	mwater) are not un	
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1. The County at Obvious-imports participate in any parties that the D dissociation and/or	stormwater) are not unstanced and shall run with the subject Property unless or until rezoned and be binding upon any	
any improvements.	stormwater) are not used stormwater) are not used parties and shall run with the subject Property unless or until rezoned and be binding upon any person, firm or corporation who may become the successor in interest directly or indirectly to the	TATE CF COUNTY OF The foregoing instruction was acknowledged before me this
- Artificial Control of the Control	CANONICA STANCES	Notary Public
any improvements.	person, firm or corporation who may become the successor in interest directly or indirectly to the	Notary Public

Extreme Low-Level Elevation Concerns

Given elevations below 5 feet, normal stormwater flow and design may not work. Properties at high risk of flooding from on-site stormwater, stormwater from higher elevations, storm surge from Lagoon, and sea level rise (inundation) over decades



Area stormwater flows down-hill to these parcels. This low property has nowhere to shed stormwater away. The Five-Acre-Parcel is especially low (3-4 feet).

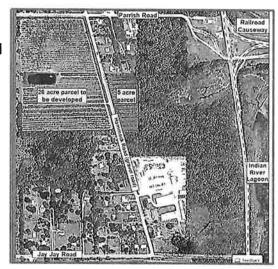
Zoning Change Request 19PZ-00158 and 20PZ-00024

Staff Comments, Brevard County:

- ... change of zoning classification from Agricultural Residential (AU) to Single Family Residential (RU-1-9) in order to develop a residential subdivision of up to 62 single family lots.
- This rezoning request is accompanied by a companion SSCPA from PI to RES 2 20S.02 (20PZ-00024) that would need to be approved by the Board in order for this rezoning to be considered.

5 acre parcel is now included with, *and in addition to*, the 26 acres. However, they are not physically connected.

Recent Legal Description, combines two parcels (noncontiguous) into one property.

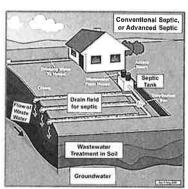


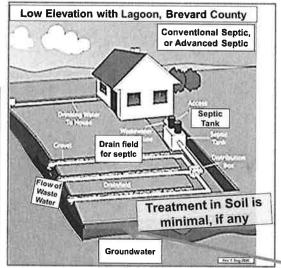
Mixing of 26 acre and 5 acre parcels creates complex and unusual documents (BDP and rezoning requests).

Big Picture Question: is it appropriate and <u>safe to approve dozens of homes at low elevations</u> along Lagoon without concept for home layouts, home elevations, road elevations, retention ponds, swales, overall stormwater design?

Sewer or Septic: Major Concern Area

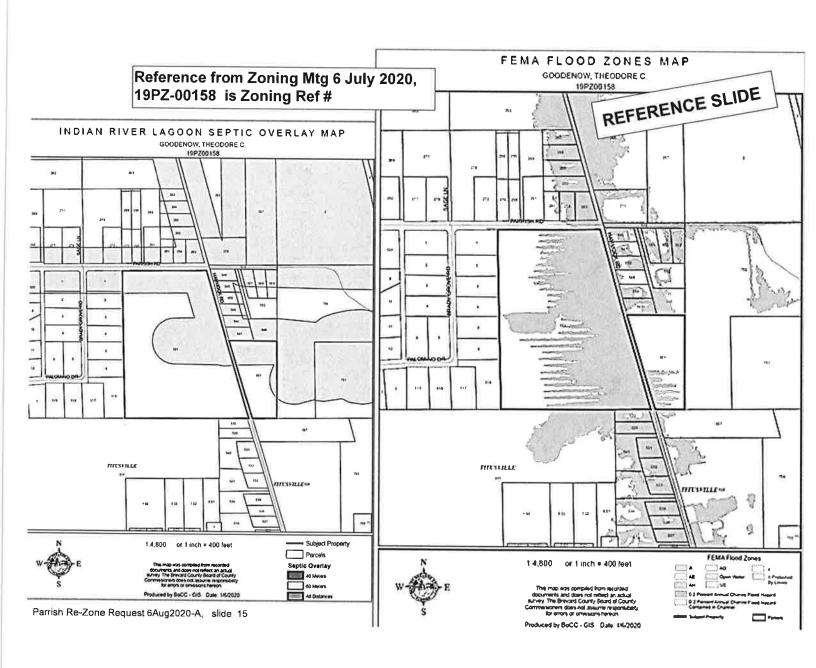
To date, no agreements for connection to Titusville sewer.





With septic, Hammock Road properties would have drain fields directly on top of groundwater connected to Lagoon

Approval of Re-zoning does guarantee connection to Titusville sewer. Multiple homesites with Septic would pollute directly to Lagoon, regardless of type of septic.



Reference from Zoning Mtg 6 July 2020, 19PZ-00158 is Zoning Ref#



Planning and Zoning Board / Local Planning Agency

Brevard County Government Center 2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way, Building C, Commission Room, Viera, Florida Agenda Monday, July 6, 2020

The Board of County Commissioners may approve or deny the requested classification, or may approve a classification of lesser intensity than that requested.

Call To Order

Approval of Minutes - June 15, 2020

H. Public Hearings



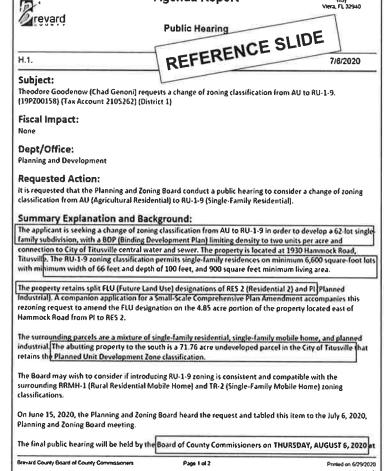
- H.1. Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni) requests a change of zoning classification from AU to RU-1-9. (19PZ00158) (Tax Account 2105262) (District 1)
- H.2. Richard R. Jr., and Gina M. Wrubel, Trust, request a Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment to change the Future Land Use designation from NC to CC. (20PZ00051) Tax Account 2000354) (District 1)
- H.3. Richard R. Jr., and Gina M. Wrubel, Trust, request a change of zoning classification from AU to BU-1. (20Z00003) (Tax Account 2000354) (District 1)
- H.4. McD Family Trust, LLC, requests an amendment to an existing BDP in a BU-2 zoning classification. (20200004) (Tax Account 2323791) (District 1)
- H.5. Canaveral Landing, LLC, requests a change of zoning classification from TR-1 to TRC-1 with a CUP for the Cluster Development of Mobile Homes and a BDP limiting residential development to 100 units. (20Z00006) (Tax Account 2314846) (District 1)
- H.6. 3101 Gannett Plaza, LLC (Kevin Saltman) requests a CUP for Alcoholic Beverages (beer & wine only) for On-Premises Consumption in Conjunction with an Indoor Family Entertainment Center, in the BU-1 and BU-2 Zoning Classifications. (20200007) (Tax Accounts 2602422 & 2602423)

H.1.

Public Comment

Adjournment

Parrish Re-Zone Request 6Aug2020-A, slide 16



5:00 p.m., at the Brevard County Government Center, 2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way, Commission Room,

Agenda Report

2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way

7/6/2020

The 26 acre and 5 acre parcels are not considered separately

Reference from **Zoning Meeting on 6** July 2020:

"19PZ 00158" is the Zoning Ref #

STAFF COMMENTS 19PZ00158 Theodore C. Goodenow

AU (Agricultural Residential) to RU-1-9 (Single-Family REFERENCE SLIDE Development Plan) limited to

Tax Account Number:

2105262

Parcel I.D.: toeation:

21-35-21-00-501 1930 Hammock Road, Titusville (District 1)

Acreage:

№31.43 acres

Planning and Zoning Board: 07/06/20 Board of County Commissioners: 08/06/20

Consistency with Land Use Regulations

- Surrent zoning can be considered under the Future Land Use Designation, Section 82-1255.
- The proposal can be considered under the Future Land Use Designation, Section 62-1255.
- The proposal would maintain acceptable Levels of Service (LOS) (XIII 1.6.C)

	CURRENT	PROPOSED
Zoning	AU	RU-1-9 with BDP
Potential*	12 Single-Family Units	62 Single-Family Units
Can be Considered under the	NO	YES**
Future Land Use Map	RES 2 and PI	RES 2""

Zoning potential for concurrency analysis purposes only, subject to applicable land development. regulations. ** A 8DP limiting the density of the property to Residential 2 (RES 2) is required for this action to establish consistency with the Future Land Use Map. *** A small scale comprehensive plan amendment application from Planned Industrial (PI) to RES 2 is being reviewed concurrently with this application for the portion of the site designated PII east of Hammock Road.

