Agenda Report



2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way Viera, FL 32940

Public Hearing

G.15.

9/7/2023

Subject:

Chelsea Lee James requests a change of zoning classification from GU to RRMH-1. (23Z00052) (Tax Account 2002343) (District 1)

Fiscal Impact:

None

Dept/Office:

Planning and Development

Requested Action:

It is requested that the Board of County Commissioners consider a change of zoning classification from GU (General Use) to RRMH-1 (Rural Residential Mobile Home).

Summary Explanation and Background:

The applicant is requesting to change the zoning classification from GU (General Use) to RRMH-1 (Rural Residential Mobile Home) on a 1.18-acre parcel to develop one single-family residence. A companion application, 23SS00013, if approved, would amend the FLUM designation from AGRIC (Agricultural) to RES 1 (Residential 1).

The proposed RRMH-1 classification permits single-family mobile homes and detached single-family homes on minimum one-acre lots, with a minimum width and depth of 125 feet, and a minimum house size of 600 square feet. This classification permits horses, barns, and horticulture as accessory uses.

The character of the surrounding area is agricultural and single-family residential on large lots approximately one acre or greater in size. There is existing RRMH-1 zoning to the west of the subject parcel, across D. Johnson Avenue. To the west, across D. Johnson Avenue, is an undeveloped 4.7-acre parcel with RRMH-1 zoning. This parcel was split out of a 10-acre parcel that received the RRMH-1 zoning under Z-5429 in 1980, prior to the adoption of the Comprehensive Plan.

The subject parcel cannot be considered a non-conforming lot of record because it was recorded into the current configuration per Official Records Book 1609, Page 1023 on February 20, 1976 after the minimum lot size regulation changed. GU required 1 acre prior to May 20, 1975, afterwards GU required 5 acres. In 1988, the Comprehensive Plan was adopted establishing an Agricultural FLUM designation also requiring a minimum 5 acres.

The Board may wish to consider if the request is consistent and compatible with the introduction of Res 1 into the surrounding area.

G.15. 9/7/2023

On August 14, 2023, the Planning and Zoning Board heard the request and unanimously recommended approval.

Clerk to the Board Instructions:

Once the resolution is received, please execute and return a copy to Planning and Development.

Resolution 23Z00052

On motion by Commissioner Feltner, seconded by Commissioner Tobia, the following resolution was adopted by a unanimous vote:

WHEREAS, Chelsea Lee James requests a change of zoning classification from GU (General Use) to RRMH-1 (Rural Residential Mobile Home) on property described as Lot 4.01, Block 2, Indian River Park Subdivision, as recorded in ORB 9696, Pages 499 - 500, of the Public Records of Brevard County, Florida. Section 23, Township 20G, Range 34. (1.18 acres) Located on the southeast corner of D Johnson Ave. and Merritt St. (4585 D Johnson Ave., Mims); and

WHEREAS, a public hearing of the Brevard County Planning and Zoning Board was advertised and held, as required by law, and after hearing all interested parties and considering the adjacent areas, the Brevard County Planning and Zoning Board recommended that the application be approved; and

WHEREAS, the Board, after considering said application and the Planning and Zoning Board's recommendation, and hearing all interested parties, and after due and proper consideration having been given to the matter, find that the application should be approved as recommended; now therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of County Commissioners of Brevard County, Florida, that the requested change of zoning classification from GU to RRMH-1, be approved. The Planning and Development Director, or designee, is hereby directed to make this change on the official zoning maps of Brevard County, Florida.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this resolution shall become effective as of September 7, 2023.

BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS Brevard County, Florida

Rita Pritchett, Chair Brevard County Commission As approved by the Board on September 7, 2023.

ATTEST:

RACHEL SADOFF, CLERK

(SEAL)

P&Z Board Hearing – August 14, 2023

Please note: A CUP (Conditional Use Permit) will generally expire on the three-year anniversary of its approval if the use is not established prior to that date. CUPs for Towers and Antennas shall expire if a site plan for the tower is not submitted within one year of approval or if construction does not commence within two years of approval. A Planned Unit Development Preliminary Development Plan expires if a final development plan is not filed within three years. The granting of this zoning does not guarantee physical development of the property. At the time of development, said development must be in accordance with the criteria of the Brevard County Comprehensive Plan and other applicable laws and ordinances.

ADMINISTRATIVE POLICIES OF THE FUTURE LAND USE ELEMENT

Administrative Policies in the Future Land Use Element establish the expertise of staff with regard to zoning land use issues and set forth criteria when considering a rezoning action or request for Conditional Use Permit, as follows:

Administrative Policy 1

The Brevard County zoning official, planners and the Director of the Planning and Development, however designated, are recognized as expert witnesses for the purposes of Comprehensive Plan amendments as well as zoning, conditional use, special exception, and variance applications.

Administrative Policy 2

Upon Board request, members of the Brevard County planning and zoning staff shall be required to present written analysis and a recommendation, which shall constitute an expert opinion, on all applications for zoning, conditional uses, comprehensive plan amendments, vested rights, or other applications for development approval that come before the Board of County Commissioners for quasi-judicial review and action. The Board may table an item if additional time is required to obtain the analysis requested or to hire an expert witness if the Board deems such action appropriate. Staff input may include the following:

Criteria:

- A. Staff shall analyze an application for consistency or compliance with comprehensive plan policies, zoning approval criteria and other applicable written standards.
- B. Staff shall conduct site visits of property which are the subject of analysis and recommendation. As part of the site visit, the staff shall take a videotape or photographs where helpful to the analysis and conduct an inventory of surrounding existing uses. Aerial photographs shall also be used where they would aid in an understanding of the issues of the case.
- C. In cases where staff analysis is required, both the applicant and the staff shall present proposed findings of fact for consideration by the Board.
- D. For development applications where a specific use has not been proposed, the worst case adverse impacts of potential uses available under the applicable land use classification shall be evaluated by the staff.

Administrative Policy 3

Compatibility with existing or proposed land uses shall be a factor in determining where a rezoning or any application involving a specific proposed use is being considered. Compatibility shall be evaluated by considering the following factors, at a minimum:

Criteria:

A. Whether the proposed use(s) would have hours of operation, lighting, odor, noise levels, traffic, or site activity that would significantly diminish the enjoyment of, safety or quality of life in existing neighborhoods within the area which could foreseeably be affected by the proposed use.

- B. Whether the proposed use(s) would cause a material reduction (five percent or more) in the value of existing abutting lands or approved development.
- C. Whether the proposed use(s) is/are consistent with an emerging or existing pattern of surrounding development as determined through analysis of:
 - 1. historical land use patterns;
 - 2. actual development over the immediately preceding three years; and
 - 3. development approved within the past three years but not yet constructed.
- D. Whether the proposed use(s) would result in a material violation of relevant policies in any elements of the Comprehensive Plan.

Administrative Policy 4

Character of a neighborhood or area shall be a factor for consideration whenever a rezoning or any application involving a specific proposed use is reviewed. The character of the area must not be materially or adversely affected by the proposed rezoning or land use application. In evaluating the character of an area, the following factors shall be considered:

Criteria:

- A. The proposed use must not materially and adversely impact an established residential neighborhood by introducing types of intensity of traffic (including but not limited to volume, time of day of traffic activity, type of vehicles, et cetera), parking, trip generation, commercial activity or industrial activity that is not already present within the identified boundaries of the neighborhood.
- B. In determining whether an established residential neighborhood exists, the following factors must be present:
 - 1. The area must have clearly established boundaries, such as roads, open spaces, rivers, lakes, lagoons, or similar features.
 - 2. Sporadic or occasional neighborhood commercial uses shall not preclude the existence of an existing residential neighborhood, particularly if the commercial use is non-conforming or pre-dates the surrounding residential use.
 - 3. An area shall be presumed not to be primarily residential but shall be deemed transitional where multiple commercial, industrial or other non-residential uses have been applied for and approved during the previous five (5) years.

Administrative Policy 5

In addition to the factors specified in Administrative Policies 2, 3, and 4, in reviewing a rezoning, conditional use permit or other application for development approval, the impact of the proposed use or uses on transportation facilities either serving the site or impacted by the

use(s) shall be considered. In evaluating whether substantial and adverse transportation impacts are likely to result if an application is approved, the staff shall consider the following:

Criteria:

- A. Whether adopted levels of services will be compromised;
- B. Whether the physical quality of the existing road system that will serve the proposed use(s) is sufficient to support the use(s) without significant deterioration;
- C. Whether the surrounding existing road system is of sufficient width and construction quality to serve the proposed use(s) without the need for substantial public improvements;
- D. Whether the surrounding existing road system is of such width and construction quality that the proposed use(s) would realistically pose a potential for material danger to public safety in the surrounding area;
- E. Whether the proposed use(s) would be likely to result in such a material and adverse change in traffic capacity of a road or roads in the surrounding area such that either design capacities would be significantly exceeded or a de facto change in functional classification would result;
- F. Whether the proposed use(s) would cause such material and adverse changes in the types of traffic that would be generated on the surrounding road system, that physical deterioration of the surrounding road system would be likely;
- G. Whether projected traffic impacts of the proposed use(s) would materially and adversely impact the safety or welfare of residents in existing residential neighborhoods.

Administrative Policy 6

The use(s) proposed under the rezoning, conditional use or other application for development approval must be consistent with, (a), all written land development policies set forth in these administrative policies; and (b), the future land use element, coastal management element, conservation element, potable water element, sanitary sewer element, solid waste management element, capital improvements element, recreation and open space element, surface water element, and transportation elements of the comprehensive plan.

Administrative Policy 7

Proposed use(s) shall not cause or substantially aggravate any, (a), substantial drainage problem on surrounding properties; or (b), significant, adverse and unmitigatable impact on significant natural wetlands, water bodies or habitat for listed species.

Administrative Policy 8

These policies, the staff analysis based upon these policies, and the applicant's written analysis, if any, shall be incorporated into the record of every quasi-judicial review application for development approval presented to the Board including rezoning, conditional use permits, and vested rights determinations.

Section 62-1151(c) of the Code of Ordinances of Brevard County directs, "The planning and zoning board shall recommend to the board of county commissioners the denial or approval of each application for amendment to the official zoning maps based upon a consideration of the following factors:

- (1) The character of the land use of the property surrounding the property being considered.
- (2) The change in conditions of the land use of the property being considered and the surrounding property since the establishment of the current applicable zoning classification, special use or conditional use.
- (3) The impact of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use on available and projected traffic patterns, water and sewer systems, other public facilities and utilities and the established character of the surrounding property.
- (4) The compatibility of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use with existing land use plans for the affected area.
- (5) The appropriateness of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use based upon a consideration of the applicable provisions and conditions contained in this article and other applicable laws, ordinances and regulations relating to zoning and land use regulations and based upon a consideration of the public health, safety and welfare.

The minutes of the planning and zoning board shall specify the reasons for the recommendation of approval or denial of each application."

CONDITIONAL USE PERMITS (CUPs)

In addition to the specific requirements for each Conditional Use Permit (CUP), Section 62-1901 provides that the following approval procedure and general standards of review are to be applied to all CUP requests, as applicable.

(b) Approval procedure. An application for a specific conditional use within the applicable zoning classification shall be submitted and considered in the same manner and according to the same procedure as an amendment to the official zoning map as specified in Section 62-1151. The approval of a conditional use shall authorize an additional use for the affected parcel of real property in addition to those permitted in the applicable zoning classification. The initial burden is on the applicant to demonstrate that all applicable standards and criteria are met. Applications which do not satisfy this burden cannot be approved. If the applicant meets its initial burden, then the Board has the burden to show, by substantial and competent evidence, that the applicant has failed to meet such standards and the request is adverse to the public interest. As part of the approval of the conditional use permit, the Board may prescribe appropriate and reasonable conditions and safeguards to reduce the impact of the proposed use on adjacent and nearby properties or the neighborhood. A nearby property, for the purpose of this section, is defined as any property which, because of the character of the proposed use, lies within the area which may be substantially and adversely impacted by such use. In stating grounds in support of an application for a conditional use permit, it is necessary to show how the request fulfills both the general and specific standards for review. The applicant must show the effect the granting of the conditional use permit will have on adjacent and nearby properties, including, but not limited to traffic and pedestrian flow and safety, curb-cuts, off-street loading and parking, off-street pickup of passengers, odors, glare and noise, particulates, smoke, fumes, and other emissions, refuse and service areas, drainage, screening and buffering for protection of adjacent and nearby properties, and open space and economic impact on nearby properties. The applicant, at his discretion, may choose to present expert testimony where necessary to show the effect of granting the conditional use permit.