Background and Purpose of Request

The applicant is seeking a change of zoning classification from Agricultural Residential (AU) to Single-Family Residential (RU-1-9) in order to develop a residential subdivision of up to 62 singlefamily lots. The request is accompanied by a Binding Development Plan (BDP) limiting the project density to two units per acre and committing to connection to City of Titusville central water and sewer.

The subject property is located at the intersection of Parrish Road and Hammock Road between North U.S. Highway 1 and the Indian River. It is split by Hammock Road with the majority of the property being located between Hammock Road and US 1. At the closest point, the property is

Parrish Re-Zone Request 6Aug2020-A, slide 17

From:

dbotto1

To:

Commissioner, D1; Commissioner, D2; Commissioner, D3; Commissioner, D4; Commissioner, D5

Subject:

Brooks Landing Phase 2

Date:

Wednesday, August 5, 2020 10:47:36 AM

Attachments: BMAPexcerpt.docx

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Chairman Lober and Distinguished Members of the Brevard County Commission;

The Marine Resources Council (MRC) is dedicated to the preservation and restoration of the Indian River Lagoon (IRL) and we are pro-actively supporting the Save Our Lagoon Project Plan which seeks, at great cost, to correct and repair past mistakes that caused great harm to the lagoon. We are concerned that much of the accelerated development now occurring in Brevard County poses danger to the future health of the Indian River Lagoon. Such development, even though meeting current requirements, will add to the pollution entering the lagoon in violation of "net improvement" federal and state mandates (please see attached). In the long term, it contradicts the objectives of the Save Our Lagoon Project Plan.

To counter this, we have strongly encouraged the adoption of Low Impact Design (LID) that will cost effectively minimize the impact on the IRL of much needed development. Its objective is to control storm water at its source through site design and Best Management Practices actions that result in post development run-off that mimics the original. The concept is founded on the critical need to increase pervious water storing land, reduce the destructive run-off loss of water and reduce pollutant loads entering the lagoon. It is important to note that, to a saline ecology such as the lagoon, excess clean fresh water is itself a pollutant.

The changes in density proposed for the subject development to accommodate 62 units of 9000 square feet will dramatically increase pollutant loads to the lagoon. An approximate calculation of the planned impervious surface additional run off is 10 million gallons per year. The owner has shown, in his recent sketch plat for Brooks Landing Phase 1, that he intends to apply standard storm water infrastructure into a wet retention pond. This is the development approach that got us where we are today. Wet retention has proven to, at best, achieve no more than 35% removal of nitrogen even with rare proper maintenance (UCF Stormwater Academy). The density approval for Phase 1 was unfortunate. We respectfully urge you to refuse to change existing law and maintain the current low density development plan for this proximate property that is so critical to the long term health of our lagoon.

We must look to the future.

Respectfully,
David C. Botto, Chair
Intergovernmental Committee
Marine Resources Council

Section 1.5 of the adopted Banana River Lagoon BMAP addresses loadings from future growth and redevelopment. The BMAP does not include a specific allocation for new development or redevelopment because of ERP Program requirements. The ERP Program requires that new discharges into the basin cannot increase existing loads. This is called "Net improvement" and means that the post-development pollutant loading for TN and TP can't exceed the pre-development pollutant loading. All ERP applications must include documentation demonstrating compliance with state water quality standards, as well as showing that the project does not adversely affect the quality of receiving waters, resulting in water quality standards violations. Since the Banana River Lagoon (BRL) is an impaired water that does not currently meet state water quality standards, new development and redevelopment within the BMAP area or watersheds cannot increase nutrient loads to the BRL. Unfortunately, the "Net Improvement" requirements in BMAPs are not included in Florida's ERP program requirements which need extensive revising.

The BMAP also states "Although future development may meet state stormwater standards, the development may still add a nutrient load to the lagoon. To ensure that future growth does not add to the degradation of the BRL, local governments must be proactive in controlling loads from future growth. Options to address future loading include low-impact development (LID) standards and Florida-friendly landscaping to further minimize the impacts of existing development and new development through local development regulations." LID is an approach to development that employs land planning, design practices, and technologies to conserve natural resources and reduce infrastructure costs. However, allowing LID techniques typically requires changes in local government Comprehensive Plans and Land Development Codes.

4.2

Objection 19PZ00158 20PZ00024 Goodenow

From: To: Calkins, Tad Jones, Jennifer

Subject:

FW: Today"s P&Z agenda

Date:

Monday, June 15, 2020 9:11:05 AM

FYI

From: Marlys Breckle <marlysjrb@gmail.com>

Sent: Monday, June 15, 2020 9:05 AM

To: Calkins, Tad <tad.calkins@brevardfl.gov>

Subject: Today's P&Z agenda

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Mr. Calkins,

I am very concerned about the request to increase density for the Brooks Landing property in Mims adjacent to Titusville. More importantly, this property is close to the Indian River Lagoon. As you are aware, the lagoon is fragile and a lot of work is being done to save it. More density will inevitably inrease the amount of pollution emptying directly into this precious body of water. Please don't be convinced to risk more damage by allowing this.

Thank you.

Marlys Breckle

Titusville

Objection 19PZ00158 20PZ00024 Goodenow

From:

Calkins, Tad

To:

Jones, Jennifer

Subject:

FW: Theodore Goodenow Small Scale Plan Amendment and rezoning request. Items 1&2

Date:

Monday, June 15, 2020 9:18:34 AM

FYI

From: Dwight Severs <dws1128@yahoo.com>

Sent: Monday, June 15, 2020 8:21 AM

To: Calkins, Tad <tad.calkins@brevardfl.gov>

Subject: Theodore Goodenow Small Scale Plan Amendment and rezoning request. Items 1&2

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Please convey to the Planning and Zoning Board my opposition to the proposed amendment to the Comprehensive Plan and request for zoning changed mentioned above. Please uphold and maintain the Mims SAP and denie this request. Please do not allow additional discharging into the Indian River Lagoon. Past approvals continue to damage or destroy, with the storm water run off, the lagoon. Dwight Severs Titusville Florida

Calkins, Tad Jones, Jennifer

Subject:

FW: Opposition to Zoning Change for Two Parcels

Date:

Monday, June 15, 2020 9:19:27 AM

FYI

From: Lew Kontnik < lewkontnik@gmail.com>

Sent: Monday, June 15, 2020 6:57 AM

To: Calkins, Tad <tad.calkins@brevardfl.gov>

Subject: Opposition to Zoning Change for Two Parcels

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Mr Calkins:

I am writing as a resident of Brevard and supporter of the restoration and preservation of our balance with nature to oppose the high-density rezoning of the following two parcels at this afternoon's Zoning meeting:

- 1. Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni) requests a Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment (20S.02) to change the Future Land Use designation from PI (Planned Industrial) to RES 2 (Residential 2). The property is 4.85 acres, located on the east side of Hammock Road, approximately 650 feet south of Parrish Road. (1930 Hammock Road, Titusville) (20PZ00024) (Tax Account 2105262 partial) (District 1)
- 2. Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni) requests a change of zoning classification from AU (Agricultural Residential) to RU-1-9 (Single-Family Residential), with a BDP (Binding Development Plan) limited to 62 units. The property is 31.43 acres, located on the \west side of Hammock Road, approximately 650 feet south of Parrish Road. (1930 Hammock Road, Titusville) (19PZ00158) (Tax Account 2105262) (District 1)

Allowing this change in land use and zoning will allow increased density in an area which does not currently support this type of development. Additionally, it will set a precedent for others who wish to develop in the future along both sides of Hammock Road. In the Mims SAP, nothing less than one home per 2.5 acres is suggested for either side of Hammock Road, unless it was a pre-existing zoning. The proposal asks for the same density he got in Brooks Landing Phase I, which is located further to the west by US 1. The homes that exist here are for the most part on one-acre or larger lots. They have been here for decades. Aside from Brooks Landing Phase 1 to the west, there is no pattern of high-density development here.

Approval of this rezoning request will set a bad precedent. We are spending millions of dollars and many people are doing hard physical work to clean up the lagoon. What sense does it make to allow additional high-density development to occur near its waters, especially in an area that has no history of such dense development?

Lew Kontnik

LewKontnik@gmail.com

H/O 321 775 3327

C 805 558 2295

www.HelpTheLagoon.org: Work has begun on the Save Our Lagoon Project Plan funded by the half-cent sales tax. After more than 50 years of neglect, restoring our Lagoon will not happen quickly and we've started the process of healing.