- (c) General Standards of Review.
 - (1) The planning and zoning board and the board of county commissioners shall base the denial or approval of each application for a conditional use based upon a consideration of the factors specified in Section 62-1151(c) plus a determination whether an application meets the intent of this section.
 - a. The proposed conditional use will not result in a substantial and adverse impact on adjacent and nearby properties due to: (1), the number of persons anticipated to be using, residing or working under the conditional use; (2), noise, odor, particulates, smoke, fumes and other emissions, or other nuisance activities generated by the conditional use; or (3), the increase of traffic within the vicinity caused by the proposed conditional use.
 - b. The proposed use will be compatible with the character of adjacent and nearby properties with regard to use, function, operation, hours of operation, type and amount of traffic generated, building size and setback, and parking availability.
 - c. The proposed use will not cause a substantial diminution in value of abutting residential property. A substantial diminution shall be irrebuttably presumed to have occurred if abutting property suffers a 15% reduction in value as a result of the proposed conditional use. A reduction of 10% of the value of abutting property shall create a rebuttable presumption that a substantial diminution has occurred. The Board of County Commissioners carries the burden to show, as evidenced by either testimony from or an appraisal conducted by an M A I certified appraiser, that a substantial diminution in value would occur. The applicant may rebut the findings with his own expert witnesses.
 - (2) The following specific standards shall be considered, when applicable, in making a determination that the general standards specified in subsection (1) of this section are satisfied:

- a. Ingress and egress to the property and proposed structures thereon, with particular reference to automotive and pedestrian safety and convenience. traffic flow and control, and access in case of fire and catastrophe, shall be: (1), adequate to serve the proposed use without burdening adjacent and nearby uses, and (2), built to applicable county standards, if any. Burdening adjacent and nearby uses means increasing existing traffic on the closest collector or arterial road by more than 20%, or 10% if the new traffic is primarily comprised of heavy vehicles, except where the affected road is at Level of Service A or B. New traffic generated by the proposed use shall not cause the adopted level of service for transportation on applicable roadways, as determined by applicable Brevard County standards, to be exceeded. Where the design of a public road to be used by the proposed use is physically inadequate to handle the numbers. types or weights of vehicles expected to be generated by the proposed use without damage to the road, the conditional use permit cannot be approved without a commitment to improve the road to a standard adequate to handle the proposed traffic, or to maintain the road through a maintenance bond or other means as required by the Board of County Commissioners.
- b. The noise, glare, odor, particulates, smoke, fumes or other emissions from the conditional use shall not substantially interfere with the use or enjoyment of the adjacent and nearby property.
- c. Noise levels for a conditional use are governed by Section 62-2271.
- d. The proposed conditional use shall not cause the adopted level of service for solid waste disposal applicable to the property or area covered by such level of service, to be exceeded.
- e. The proposed conditional use shall not cause the adopted level of service for potable water or wastewater applicable to the property or the area covered by such level of service, to be exceeded by the proposed use.
- f. The proposed conditional use must have existing or proposed screening or buffering, with reference to type, dimensions and character to eliminate or reduce substantial, adverse nuisance, sight, or noise impacts on adjacent and nearby properties containing less intensive uses.
- g. Proposed signs and exterior lighting shall not cause unreasonable glare or hazard to traffic safety, or interference with the use or enjoyment of adjacent and nearby properties.
- h. Hours of operation of the proposed use shall be consistent with the use and enjoyment of the properties in the surrounding residential community, if any. For commercial and industrial uses adjacent to or near residential uses, the hours of operation shall not adversely affect the use and enjoyment of the residential character of the area.
- i. The height of the proposed use shall be compatible with the character of the area, and the maximum height of any habitable structure shall be not more than 35 feet higher than the highest residence within 1,000 feet of the property line.

Administrative Policies Page 7

j. Off-street parking and loading areas, where required, shall not be created or maintained in a manner which adversely impacts or impairs the use and enjoyment of adjacent and nearby properties. For existing structures, the applicant shall provide competent, substantial evidence to demonstrate that actual or anticipated parking shall not be greater than that which is approved as part of the site pan under applicable county standards.

FACTORS TO CONSIDER FOR A REZONING REQUEST

Section 62-1151(c) sets forth factors to consider in connection with a rezoning request, as follows:

"The planning and zoning board shall recommend to the board of county commissioners the denial or approval of each application for amendment to the official zoning maps based upon a consideration of the following factors:

- (1) The character of the land use of the property surrounding the property being considered.
- (2) The change in conditions of the land use of the property being considered and the surrounding property since the establishment of the current applicable zoning classification, special use or conditional use.
- (3) The impact of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use on available and projected traffic patterns, water and sewer systems, other public facilities and utilities and the established character of the surrounding property.
- (4) The compatibility of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use with existing land use plans for the affected area.
- (5) The appropriateness of the proposed zoning classification or conditional use based upon a consideration of the applicable provisions and conditions contained in this article and other applicable laws, ordinances and regulations relating to zoning and land use regulations and based upon a consideration of the public health, safety and welfare."

These staff comments contain references to zoning classifications found in the Brevard County Zoning Regulations, Chapter 62, Article VI, Code of Ordinances of Brevard County. These references include brief summaries of some of the characteristics of that zoning classification. Reference to each zoning classification shall be deemed to incorporate the full text of the section or sections defining and regulating that classification into the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

These staff comments contain references to sections of the Code of Ordinances of Brevard County. Reference to each code section shall be deemed to incorporate this section into the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

These staff comments contain references to Policies of the Brevard County Comprehensive Plan. Reference to each Policy shall be deemed to incorporate the entire Policy into the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

Administrative Policies Page 8

These staff comments refer to previous zoning actions which are part of the Public Records of Brevard County, Florida. These records will be referred to by reference to the file number. Reference to zoning files are intended to make the entire contents of the cited file a part of the Zoning file and Public Record for that item.

DEFINITIONS OF CONCURRENCY TERMS

Maximum Acceptable Volume (MAV): Maximum acceptable daily volume that a roadway can carry at the adopted Level of Service (LOS).

Current Volume: Building permit related trips added to the latest TPO (Transportation Planning Organization) traffic counts.

Volume with Development (VOL W/DEV): Equals Current Volume plus trip generation projected for the proposed development.

Volume/Maximum Acceptable Volume (VOL/MAV): Equals the ratio of current traffic volume to the maximum acceptable roadway volume.

Volume/Maximum Acceptable Volume with Development (VOL/MAV W/DEV): Ratio of volume with development to the Maximum Acceptable Volume.

Acceptable Level of Service (CURRENT LOS): The Level of Service at which a roadway is currently operating.

Level of Service with Development (LOS W/DEV): The Level of Service that a proposed development may generate on a roadway.



Planning and Development Department

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STAFF COMMENTS 23Z00052

Chelsea James

GU (General Use) to RRMH-1 (Rural Residential Mobile Home)

Tax Account Number: 2002343

Parcel I.D.: 20G-34-23-AI-2-4.01

Location: Southeast corner of Merritt Street and D. Johnson Avenue (District 1)

Acreage: 1.18 acres

Planning & Zoning Board: 8/14/2023 Board of County Commissioners: 9/07/2023

Consistency with Land Use Regulations

- Current zoning can be considered under the Future Land Use Designation, Section 62-1255.
- The proposal can be considered under the Future Land Use Designation, Section 62-1255.
- The proposal would maintain acceptable Levels of Service (LOS) (XIII 1.6.C)

	CURRENT	PROPOSED
Zoning	GU	RRMH-1
Potential*	0 SF units	1 SF unit
Can be Considered under	YES	YES**
the Future Land Use Map	AGRIC	RES 1

^{*} Zoning potential for concurrency analysis purposes only, subject to applicable land development regulations. **Approval is pending approval of companion request 23SS00013 which proposes to amend the Future Land Use designation from Agricultural (AGRIC) to Residential 1 (RES 1).