Our Vision: The Brevard Indian River Lagoon, with clear waters, alive with lush sea grass beds, thriving fish, birds, manatees and dolphins – a healthy place where our families can play

From:

Calkins, Tad

To: Subject: Jones, Jennifer

Date:

FW: Comments to Phase 2 of Brooks Landing that the Planning and Zoning Board will be hearing on Monday

June 15.

Date:

Monday, June 15, 2020 9:20:36 AM

Attachments:

Brooks Landing Wetlands and Waterways.pdf

FYI

From: William Klein <klein_william_r@hotmail.com>

Sent: Monday, June 15, 2020 1:03 AM

To: Calkins, Tad <tad.calkins@brevardfl.gov> **Cc:** Pritchett, Rita <Rita.Pritchett@brevardfl.gov>

Subject: Comments to Phase 2 of Brooks Landing that the Planning and Zoning Board will be hearing

on Monday June 15.

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Mr. Tad Calkins,

I cannot attend the Planning and Zoning Board hearing on Monday June 15, because I have lung problems from many years of asthma and Bronchitis. I am at high risk from COVID-19. Therefore, I am submitting my comments about Brooks Landing.

Comments to Phase 2 of Brooks Landing that the Planning and Zoning Board will be hearing on Monday June 15.

May 1996 SJRWMD published "Indian River Lagoon Our Heritage At Risk - Indian River Lagoon Comprehensive Plan". It stated the critically poor conditions of the IRL and the loss of marine life caused by inadequate development Regulations and Enforcement Rules. The pollution comes from the polluted runoff from the land. The IRL Comprehensive Plan defined many projects and actions required to restore the IRL. The same ones that the IRL Council states today. It stated that that Regulations and Enforcement Rules are needed to protect surface water quality and aquatic habitats. In the 23 years since then our legislators have failed to adequately regulate and protect the IRL from High Impact Development (HID).

The IRL was clean, clear, and full of marine life before HID was allowed around the IRL. The IRL had the second most prolific oyster and clam harvests in Florida after Apalachicola Bay. The various habitats of forests, scrub lands, wetlands, natural living shorelines, streams ponds, sea grass beds, marine nurseries, and oyster beds slowed down stormwater flow, cleaned, purified, and absorbed the water into the aquifer or returned it to the IRL. The county started allowing HID with its clear cutting, filling in wetlands, regrading the land, replacing the natural areas with buildings, lawns, roads, and concrete. They required the Developers and Cities to install stormwater systems to quickly drain and transport the stormwater with the fertilizers, pesticides, insecticides, and other pollutants to the IRL without filtering, cleaning, or returning the water to the aquifer. This has been the main cause of exterminating local wildlife species in their respective habitats, oysters and clams in most of the IRL, fish kills, increasing the heat island affect, and loss of adequate fresh drinkable water supplies without drilling new wells.

These are my comments to Titusville City Council for Phase 1 of the Brooks Landing. They also pertain to Phase 2 with the additional comment that NO SEPTIC TANKS SHOULD EVER BE APPROVED FOR PHASE 2. Phase 2 is much closer to the IRL and will be more devastating to the IRL

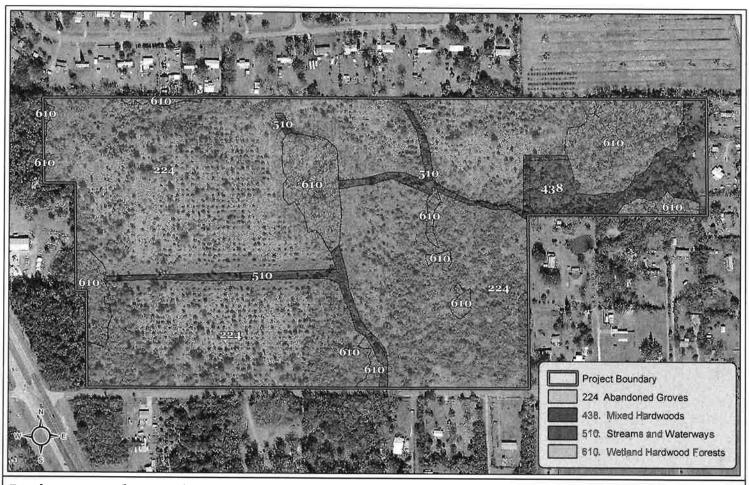
- 1. The 6 wetlands shown in green on the attached Pdf file are connected by the streams and waterways as shown in blue (on the aerial view in Atlantic Environmental of Florida's "Environmental Assessment on Brooks Landing" Figure 5 Land Use Map) must remain in the final development. They cannot be destroyed or filled in with dirt. Bridges and culverts should be used to allow traffic to cross over the streams and waterways.
- 2. The tree canopy should be maintained and no clear cutting of trees allowed. House lots should maintain the maximum number of trees as possible.
- 3. All trees cut down need to be inventoried and documented. The benefits and values of trees should be calculated and quantified by the use i-Tree. This calculated cost will be the Tree Mitigation Cost that must be paid to a Titusville Urban Forestry Account or else an equal value of trees planted on Titusville City property. The benefits of one Live Oak 2 ft in diameter over 20 years is \$2292 and the storm water it would absorb is 491,000 gallons.

- 4. The retention ponds and storm drain protection must be designed to the Brevard County 08/24/2017 Flood Map not the April 3, 1989 Flood Map.
- 5. The retention ponds should be designed for the latest rain fall prediction for a 24 hr period of the 100-year storm or 38.7 inches which was the maximum 24 hr. rainfall in Florida. Brooks Landing was only designed for 3 inches. There will be 81 Million gallons of rain water for 38.7 inches of rain instead of the 6 Million that the project is designed for. Therefore, there will be 13 times more storm water that the retention ponds and drainage is designed for.
- 6. The project plans to clear cut 46 acres for home lots. One acre of land with 35 mature trees can absorb about 335,000 gallons of polluted storm water per year. Therefore converting 46 acres of forests could create 15 Million gallons of polluted storm water per year that can contaminate the IRL.

Description of the proposed development.

- 1. Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni) requests a Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment (20S.02) to change the Future Land Use designation from PI (Planned Industrial) to RES 2 (Residential 2). The property is 4.85 acres, located on the east side of Hammock Road, approximately 650 feet south of Parrish Road. (1930 Hammock Road, Titusville) (20PZ00024) (Tax Account 2105262 partial) (District 1)
- 2. Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni) requests a change of zoning classification from AU (Agricultural Residential) to RU-1-9 (Single-Family Residential), with a BDP (Binding Development Plan) limited to 62 units. The property is 31.43 acres, located on the \west side of Hammock Road, approximately 650 feet south of Parrish Road. (1930 Hammock Road, Titusville) (19PZ00158) (Tax Account 2105262) (District 1)

There are two parcels for a proposed development -- Phase 2 of Brooks Landing in north Titusville. Phase one has already been approved by the City of Titusville. Hammock Road passes through the Phase 2 property, creating two parcels. The bigger portion is on the west side of Hammock Road (Parcel #2 in the attached image) and a smaller 4.85-acre piece (Parcel #1 in the attached image) is on the east side of Hammock Road. The developer is seeking a land use change from PI to Res 2 for the 4.85-acre eastern portion of this split development. The developer is then seeking to change the zoning for the entire 31.43-acre development (both parcels) from AU to RU-1-9.



Project: Brooks Landing

Figure 5: Land Use (FLUCFCS) Map

o 200 400 800
Feet

2018 Aerial, Brevard County, Florida



Nayra Atiya Jones, Jennifer

Subject:

Comments, Brooks Landing Phase 2

Date:

Monday, June 15, 2020 10:47:48 AM

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Ms. Jones,

As a resident of Titusville, I am deeply concerned about the health of our Indian River Lagoon. Surely you must be as well. We have seen this magnificent gift of God fail under our tutelage. Increasing density east of US 1 goes against all our efforts to restore the IRL. I am imploring you to kindly vote against the Brooks Landing Phase 2 zoning change for this reason. It is a glaring example of high impact development in a most environmentally sensitive area. We cannot afford to cause further harm without digging our own graves. With your help, perhaps there can be hope. Please deny the zoning change for Brooks Landing Phase 2.