Background and Purpose of Request

The applicant is requesting to change the zoning classification from GU (General Use) to RRMH-1 (Rural Residential Mobile Home) on a 1.18-acre parcel to develop one single-family residence. The subject parcel is currently undeveloped and has frontage on D. Johnson Avenue, a county-maintained roadway in District 1.

Currently, the 1.18-acre subject parcel does not meet the 5-acre minimum lot size requirement for the GU zoning classification. The requested RRMH-1 zoning classification requires a minimum lot size of 1 acre and allows for one single-family mobile home or detached dwelling unit.

Underlying the general area is a 1914 plat (Indian River Park subdivision – plat book 2, page 338) initially recording 10-acre tracts that have been further divided to mostly 1.25-acre lots prior to 1988. A number of these non-conforming lots of record in the area have been developed as residential.

Conversely, the subject parcel can<u>not</u> be considered a non-conforming lot of record because it was recorded into the current configuration per Official Records Book 1609, Page 1023 on February 20, 1976 after the minimum lot size regulation changed. GU required 1 acre prior to May 20, 1975, afterwards GU required 5 acres. In 1988, the Comprehensive Plan was adopted establishing an Agricultural FLUM designation also requiring a minimum 5 acres.

Property Appraiser records indicate the subject parcel was purchased by the applicant on January 11, 2023.

The 1.18-acre subject parcel does not meet the requirements for the AGRIC FLUM designation as residential densities in agricultural land use designations cannot exceed one dwelling unit per five (5) acres.

A companion application, **23SS00013**, if approved, would amend the FLUM designation from Agricultural (AGRIC) to Residential 1 (RES 1). The requested RES 1 FLUM designation establishes low density residential development with a maximum density of up to one (1) unit per 1 acre.

Surrounding Area

	Existing Use	Zoning	Future Land Use
North	Vacant	GU	AGRIC
South	Vacant	AGR	AGRIC
East	Vacant	GU	AGRIC
West	Vacant	RRMH-1	AGRIC

To the north is an undeveloped 2.21-acre parcel with GU zoning.

To the south is an undeveloped 20.69-acre parcel with AGR zoning.

To the east an undeveloped 1.19-acre parcel with GU zoning.

To the west, across D. Johnson Avenue, is an undeveloped 4.7-acre parcel with RRMH-1 zoning. This parcel was split out of a 10-acre parcel that received the RRMH-1 zoning under Z-5429 in 1980, prior to the adoption of the Comprehensive Plan.

The current GU classification is a holding category, allowing single-family residences on five acre lots with a minimum width and depth of 300 feet. The minimum house size in GU is 750 square feet.

The proposed RRMH-1 classification permits single-family mobile homes and detached single-family residential land uses on minimum one acre lots, with a minimum width and depth of 125 feet. This

classification permits horses, barns and horticulture as accessory uses. The minimum house size is 600 square feet.

The AGR zoning classification permits single-family or mobile home residences and agricultural pursuits on 5 acre lots, with a minimum width of 200 feet and depth of 300 feet. The minimum house size in AGR is 750 square feet.

Land Use

The subject property is currently designated as Agricultural (AGRIC) on the Future Land Use Map (FLUM). However, the 1.18-acre subject parcel does not meet the requirements for the AGRIC FLUM designation as residential densities in agricultural land use designations cannot exceed one dwelling unit per five (5) acres.

A companion application, **23SS00013**, if approved, would amend the FLUM designation from Agricultural (AGRIC) to Residential 1 (RES 1). The requested RES 1 FLUM designation establishes low density residential development with a maximum density of up to one (1) unit per 1 acre.

While the existing GU zoning classification can be considered consistent with the existing AGRIC FLUM designation, the proposed RRMH-1 zoning classification cannot be considered consistent with the AGRIC FLUM designation.

The proposed RRMH-1 zoning classification can be considered consistent with the proposed RES 1 FLUM designation.

The Board should evaluate the compatibility of this application within the context of Administrative Policies 2 – 8 of the Future Land Use Element.

Analysis of Administrative Policy #3 - Compatibility between this site and the existing or proposed land uses in the area.

Compatibility shall be evaluated by considering the following factors, at a minimum:

Criteria:

A. Whether the proposed use(s) would have hours of operation, lighting, odor, noise levels, traffic, or site activity that would significantly diminish the enjoyment of, safety or quality of life in existing neighborhoods within the area which could foreseeably be affected by the proposed use;

The change is not anticipated to diminish the enjoyment of, safety or quality of life in existing neighborhoods within the area.

B. Whether the proposed use(s) would cause a material reduction (five per cent or more) in the value of existing abutting lands or approved development.

Only a certified MAI appraisal can determine if material reduction has or will occur due to the proposed request.

- C. Whether the proposed use(s) is/are consistent with an emerging or existing pattern of surrounding development as determined through an analysis of:
- 1. historical land use patterns;

While the general area has retained Agricultural land use designation since the 1988 adoption of the Future Land Use Map, there is a pattern of residential land use in portions of this area as many single-family platted parcels were created prior to 1988 Comprehensive Plan.

This area was originally platted in 1914 as 10-acre tracts that have been further divided to mostly 1.25-acre lots prior to 1988. A number of these non-conforming lots of record in the area have been developed as residential.

This request represents a two-step increase in density and if approved along with the companion amendment application, would introduce RES 1 into the immediate area, setting a precedent for future development.

As the FLU designation in this area is AGRIC, this request could be considered out of character with the adopted FLUM. The closest RES 1 is approximately one-half mile southeast of the subject site on Harrison Road.

2. actual development over the immediately preceding three years; and

There has not been any actual development within this area in the preceding three (3) years.

3. development approved within the past three years but not yet constructed.

There has not been any development approved but not yet constructed within this area in the preceding three (3) years.

There have been no zoning actions approved within one-half mile of the subject site within the past three years, and there are no pending zoning actions within one-half mile of the subject site.

D. Whether the proposed use(s) would result in a material violation of relevant policies in any elements of the Comprehensive Plan.

No material violation of relevant policies has been identified.

Analysis of Administrative Policy #4 - Character of a neighborhood or area.