Gratefully yours,

Mrs. Nayra Atiya Titusville, Florida

dbotto1

Jones, Jennifer

Subject:

Brooks Landing Phase 2

Date:

Monday, June 15, 2020 11:06:58 AM

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Mr. Calkins,

It is imperative that the subject request for changes to the Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Law be denied. We are 3 years in to a 10 year, high cost effort to restore one of the most valued habitats in North America, the Indian River Lagoon. It is an unimpeachable fact that the current dire condition of our lagoon is the result of bad management of development. We're working to repair and correct the result of that fifty years of neglect. The will of the people is clear, we voted to tax ourselves to pay for this attempt. At this point in time, the lagoon has shown little improvement in water quality and even less in the all-important measure of sea grass coverage. This proposed development contradicts the objectives of the Save The Lagoon Program. Brooks Landing Phase 1 was granted a density change that was less than proposed but still will increase run-off harm to the lagoon. Now Phase 2 is much worse. This property may not meet the strict qualification of a wetland but for all practical purposes that is exactly what it is. The proposal indicates hedges that will ensure lagoon damage. Septic use guaranteeing 65% pollution removal in case sewer is not timely available is not possible. That level of effectiveness is highly dependent on the ambient soil condition and this soil is not conducive. Your staff comments indicate hydrologic soil characteristics throughout. This property, only 850 ft from the lagoon shore line and adjacent to a salt marsh, is a textbook candidate for designation by our EELS as part of the Florida Forever Lagoon Blueway program. Mr. Genoni should offer it as such in thanks for getting positive allowance for Phase 1.

We must not continue to make the same development mistakes that got us where we are today. WE MUST LOOK TO THE FUTURE!

Deny this change.

David C. Botto 275 Poinciana Drive Indian Harbour Beach, FL 3293 TEL 321 773 2327 From:

Calkins, Tad Jones, Jennifer

Subject: Date: FW: Request to DENY and NOT approve Monday, June 15, 2020 11:08:49 AM

FYI

From: Ruthie Cook <ruthiecook4@gmail.com>
Sent: Monday, June 15, 2020 10:57 AM
To: Calkins, Tad <tad.calkins@brevardfl.gov>
Subject: Request to DENY and NOT approve

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

To the County Commissioners when this re-zoning request comes before you. RE: Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni)

(1930 Hammock Road, Titusville) (20PZ00024) (Tax Account 2105262 – partial) (District 1) AND (19PZ00158) (Tax Account 2105262) (District 1).

i hope the right questions have been asked Before Approval.

approval of this rezoning request will set a bad precedent and is almost foolish to approve.

While We are spending millions of dollars! And many people are working really hard, doing physical work, to clean up the lagoon. And It is Working!

What sense does it make to allow additional high-density development to occur near its waters, especially in an area that has no history of such?

Yet, in one fell swoop, one approval - one is allowed to take much from so many, for money!

Can we not build just about anywhere? What are lessons learned? Can we go to the Indian River just anywhere? We need to care, it means money for many, the tricks are not free.

I may need a champion fighter! Anyone? Do Not Approve.

RE:

- 1. Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni) requests a Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment (20S.02) to change the Future Land Use designation from PI (Planned Industrial) to RES 2 (Residential 2). The property is 4.85 acres, located on the east side of Hammock Road, approximately 650 feet south of Parrish Road. (1930 Hammock Road, Titusville) (20PZ00024) (Tax Account 2105262 partial) (District 1)
- 2. Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni) requests a change of zoning classification from AU (Agricultural Residential) to RU-1-9 (Single-Family Residential), with a BDP (Binding Development Plan) limited to 62

units. The property is 31.43 acres, located on the \west side of Hammock Road, approximately 650 feet south of Parrish Road. (1930 Hammock Road, Titusville) (19PZ00158) (Tax Account 2105262) (District 1)

-

Best regards, Ruthie

Calkins, Tad Jones, Jennifer

Subject: Date: FW: P & Z Agenda Items 1 & 2 No Please Monday, June 15, 2020 11:09:32 AM

FYI

From: Stephen E. Chalmers <pitmedden1@gmail.com>

Sent: Monday, June 15, 2020 9:14 AM

To: Calkins, Tad <tad.calkins@brevardfl.gov>
Subject: P & Z Agenda Items 1 & 2 No Please

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Director Calkins,

Our county future is bright and beautiful with all inclusive longer term planning.

Much good work and treasure has been and is being invested toward sensible development goals. We need to deliver at moments such as this afternoon's meeting in order to achieve them.

Please vote down items 1 and 2.

Respectfully,

Stephen E Chalmers 2160 Windbrook Dr, Palm Bay, FL 32909 schalmers@cfl.rr.com 321 795 9008 mobile From:

Michael Myjak

To:

Calkins, Tad; Jones, Jennifer

Cc:

Pritchett, Rita

Subject:

Comments to Phase 2 of Brooks Landing P&Z hearing on Monday June 15.

Date:

Monday, June 15, 2020 11:09:53 AM

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Mr. Tad Calkins,

I regret that my health prevents me from attending the P&Z meeting this afternoon. Please bring my comments forward to the P&Z board.

I have been a volunteer and advocate for the Indian River Lagoon (IRL) since well before we didn't have clams to harvest. (Oysters, too!) That's why I joined the Titusville Environmental Commission so many years ago.

There is no disagreement that In recent years we have learned so much about how to take care of the IRL. Our knowledge and understanding of what to do and what **not to do** are, however, moving much faster than our county or municipal code can be amended.

So in this case, I think the Mims Small Area Plan (SAP) said it best by affixing zoning in this area to the existing land use, thus directing lower density development *toward* the water's edge.

The Mims Small Area Plan thus stands in stark contrast to the Brooks Landing Phase 2 proposal. This Brooks Landing Phase 2' effort is all about business as usual - increasing the density of development to maximize the profits of one, at the expense of the IRL and everyone else.

The loss of sea grass beds to algal blooms, fish kills, and the loss of hundreds of dolphins, manatees and brown pelicans over the years are all symptoms of the suffering we have brought to the IRL.

Now is the time to stand on the Mims SAP and deny the zoning change. To do otherwise, would set a very bad precedent. Its also what the local folks in Mims have already said what they want.

May you be Happy & Well,

Michael Myjak
Titusville Environmental Commission

Calkins, Tad Jones, Jennifer

Subject: Date: FW: Brooks Landing Phase 2 Monday, June 15, 2020 11:10:02 AM

Attachments:

BMAPexcerpt.docx

FYI

From: dbotto1 <dbotto1@cfl.rr.com>
Sent: Monday, June 15, 2020 9:54 AM
To: Calkins, Tad <tad.calkins@brevardfl.gov>

Subject: Brooks Landing Phase 2

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Mr. Calkins,

It is imperative that the subject request for changes to the Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Law be denied. We are 3 years in to a 10 year, high cost effort to restore one of the most valued habitats in North America, the Indian River Lagoon. It is an unimpeachable fact that the current dire condition of our lagoon is the result of bad management of development. We're working to repair and correct the result of that fifty years of neglect. The will of the people is clear, we voted to tax ourselves to pay for this attempt. At this point in time, the lagoon has shown little improvement in water quality and even less in the all important measure of sea grass coverage. This proposed development contradicts the objectives of the Save The Lagoon Program. Brooks Landing Phase 1 was granted a density change that was less than proposed but still will increase run-off harm to the lagoon. Now Phase 2 is much worse. This property may not meet the strict qualification of a wetland but for all practical purposes that is exactly what it is. The proposal indicates hedges that will ensure lagoon damage. Septic use guaranteeing 65% pollution removal in case sewer is not timely available is not possible. That level of effectiveness is highly dependent on the ambient soil condition and this soil is not conducive. Your staff comments indicate hydrologic soil characteristics throughout. This property, only 850 ft from the lagoon shore line and adjacent to a salt marsh, is a textbook candidate for designation by our EELS as part of the Florida Forever Lagoon Blueway program. Mr. Genoni should offer it as such in thanks for getting positive allowance for Phase 1.

We must not continue to make the same development mistakes that got us where we are today. WE MUST LOOK TO THE FUTURE!

Deny this change.

David C. Botto 275 Poinciana Drive Indian Harbour Beach, FL 3293 TEL 321 773 2327 Section 1.5 of the adopted Banana River Lagoon BMAP addresses loadings from future growth and redevelopment. The BMAP does not include a specific allocation for new development or redevelopment because of ERP Program requirements. The ERP Program requires that new discharges into the basin cannot increase existing loads. This is called "Net improvement" and means that the post-development pollutant loading for TN and TP can't exceed the pre-development pollutant loading. All ERP applications must include documentation demonstrating compliance with state water quality standards, as well as showing that the project does not adversely affect the quality of receiving waters, resulting in water quality standards violations. Since the Banana River Lagoon (BRL) is an impaired water that does not currently meet state water quality standards, new development and redevelopment within the BMAP area or watersheds cannot increase nutrient loads to the BRL. Unfortunately, the "Net Improvement" requirements in BMAPs are not included in Florida's ERP program requirements which need extensive revising.

The BMAP also states "Although future development may meet state stormwater standards, the development may still add a nutrient load to the lagoon. To ensure that future growth does not add to the degradation of the BRL, local governments must be proactive in controlling loads from future growth. Options to address future loading include low-impact development (LID) standards and Florida-friendly landscaping to further minimize the impacts of existing development and new development through local development regulations." LID is an approach to development that employs land planning, design practices, and technologies to conserve natural resources and reduce infrastructure costs. However, allowing LID techniques typically requires changes in local government Comprehensive Plans and Land Development Codes.

Calkins, Tad Jones, Jennifer

Subject: Date: FW: I object to Agenda Items 1 & 2 Monday, June 15, 2020 11:59:11 AM

FYI

From: Toni <tonibizness@aol.com>
Sent: Monday, June 15, 2020 11:25 AM
To: Calkins, Tad <tad.calkins@brevardfl.gov>
Subject: Fwd: I object to Agenda Items 1 & 2

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

sorry forgot to ID myself:

Toni Shifalo 715 Tropic Street Titusville, 32796

321-512-9900

----Original Message-----

From: Toni < tonibizness@aol.com>

To: tad.calkins@brevardfl.gov <tad.calkins@brevardfl.gov>

Sent: Mon, Jun 15, 2020 11:23 am Subject: I object to Agenda Items 1 & 2

To the Planning and Zoning Board:

Concerning the Planning & Zoning Board meeting scheduled today, June 15, 2020:

I oppose both agenda items 1 & 2 concerning the request by Theodore Goodenow, Chad Genoni to change the Future Land Use designation from PI to RES 2 on the 4.85 acre property east of Hammock Road, and to change the zoning classification from AU to RU-1-9 on both this property and the 31.43 acres located on the west side of Hammock Road.

I especially oppose the change of the smaller parcel from PI to Res 2 as it is clearly against the recommendations of both Staff and the Natural Resources Management Dept. FLU & Summary Item #20PZ00024. This small acreage consists of hydric soil and possibly a wetland. It's location near the Indian River Lagoon makes it a particularly sensitive environment and probably should NOT even carry the PI classification.

Changing the zoning on the larger parcel west of Hammock Road is a bad idea also. The proposed development does not meet the criteria set forth in the Administrative Policies set by the county. In Criteria C, Administrative Policy 2, it states a proposed development should be consistent with emerging or existing patterns of surrounding development. It does NOT. And it violates relevant policies in any elements of the Comprehensive Plan.

Please vote NO on these agenda items.

Toni Shifalo

Calkins, Tad Jones, Jennifer

Subject:

FW: Comments re this afternoon"s re-zoning request

Date:

Monday, June 15, 2020 11:59:52 AM

ĒΥΙ

From: lisa.ruckman@yahoo.com <lisa.ruckman@yahoo.com>

Sent: Monday, June 15, 2020 11:23 AM **To:** Calkins, Tad <tad.calkins@brevardfl.gov>

Subject: Comments re this afternoon's re-zoning request

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Re: Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni) requests a Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment from Planned Industrial to Residential 2. (20PZ00024) (Tax Account 2105262 - part of) (District 1)

Mr. Calkins:

I am writing to ask that this high- density re-zoning request be denied. Based on what the Mim's neighborhood has set up to be a lower density to match the area and the concerns for the Lagoon, it seems that this amendment would not be prudent.

As a volunteer with the Brevard Indian River Lagoon Coalition, I know that there are limited areas where the rain water can naturally filter to the Lagoon. Higher Density development is best left out of these few lower density areas we have left.

Sincerely, Lisa Ruckman

Jones, Jennifer

Subject: Date:

know the content is safe.

Rezoning for Phase 2 Brooks Landing Monday, June 15, 2020 12:07:43 PM

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and

Public comment for June 15 Brevard County Planning and Zoning Commission meeting:

- 1. Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni) requests a Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment (20S.02) to change the Future Land Use designation from PI (Planned Industrial) to RES 2 (Residential 2). The property is 4.85 acres, located on the east side of Hammock Road, approximately 650 feet south of Parrish Road. (1930 Hammock Road, Titusville) (20PZ00024) (Tax Account 2105262 partial) (District 1)
- 2. Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni) requests a change of zoning classification from AU (Agricultural Residential) to RU-1-9 (Single-Family Residential), with a BDP (Binding Development Plan) limited to 62 units. The property is 31.43 acres, located on the \west side of Hammock Road, approximately 650 feet south of Parrish Road. (1930 Hammock Road, Titusville) (19PZ00158) (Tax Account 2105262) (District 1)

These rezoning requests are detrimental to the Indian River Lagoon. The Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Basin Management Plan mandates that "Since the North IRL is an impaired water that does not currently meet state water quality standards, new development in the basin cannot increase nutrient loads to the lagoon." Also, "To ensure that future growth does not add to the degradation of the North IRL, local governments must be proactive in controlling loads from future growth. "The FDEP recommends Low Impact Developments to minimize the impact of new developments.

The property to the east side of Hammock Road is too close to the Indian River Lagoon for development and would inevitably impact the Indian River Lagoon. No change in zoning should be approved. Septic tanks should be prohibited.

Retain the agricultural residential zoning of the 31.43 acre parcel to the west of Hammock Road. Any development should mimic the existing density of nearby houses, and utilize low impact development strategies, preserving trees to reduce stormwater runoff and to reduce heat buildup. Hookup to the Titusville sewage is essential. Septic tanks should be prohibited.

Many nearby residents and citizens of Titusville objected to Phase 1 of Brooks Landing before the Titusville City Council. Now we urge the Brevard County Commissioners to reject requests to rezone this land adjacent to the Indian River Lagoon for development purposes.

Thank you for considering the viewpoints stated above.

Kay St. Onge Titusville Tree Team From:

Calkins, Tad Jones, Jennifer

Subject: Date: Fwd: Please deny the high density zoning Monday, June 15, 2020 3:15:35 PM

FYI

Sent from my iPhone

Begin forwarded message:

From: Deborah Longman-Marien deblongmanmarien@yahoo.com

Date: June 15, 2020 at 2:28:21 PM EDT

To: "Calkins, Tad" <tad.calkins@brevardfl.gov> Subject: Please deny the high density zoning

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Please deny Item one and two on the agenda. Please deny the high density zoning requested. As a citizen who cares about the lagoon, which we are spending much to clean up, this will not help.

- 1. Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni) requests a Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment (20S.02) to change the Future Land Use designation from PI (Planned Industrial) to RES 2 (Residential 2). The property is 4.85 acres, located on the east side of Hammock Road, approximately 650 feet south of Parrish Road. (1930 Hammock Road, Titusville) (20PZ00024) (Tax Account 2105262 partial) (District 1)
- 2. Theodore Goodenow (Chad Genoni) requests a change of zoning classification from AU (Agricultural Residential) to RU-1-9 (Single-Family Residential), with a BDP (Binding Development Plan) limited to 62 units. The property is 31.43 acres, located on the \west side of Hammock Road, approximately 650 feet south of Parrish Road. (1930 Hammock Road, Titusville) (19PZ00158) (Tax Account 2105262) (District 1)

Approval of this application will not be good for the lagoon as development takes place north of Titusville. A number of citizens worked very hard on the Mims Small Area Plan, which the community backed. A big component of the Mims SAP was protection for the lagoon. It was hoped that new development just south of Parrish Road would follow the

direction of the Mims SAP.

We are spending millions of dollars and many people are doing hard physical work to clean up the lagoon. It makes absolutely no sense to allow additional high-density development to occur near its waters, especially in an area that has no history of that?

From:

Commissioner, D1

To:

Jones, Jennifer

Cc:

Mascellino, Carol; Smith, Nathan; Pritchett, Rita; Ball, Jeffrey; Calkins, Tad

Subject:

FW: Brooks Landing Phase 2

Date:

Wednesday, August 5, 2020 11:26:48 AM

Attachments:

BMAPexcerpt.docx image001.png

Jennifer,

On behalf of Commissioner Pritchett, attached please find an email regarding the item for the August 6 zoning agenda.

Thanks,

Marcia Newell

Chief Legislative Aide to Commissioner Rita Pritchett

Marcia.newell@brevardfl.gov



District 1 Commission Office

2000 S. Washington Avenue, Suite 2 Titusville, Florida 32780 321-607-6901

Please note:

Florida has a very broad public records law. Most written communications to or from the offices of elected officials are public records available to the public and media upon request. Your email communications may therefore be subject to public disclosure.