Character of a neighborhood or area shall be a factor for consideration whenever a rezoning or any application involving a specific proposed use is reviewed. The character of the area must not be materially or adversely affected by the proposed rezoning or land use application. In evaluating the character of an area, the following factors shall be considered:

Criteria:

A. The proposed use must not materially and adversely impact an established residential neighborhood by introducing types or intensity of traffic (including but not limited to volume, time of day of traffic activity, type of vehicles, etc.), parking, trip generation, commercial activity or industrial activity that is not already present within the identified boundaries of the neighborhood.

The character of the surrounding area is agricultural and single-family residential on large lots approximately one acre or greater in size. There is existing RRMH-1 zoning to the west of the subject parcel (across D. Johnson Ave.). That undeveloped 4.7-acre parcel was split out of a 10-acre parcel that received the RRMH-1 zoning under Z-5429 in 1980, prior to the adoption of the Comprehensive Plan.

A preliminary concurrency analysis does not indicate that the proposed request would materially or adversely impact the surrounding neighborhood.

Preliminary Concurrency

The closest concurrency management segment to the subject property is Deering Parkway, from I-95 to US 1, which has a Maximum Acceptable Volume (MAV) of 14,200 trips per day, a Level of Service (LOS) of D, and currently operates at 19.58% of capacity daily. The maximum development potential from the proposed rezoning increases the percentage of MAV utilization by 0.07%. The corridor is anticipated to operate at 19.65% of capacity daily. The maximum development potential of the proposal is not anticipated to create a deficiency in LOS. Specific concurrency issues will be address at the time of site plan review. This is only a preliminary review and is subject to change.

No school concurrency information has been provided as the development potential of this site falls below the minimum number of new residential lots that would require a formal review.

The parcel is not serviced by public water or sewer. The closest potable water connection is approximately 2.3 miles to the south of the subject site on Fawn Lake Boulevard and serves the Fawn Lake subdivision. The closest sanitary sewer line is approximately 4.4 miles southeast of the subject site on SR 46.

Environmental Constraints

- Hydric Soils
- Protected and Specimen Trees
- Protected Species

No noteworthy land use issues were identified. Please refer to all comments provided by the Natural Resource Management Department at the end of this report.

For Board Consideration

The Board may wish to consider if the request is consistent and compatible recognizing the introduction of RES 1 to the surrounding area.

NATURAL RESOURCES MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT Land Use Review & Summary

Item # 23Z00052

Applicant: Chelsea James

Zoning Request: GU to RRMH-1

Note: Establish consistent zoning across the property that was split pre-1980s

Zoning Hearing Date: 8/14/2023; BCC Hearing Date: 9/7/2023

Tax ID No: 2002343

➤ This is a preliminary review based on best available data maps reviewed by the Natural Resources Management Department (NRM) and does not include a site inspection to verify the accuracy of the mapped information.

- In that the rezoning process is not the appropriate venue for site plan review, specific site designs submitted with the rezoning request will be deemed conceptual. Board comments relative to specific site design do not provide vested rights or waivers from Federal, State or County regulations.
- ➤ This review does not guarantee whether or not the proposed use, specific site design, or development of the property can be permitted under current Federal, State, or County Regulations.

Summary of Mapped Resources and Noteworthy Land Use Issues:

- Hydric Soils
- Protected and Specimen Trees
- Protected Species

No noteworthy land use issues were identified. NRM reserves the right to assess consistency with environmental ordinances at all applicable future stages of development.

Land Use Comments:

Wetlands and Hydric Soils

The subject parcel contains mapped hydric soils (Pineda Sand, 0 to 2 percent slopes; Malabar, Holopaw, and Pineda soils; and EauGallie sand), as shown on the NWI Wetlands and USDA Soil Conservation Service Soils Survey maps, respectively. These are indicators that wetlands may be present on the property. A wetland delineation will be required prior to any land clearing activities. The wetland delineation shall be verified at time of site plan submittal.

Per Section 62 3694(c)(1), residential land uses within wetlands shall be limited to not more than one (1) dwelling unit per five (5) acres unless strict application of this policy renders a legally established parcel as of September 9, 1988, which is less than five (5) acres, as unbuildable. For multi-family parcels greater than five acres in area, the preceding limitation of one dwelling unit per five (5) acres within wetlands may be applied as a maximum percentage limiting wetland impacts to not more than 1.8% of the total non-commercial and non-industrial acreage on a cumulative basis as set forth in Section 65-3694(c)(6). Any permitted wetland impacts must meet the requirements of Section 62-3694(e) including avoidance of impacts and will require mitigation in accordance with Section 62-

3696. The applicant is encouraged to contact NRM at 321-633-2016 prior to any plan or permit submittal.

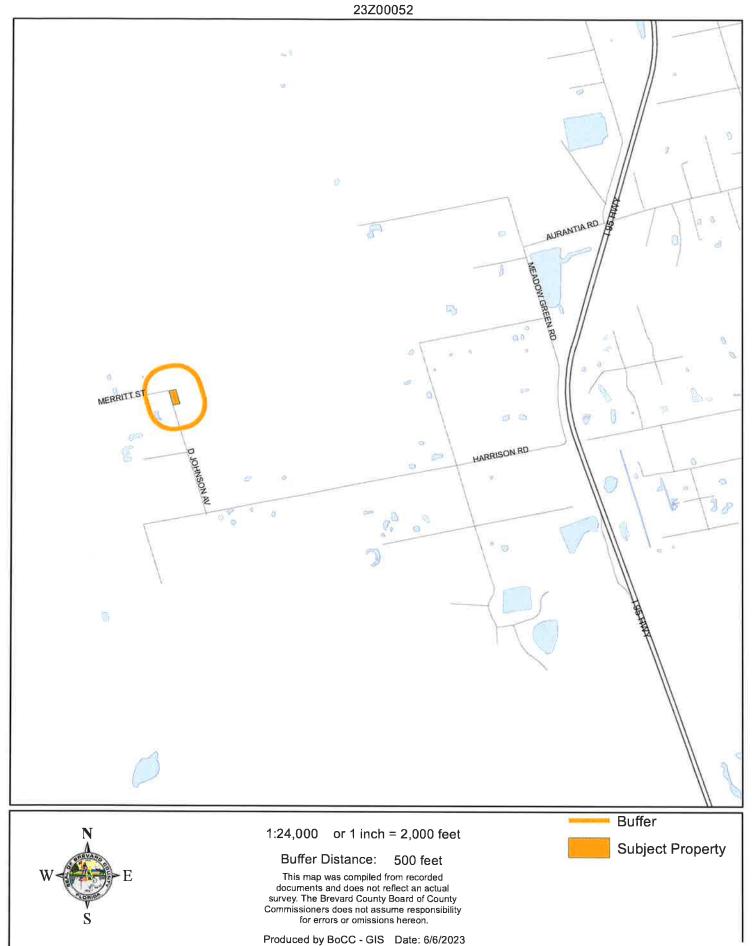
Protected and Specimen Trees

Protected (>= 10 inches in diameter) and Specimen (>= 24 inches in diameter) trees may exist on the parcel. The applicant is encouraged to perform a tree survey prior to any site plan design to incorporate valuable vegetative communities or robust trees into the design. Land clearing is not permitted without prior authorization by NRM. The applicant is advised to refer to Article XIII, Division 2, entitled Land Clearing, Landscaping, and Tree Protection, for specific requirements for preservation and canopy coverage requirements. Applicant should contact NRM at 321-633-2016 prior to performing any land clearing activities.

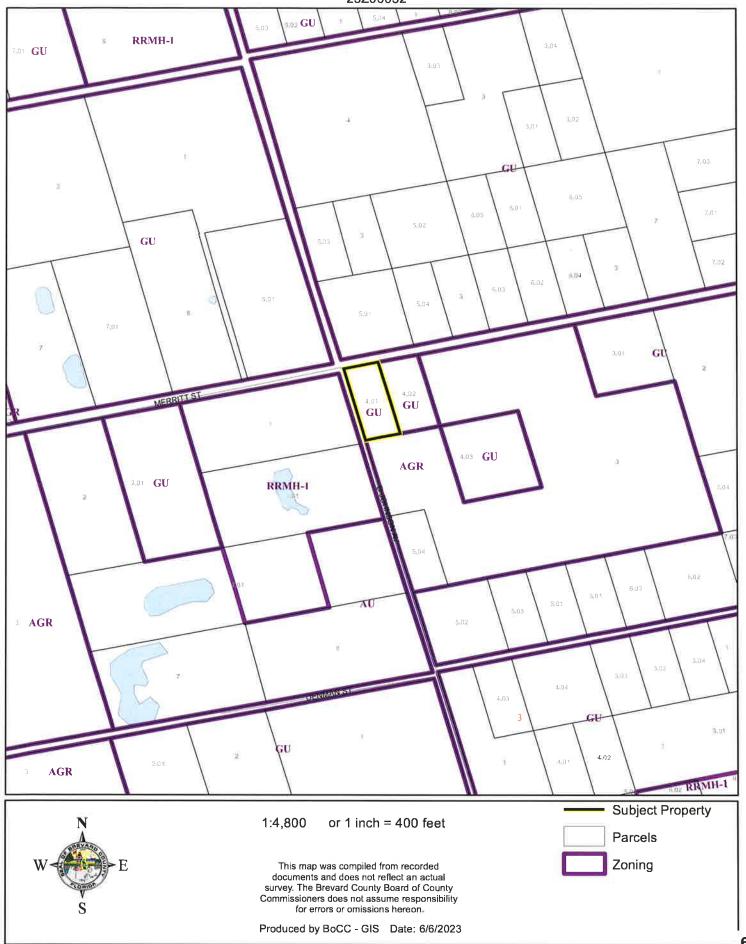
Protected Species

Federally and/or state protected species may be present on the property. Prior to any plan, permit submittal, or development activity, including land clearing, the applicant should obtain any necessary permits or clearance letters from the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and/or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, as applicable.

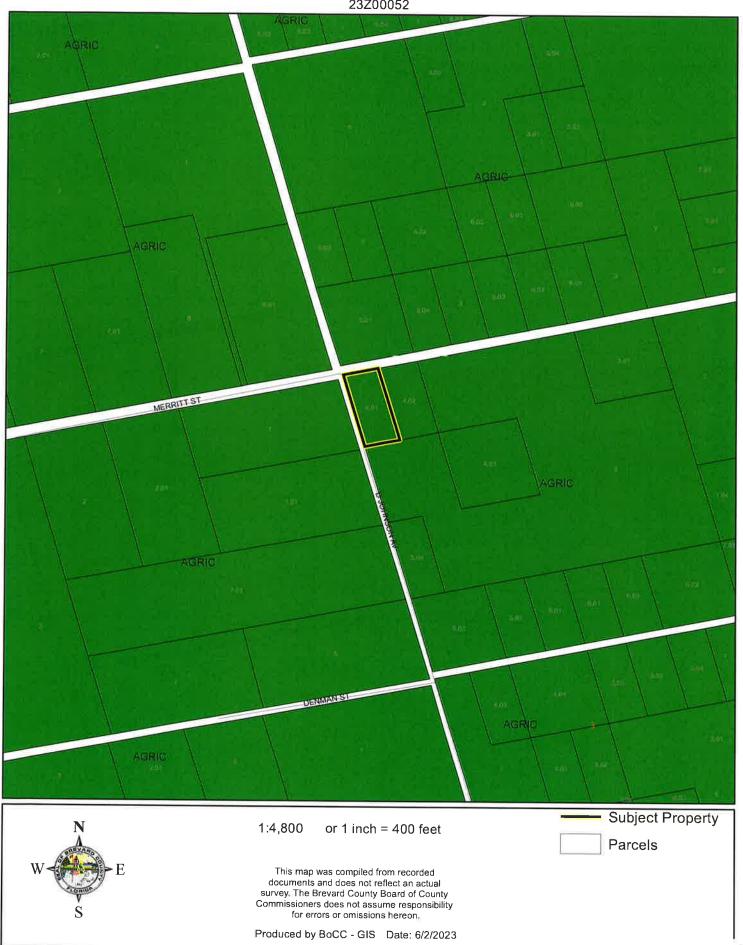
LOCATION MAP



ZONING MAP



FUTURE LAND USE MAP



AERIAL MAP

JAMES, CHELSEA LEE 23Z00052





1:1,200 or 1 inch = 100 feet

PHOTO YEAR: 2023

This map was compiled from recorded documents and does not reflect an actual survey. The Brevard County Board of County Commissioners does not assume responsibility for errors or omissions hereon.