From: dbotto1 < dbotto1@cfl.rr.com>

Sent: Wednesday, August 5, 2020 10:48 AM

To: Commissioner, D1 <D1.Commissioner@brevardfl.gov>; Commissioner, D2

<D2.Commissioner@brevardfl.gov>; Commissioner, D3 <d3.commissioner@brevardfl.gov>;

Commissioner, D4 < D4. Commissioner@brevardfl.gov>; Commissioner, D5

<D5.Commissioner@brevardfl.gov>

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Chairman Lober and Distinguished Members of the Brevard County Commission;

The Marine Resources Council (MRC) is dedicated to the preservation and restoration of the Indian River Lagoon (IRL) and we are pro-actively supporting the Save Our Lagoon Project Plan which seeks, at great cost, to correct and repair past mistakes that caused great harm to the lagoon. We are concerned that much of the accelerated development now occurring in Brevard County poses danger to the future health of the Indian River Lagoon. Such development, even though meeting current requirements, will add to the pollution entering the lagoon in violation of "net improvement" federal and state mandates (please see attached). In the long term, it contradicts the objectives of the Save Our Lagoon Project Plan.

To counter this, we have strongly encouraged the adoption of Low Impact Design (LID) that will cost effectively minimize the impact on the IRL of much needed development. Its objective is to control storm water at its source through site design and Best Management Practices actions that result in post development run-off that mimics the original. The concept is founded on the critical need to increase pervious water storing land, reduce the destructive run-off loss of water and reduce pollutant loads entering the lagoon. It is important to note that, to a saline ecology such as the lagoon, excess clean fresh water is itself a pollutant.

The changes in density proposed for the subject development to accommodate 62 units of 9000 square feet will dramatically increase pollutant loads to the lagoon. An approximate calculation of the planned impervious surface additional run off is 10 million gallons per year. The owner has shown, in his recent sketch plat for Brooks Landing Phase 1, that he intends to apply standard storm water infrastructure into a wet retention pond. This is the development approach that got us where we are today. Wet retention has proven to, at best, achieve no more than 35% removal of nitrogen even with rare proper maintenance (UCF Stormwater Academy). The density approval for Phase 1 was unfortunate. We respectfully urge you to refuse to change existing law and maintain the current low density development plan for this proximate property that is so critical to the long term health of our lagoon.

We must look to the future.

Respectfully,
David C. Botto, Chair
Intergovernmental Committee
Marine Resources Council

Section 1.5 of the adopted Banana River Lagoon BMAP addresses loadings from future growth and redevelopment. The BMAP does not include a specific allocation for new development or redevelopment because of ERP Program requirements. The ERP Program requires that new discharges into the basin cannot increase existing loads. This is called "Net improvement" and means that the post-development pollutant loading for TN and TP can't exceed the pre-development pollutant loading. All ERP applications must include documentation demonstrating compliance with state water quality standards, as well as showing that the project does not adversely affect the quality of receiving waters, resulting in water quality standards violations. Since the Banana River Lagoon (BRL) is an impaired water that does not currently meet state water quality standards, new development and redevelopment within the BMAP area or watersheds cannot increase nutrient loads to the BRL. Unfortunately, the "Net Improvement" requirements in BMAPs are not included in Florida's ERP program requirements which need extensive revising.

The BMAP also states "Although future development may meet state stormwater standards, the development may still add a nutrient load to the lagoon. To ensure that future growth does not add to the degradation of the BRL, local governments must be proactive in controlling loads from future growth. Options to address future loading include low-impact development (LID) standards and Florida-friendly landscaping to further minimize the impacts of existing development and new development through local development regulations." LID is an approach to development that employs land planning, design practices, and technologies to conserve natural resources and reduce infrastructure costs. However, allowing LID techniques typically requires changes in local government Comprehensive Plans and Land Development Codes.

From:

Commissioner, D1

To:

Jones, Jennifer

Cc:

Mascellino, Carol; Pritchett, Rita; Smith, Nathan; Calkins, Tad; Ball, Jeffrey

Subject:

FW: Hammock Road Zoning Change, Deny Pending Additional Info

Date: Attachments: Wednesday, August 5, 2020 2:49:39 PM Parrish Re-Zone Request 6Aug2020-A.pdf

image001.png

Jennifer,

On behalf of Commissioner Pritchett, attached please find email our office just received regarding the Brooks Landing item on the agenda for August 6. I know that they are in a briefing right now with the Commissioner.

Thanks.

Marcia Newell

Chief Legislative Aide to Commissioner Rita Pritchett Marcia.newell@brevardfl.gov



2000 S. Washington Avenue, Suite 2 Titusville, Florida 32780 321-607-6901

Please note:

Florida has a very broad public records law. Most written communications to or from the offices of elected officials are public records available to the public and media upon request. Your email communications may therefore be subject to public disclosure.

From: Monty <montyfrompalmbay@gmail.com> Sent: Wednesday, August 5, 2020 2:42 PM

To: Commissioner, D1 < D1. Commissioner@brevardfl.gov>

Subject: Hammock Road Zoning Change, Deny Pending Additional Info

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Commissioner Pritchett,

For the **proposed zoning change 19PZ-00158**, I've been working with District One residents and Brevard citizens to understand the issues.

The attached slide package captures discussions and site visits, with inputs from multiple folks. Please flip through the first 7 slides as possible.

I request you deny, or delay approval pending concept info on stormwater management. Although not required by Brevard process, sensitive nature of this development (to local stormwater and to Lagoon health) makes it appropriate for Developer to provide information before allowing such a dramatic change to housing density. Impacts to Brevard stormwater maintenance costs, flooding of nearby homes, and future homeowner flooding problems warrant this.

Thanks for your efforts,
David Monty Montgomery, PE
Brevard (District 3) Environmental Scientist



Parrish Re-Zone Request 6Aug2020-A, slide 8

Basing Management Action Plan (BMAP) Note

from the North Indian River Lagoon Basin Management Action Plan:

"It is apparent local governments have the authority to require detailed stormwater management plans that include numerical details as to pre-development and post development estimated run-off production with a detailed plan designed by a registered engineer to meet the net improvement requirement."



The 26 acre and 5 acre parcels are not considered separately

Reference from **Zoning Meeting on 6 July 2020:**

"19PZ 00158" is the **Zoning Ref #**

STAFF COMMENTS 19PZ00158 Theodore C. Goodenow

AU (Agricultural Residential) to RU-1-9 (Single-Family REFERENCE SLIDE

Tax Account Number:

2105262

Parcel I.D.: tocation:

21-35-21-00-501 1930 Hammock Road, Titusville (District 1)

Acreage:

№31.43 acres

Planning and Zoning Board: 07/06/20 Board of County Commissioners: 08/06/20

Consistency with Land Use Regulations

- Surrent zoning can be considered under the Future Land Use Designation, Section 62-1255.
- The proposal can be considered under the Future Land Use Designation, Section 62-1255.
- The proposal would maintain acceptable Levels of Service (LOS) (XIII 1.6.C)

	CURRENT	PROPOSED	
Zoning	AU	RU-1-9 with BDP	
Potential*	12 Single-Family Units	► 62 Single-Family Units	
Can be Considered under the	NO	YES**	
Future Land Use Map	RES 2 and Pi	RES 2***	

 Zoning potential for concurrency analysis purposes only, subject to applicable land development. regulations. ** A BDP limiting the density of the property to Residential 2 (RES 2) is required for this action to establish consistency with the Future Land Use Map, *** A small scale comprehensive plan amendment application from Planned Industrial (PI) to RES 2 is being reviewed concurrently with this application for the portion of the site designated PI east of Hammock Road.

Background and Purpose of Request

The applicant is seeking a change of zoning classification from Agricultural Residential (AU) to Single-Family Residential (RU-1-9) in order to develop a residential subdivision of up to 62 singlefamily lots. The request is accompanied by a Binding Development Plan (BDP) limiting the project density to two units per acre and committing to connection to City of Titusville central water and sewer.

The subject property is located at the intersection of Parrish Road and Hammock Road between North U.S. Highway 1 and the Indian River. It is split by Hammock Road with the majority of the property being located between Hammock Road and US 1. At the closest point, the property is

Parrish Re-Zone Request 6Aug2020-A, slide 17

From:

Commissioner, D1

To:

Jones, Jennifer

Cc: Subject: Mascellino, Carol; Pritchett, Rita; Smith, Nathan; Calkins, Tad; Ball, Jeffrey FW: Rezoning 19PZ-00158 and 20PZ-00024 Brooks Landing Phase 2

Date:

Wednesday, August 5, 2020 3:22:33 PM

Jennifer,

Another email regarding Brooks Landing.

Marcia

From: kay st. onge <stongekay@yahoo.com> Sent: Wednesday, August 5, 2020 3:04 PM

To: Commissioner, D1 < D1. Commissioner@brevardfl.gov>

Subject: Rezoning 19PZ-00158 and 20PZ-00024 Brooks Landing Phase 2

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] DO NOT CLICK links or attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Commissioner:

Please accept this email as a public comment for the rezoning of 19PZ-000158 and 20PZ-00024 (Brooks Landing Phase 2). This proposed subdivision's close proximity to the Indian River Lagoon requires careful scrutiny as Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Basin Management Action Plan mandates that,

"Since the North IRL is an impaired water that does not currently meet state water quality standards, new development in the basin cannot increase nutrient loads to the lagoon."

"To ensure that future growth does not add to the degradation of the North IRL, local governments must be proactive in controlling loads from future growth. Options to address future loading include low-impact development (LID) standards and Florida-friendly landscaping to further minimize the impacts of existing development and new development through local development regulations. LID is an approach to development that employs land planning, design practices, and technologies to conserve natural resources and reduce infrastructure costs. These activities could offset loads from future growth and, therefore, may reduce the reductions needed from the entities in future BMAP iterations.

It is apparent local governments have the authority to require detailed stormwater management plans that include numerical details as to pre-development and post-development estimated runoff production with a detailed plan designed by a registered engineer to meet the net improvement requirement."

Brevard Commissioners should take note that the Titusville City Council tabled the approval of Brooks Landing Phase 1 Sketch Plat on July 28 due to their concerns about the stormwater management system in that proposed development. This 72 acre 143 home proposed subdivision has a legal positive outfall to the Indian River Lagoon.

Please follow suit and either table or deny approval of 19PZ-000148 and 20PZ-00024.

The City of Titusville has not yet agreed to provide sewer hookups for this development. Sewage systems are absolutely unacceptable for any houses proposed so close to the Indian River Lagoon. No houses should be built east of Hammond Road, with or without sewer hookup, as this would particularly jeopardize the Lagoon.

Children from our community swim in the Indian River Lagoon. It is time that County Commissioners, our elected representatives, take action to prevent further pollutants from developments flowing into the Lagoon.

Kay St. Onge 2360 Maryland Avenue Titusville, FL 32796

Brevard County Board of County Commissioners

August 6, 2020

- PRESENTED ON BEHALF OF -

THOEDORE GOODENOW (CHAD GENONI)

Item # H.1. Request for a Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment from Planned Industrial to Residential 2. (20PZ00024) (Tax Account 2105262) (District 1)

&

Item # H.2. Request for a change of zoning classification from AU to RU-1-9. (19PZ000158) (Tax Account 2105262) (District 1)

KIMBERLY BONDER REZANKA, ESQ. Cantwell & Goldman, P.A.

96 Willard Street, Suite 302

Cocoa, FL 32922

Sec. 62-3202. - General.

- (a) A site development plan shall be required for the construction or expansion of a building, structure, infrastructure, or complex of buildings or structures, unless exempted by this section. A building permit shall not be issued, unless the construction plans are accompanied by an approved site development plan
- (c) A site development plan submitted for any development defined in this Article shall comply with the requirements of article VII, division 4, engineering design standards for subdivision and site plan review.
- (d) Site development plans, drainage plans, drainage calculations, and all other engineering studies shall be signed and sealed by a professional engineer licensed in the state. The county manager or their designee may waive the engineering requirement for minor site plans or minor alteration plans.
- (h) The site development plan shall include all of the necessary information and engineering for construction, including but not limited to, the following and other specific requirements and standards of this article:
 - (1) A site development plan shall provide that the proposed lot sizes, lot coverage, density, setback provisions, and other factors are in conformity with the requirements of this article and other applicable ordinances, articles and statutes.
 - (2) The site shall be designed and constructed to ensure use of the property is in harmony with adjacent and surrounding land use; has adequate light and air; and is safe and convenient for those persons utilizing such property.
 - (3) The ingress and egress to the property and proposed structures, both pedestrian and vehicular, shall be controlled so as to provide safe traffic control and flow within the property and between adjoining property and existing public roads and rights-of-way.
 - (4) The site shall have direct access to a paved road, whether public or private.
 - (5) Access drives that function as a minor street, minor arterial, collector street or higher functional classification shall be constructed in accordance with applicable sections of the article VII.
 - (6) The drainage of the property shall not alter the established drainage so as to adversely affect the adjoining property. The plan shall depict the stormwater treatment method as required by federal, state, and local governing agencies.
 - (7) The plan shall demonstrate water and sewer service are available. In areas where public sewer service is not available, the site development plan shall depict department of health approved alternative means of treatment.
 - (8) Site development plans shall take reasonable measures to preserve all natural, scenic vistas/roadways, archaeological, and historic features.
 - (9) Any boundary and/or easement overlaps and gaps must be resolved prior to final approval.
 - (10) Site plans within BU-1, BU-2, or industrial zoning classifications shall construct a minimum of a six-foot high masonry or solid wall, including, but not limited to, concrete block walls, pre-cast (solid) walls, or foam core/steel support with stucco finish, when the subject property abuts a residential zoning classification.

Sec. 62-3694. - Permitted uses.

- (a) The following uses shall be permitted provided they do not adversely affect the functions of wetlands within the county:
 - (1) Non-bona fide agricultural and forestry operations utilizing best management practices, which do not result in permanent degradation or destruction of wetlands;
 - (2) Recreation;
 - (3) Fish and wildlife management; and
 - (4) Open space.

Pursuant to the Florida Agricultural Lands and Practices Act (F.S. ch. 163.3162(4)), any activity of a bona fide agricultural use on land classified as agricultural land pursuant to F.S. § 193.461 is exempt.

- (b) As an alternative to filling, functional isolated wetlands may be utilized within the surface water management system of a project as approved by the county.
- (c) The following land use and density restrictions are established as a maximum density or most intense land use within wetlands that may be considered only if other criteria established in Conservation Element Policy 5.2 of the county comprehensive plan are met:
 - (1) Residential land uses within wetlands that are a part of a formal subdivision or site plan, on properties containing wetlands shall be limited to the following:
 - a. Residential land uses within wetlands shall be limited to not more than one dwelling unit per five acres unless strict application of this policy renders a legally established parcel as of September 9, 1988, which is less than five acres, as unbuildable. The preceding limitation of one dwelling unit per five acres within wetlands may be applied as a maximum percentage limiting wetland impacts to not more than one and eight-tenths percent of the total non-commercial and non-industrial acreage on a cumulative basis as set forth in section 65-3694(c)(6), for subdivisions and multi-family parcels greater than five acres in area, new town overlays, PUDs, and if applicable, mixed-use land development activities as specified in section 65-3694(c)(5).
 - b. For development activities on property greater than five acres, density may be transferred to an upland portion of the site if consistent with all county land development regulations and compatible with adjacent uses.
 - c. Except as allowable in section 65-3694(c)(1)a., subdivided lots and multi-family parcels shall contain sufficient uplands for the intended use and for any buffering necessary to maintain the function of the wetland(s), and shall be compatible with adjacent uses.
 - (6) Impacts to wetlands from residential and mixed-use land devels ment activities, on a cumulative basis, shall not exceed one and eight-tenths percent of the non-commercial and non-industrial acreage of a DRI, PUD, parcel acreage or, if the project is vithin a new town overlay (as defined in chapter 11 policy 9.2), one and eight-tenths percent of the non-commercial and non-industrial acreage within the applicable new town overlay.

35 Fla. L. Weekly D2759

52 So.3d 19 District Court of Appeal of Florida, First District.

KATHERINE'S BAY, LLC, Intervenor, Appellant,

Ronald J. FAGAN and Citrus County, Appellees.

No. 1D10-939.

Dec. 14, 2010.

*** Start Section

... and the LDC that would limit the intensity of development on this land even under the RVP designation. The ALJ concluded, however, that "[n]otwithstanding the other provisions within the Plan and LDRs that place limitations on RV park development *26 in an effort to satisfy environmental constraints, ... the subject property is clearly not 'the most appropriate area, as depicted on the GFLUM' for new development, nor is it an area with 'minimal environmental limitations.'"