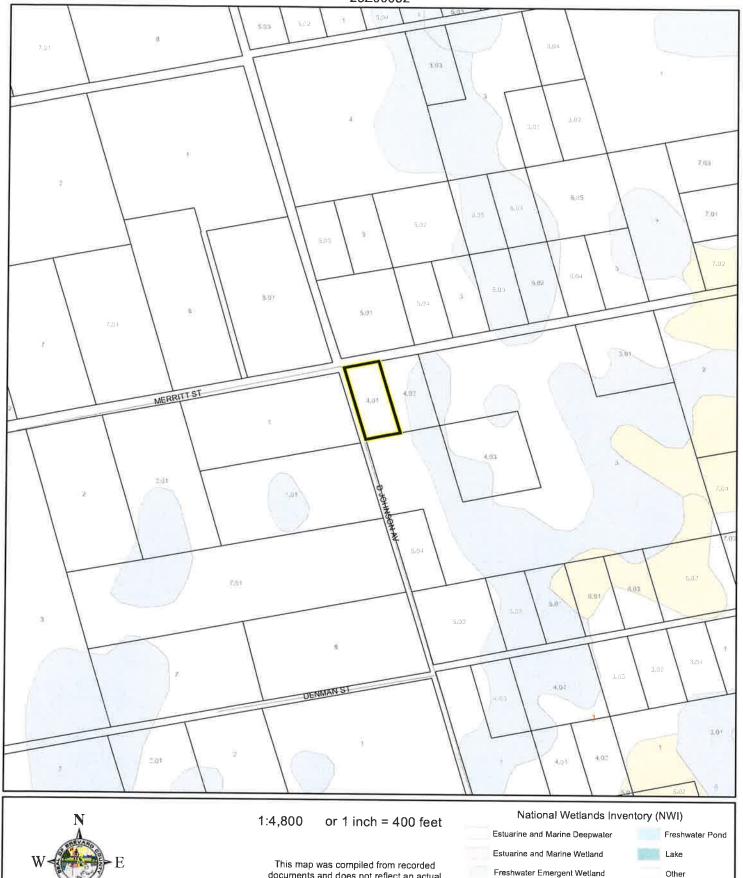
Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 6/2/2023

Subject Property

Parcels

NWI WETLANDS MAP

JAMES, CHELSEA LEE 23Z00052



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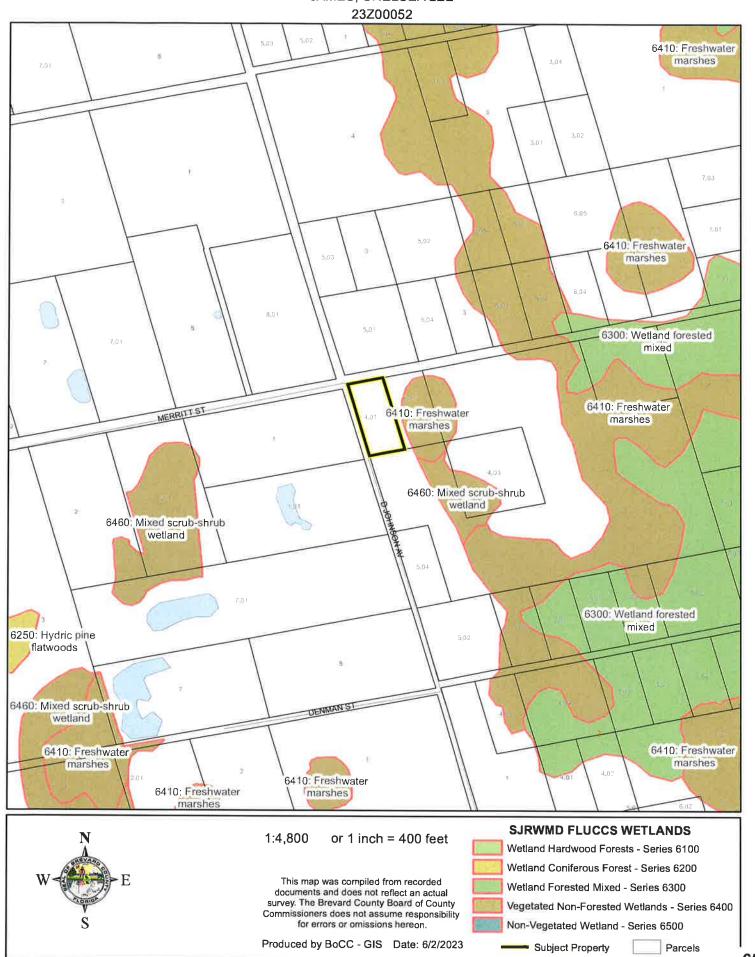
Other