The ALJ also concluded that the Amendment was inconsistent with FLUE Policy 17.2.8's requirement that development be accomplished in a "functional and compatible land use framework which reduces incompatible land uses." Because "compatible" is not defined in the Plan, the ALJ relied on the definition of "compatibility" in Florida Administrative Code Rule 9J–5.003(23). That definition is as follows:



"Compatibility" means a condition in which land uses or conditions can coexist in relative proximity to each other in a stable fashion over time such that no use or condition is unduly negatively impacted directly or indirectly by another use or condition.

In support of the conclusion that the new designation approved a land use incompatible with the surrounding uses, the ALJ noted Appellee's testimony concerning the characteristics of the area. He also noted Appellee's concerns about noise, lighting, litter, traffic, and property value. The ALJ further noted that there were only six nonconforming

land uses and that each was permitted to exist due to vested rights. The ALJ then stated, "It is fair to infer that the insertion of an RV park in the middle of a large...

*** Start Section

.... The mere fact that Appellee's property has a different future land use designation than Appellant's re-classified property is insufficient. See Hillsborough County v. Westshore Realty, Inc., 444 So.2d 25, 27 (Fla. 2d DCA 1983) (holding that the mere fact that property is in close proximity to another property with a less restrictive classification does not require reclassification). Additionally, while it may have been noteworthy that Appellant presently fails to maintain its vested one-acre RV park in an attractive manner, the concern that the yet-to-be-developed RV park would be maintained in the same way is speculative and does not establish long-term negative impacts stemming from the reclassification of the subject property.

In sum, based on the applicable definition of "compatibility," Appellant's argument that there was insufficient evidence to support a finding that the RV park was incompatible is well-taken. It appears that, in finding the proposed use incompatible with the surrounding uses, the ALJ gave undue emphasis to Appellee's preference not to have an RV park as a neighbor. However, this preference in itself is insufficient to override Appellant's desire to build an RV park on its land. See Conetta v. City of Sarasota, 400 So.2d 1051, 1053 (Fla. 2d DCA 1981) (suggesting that a land-use decision should not be "based primarily on the sentiments of other residents"). As a result, we hold that the ALJ erred in concluding that the Amendment was inconsistent with FLUE Policy 17.2.8.

III. Conclusion

For the reasons explained...

\$ 163.3164 (9), Fla. Stat.

4

143

Sec. 62-1542. - Planned industrial park, PIP.

The PIP planned industrial park zoning classification is intended for locations which are served by major roads but are not feasible for light or heavy industrial developments because of proximity to residential uses. The regulations for this district are intended to encourage development compatible with surrounding or abutting residential districts, with suitable open spaces, landscaping and parking areas. Consequently, manufacturing activities that can be carried on in a relatively unobtrusive manner, and certain facilities that are necessary to serve the employees of the district, are permitted. All property in this zoning classification shall have a structure located on the property with a minimum of 300 square feet prior to utilizing the property for any of the uses permitted in this section.

(1) Permitted uses.

a. The following uses are permitted providing they are in compliance with the performance standards set forth in division 6, subdivision III, of this article and providing they take place within substantial buildings completely enclosed with walls and a roof.

All uses permitted in the BU-1 and BU-2 classification.

Motels.

Permitted uses with conditions are as follows (see division 5, subdivision II, of this article):
 Uses "permitted with conditions" will be controlled by section 62-1540 and performance standards.

Boatbuilding facility.

Preexisting use.

Recovered materials processing facility.

Single family residence.

(2) Accessory uses.

- a. Customary accessory uses are permitted, including operations required to maintain or support any use permitted in this zone on the same lot as the permitted use, such as maintenance shops, and machine shops, provided these take place within enclosed buildings.
- b. The following uses are permitted as a convenience to the occupants thereof and their customers and employees:

Convention or exhibit hall.

Dining facilities.

Recreational facilities.

(3) Conditional uses. Conditional uses are as follows:

Change of nonconforming agricultural use.

Land alteration (over five acres).

Marinas, commercial or recreational.

Overnight commercial parking lot.

Substantial expansion of a preexisting use.

Prepared by: Charles B. Genoni Beachland Managers, LLC 4760 N. US1 #201 Melbourne FL 32935

BINDING DEVELOPMENT PLAN

THIS AGREEMENT, entered into thisday of, 20_ between the
BOARD OF COMMISIONERS OF BREVARD COUNTY, FLORIDA, a political subdivision of the
State of Florida (hereinafter referred to as "County") and Theodore C. Goodenow, (hereinafter
referred to as Owner").

RECITALS

WHEREAS, Developer/Owner owns property (hereinafter referred to as the "Property") in Brevard County, Florida, as more particularly described in Exhibit "A" attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference; and

WHEREAS, Developer/Owner has requested the RU 1-9 zoning classification and desire to develop the Property as a <u>Single-Family Subdivision</u>, and pursuant to the Brevard County Code, Section 62-1157; and

WHEREAS, as part of its plan for development of the Property, Developer/Owner wishes to mitigate negative impact on abutting land owners and affected facilities or services; and

WHEREAS, the County is authorized to regulate development of the Property. NOW, THEREFORE, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. The County shall not be required or obligated in any way to construct or maintain or participate in any way in the construction or maintenance of the improvements. It is the intent of the parties that the Developer/Owner, its grantees, successors or assigns in interest or some other association and/or assigns satisfactory to the County shall be responsible for the maintenance of any improvements.
- 2. The following conditions shall apply:
 - a. The Developer/Owner shall limit the project density to 62 Units with the current Future
 Land Use Designation of RES 2.

- b. The Developer/Owner will hook up to Titusville Water and Sewer services.
- c. The total maximum destiny for the project will include the 4.845 acres of land on the east side of Hammack Rd. and the 26.328 acres of land on the west side of Hammack Rd. and shall be limited to a cumulative 62 units.
- d. The land on East side of Hammock Rd. shall be limited to one ½ acre or larger lot. Any lots allowed by the zoning category on the eastern portion of the Property can be recaptured on western portion of the Property so that the average density of the east side and west side combined is 2 units per acre or 62 units total.
- e. The minimum lot size shall be 9,000 sq. ft. for lots on the west side of Hammock Rd.
- f. There shall be a 25' buffer on the west property line of the west 26.328-acre parcel that will include landscaping (see Exhibit B) or a fence. There shall be a 25' buffer that will include landscaping (see Exhibit B) on the north property line of the east 4.845-acre parcel. The pepper trees along the north property line of the east 4.845-acre parcel shall be cleared at the time of site development, provided they are not in wetlands that would require mitigation.
- 3. Developer/Owner shall comply with all regulations and ordinances of Brevard County, Florida. This Agreement constitutes Developer's/Owner's agreement to meet additional standards or restrictions in developing the Property. This agreement provides no vested rights against changes to the Comprehensive Plan or land development regulations as they may apply to this Property.
- 4. Developer/Owner, upon execution of this Agreement, shall pay to the Clerk of Courts the cost of recording this Agreement in the Public Records of Brevard County, Florida.

- 6. Violation of this Agreement will also constitute a violation of the Zoning Classification and this Agreement may be enforced by Sections 1.7 and 62-5, Code of Ordinances of Brevard County, Florida, as may be amended.
- 7. Conditions precedent. All mandatory conditions set forth in this Agreement mitigate the potential for incompatibility and must be satisfied before Developer/Owner may implement the approved use(s), unless stated otherwise. The failure to timely comply with any mandatory condition is a violation of this Agreement, constitutes a violation of the Zoning Classification and is subject to enforcement action as described in Paragraph 6 above.

IN WITNESS THEREOF, the parties hereto have caused these presents to be signed all as of the date and year first written above.

ATTEST:	BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF BREVARD COUNTY, FLORIDA 2725 Judge Fran Jamison Way Viera, FL 32940		
Scott Ellis, Clerk (SEAL)	As approved by the Board on		
(Please note: you must have two witnesses as one witness.)	s and a notary for each signature required, the notary may serve		
WITNESSES:	OWNER		
	Theodore C. Goodenow		
(Witness Name typed or printed)	605 Sugartown St Port St. John FL 32927		
(Witness Name typed or Printed)			

STATE OF			
COUNTY OF			
The foregoing instrume	nt was acknowled	ged before me thisday of,	20,
by	, as	of	
who is personally know	n or produced	as identification	·
My commission expires	<u> </u>		
Commission no		Notary Public	
SEAL		(Name typed, printed or stamped)	

Exhibit "A"

Account 2105262

N 1/2 of NE ½ of SW ½ lying W of Hammock Rd & S ½ of NE ¼ of SW ½ Exc RD R/W Pars 502,506 & 543