Riverine Subject Property

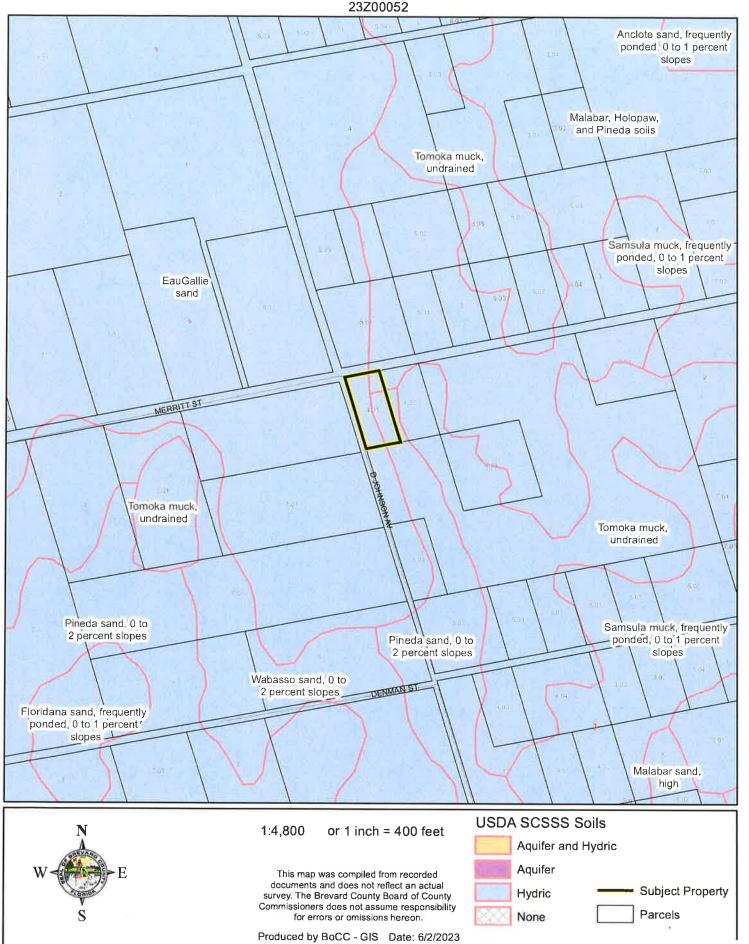
Parcels

Freshwater Forested/Shrub Wetland

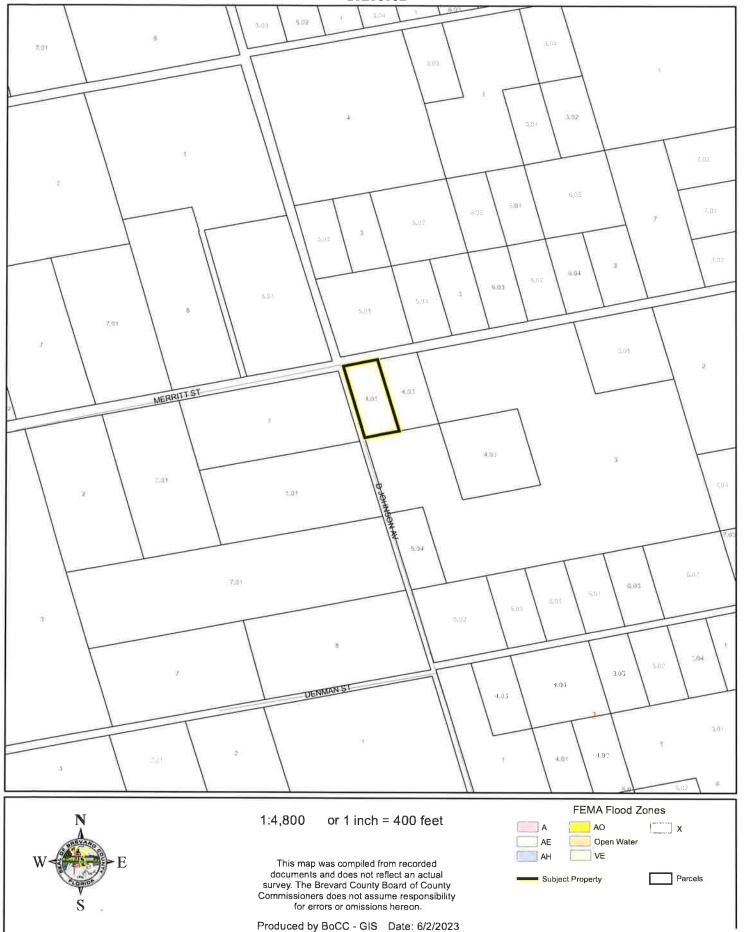
SJRWMD FLUCCS WETLANDS - 6000 Series MAP



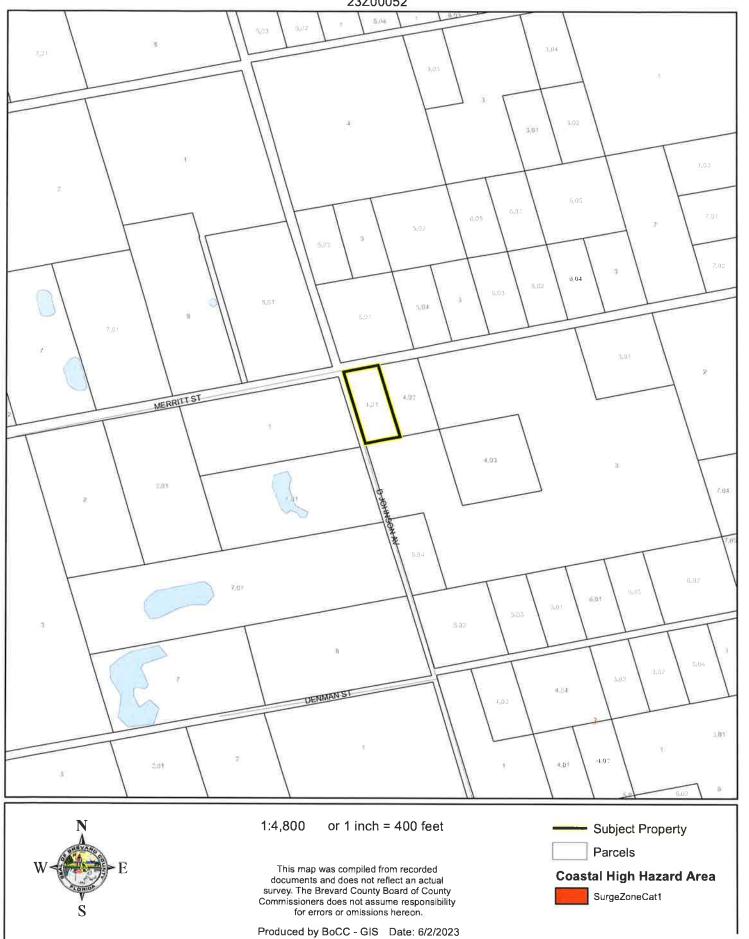
USDA SCSSS SOILS MAP



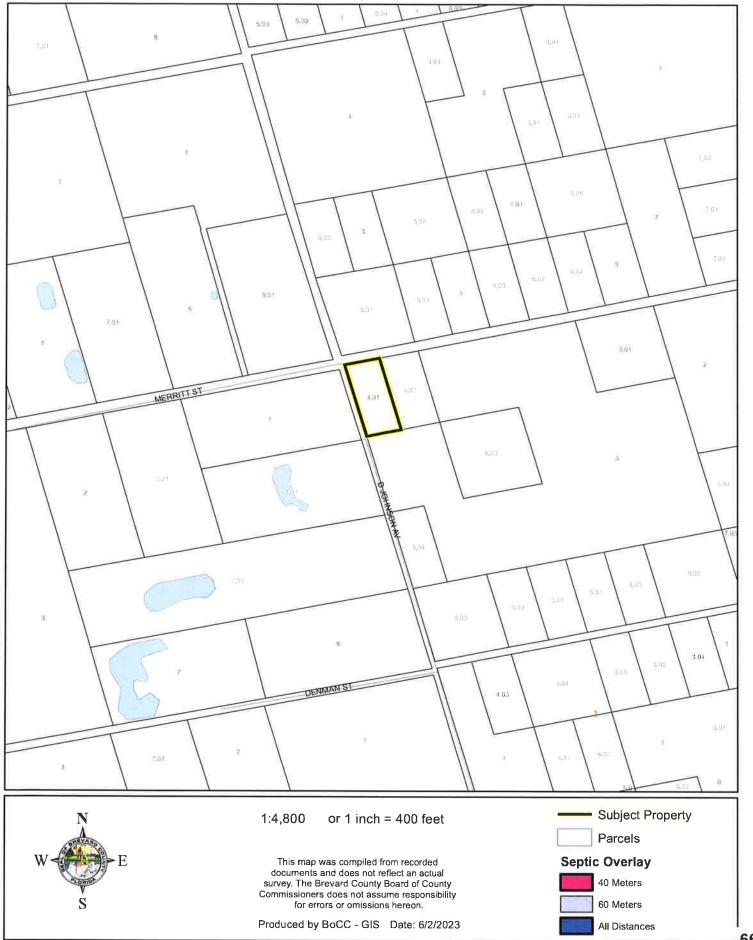
FEMA FLOOD ZONES MAP



COASTAL HIGH HAZARD AREA MAP



INDIAN RIVER LAGOON SEPTIC OVERLAY MAP



EAGLE NESTS MAP

JAMES, CHELSEA LEE 23Z00052



Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 6/2/2023

SCRUB JAY OCCUPANCY MAP

JAMES, CHELSEA LEE 23Z00052

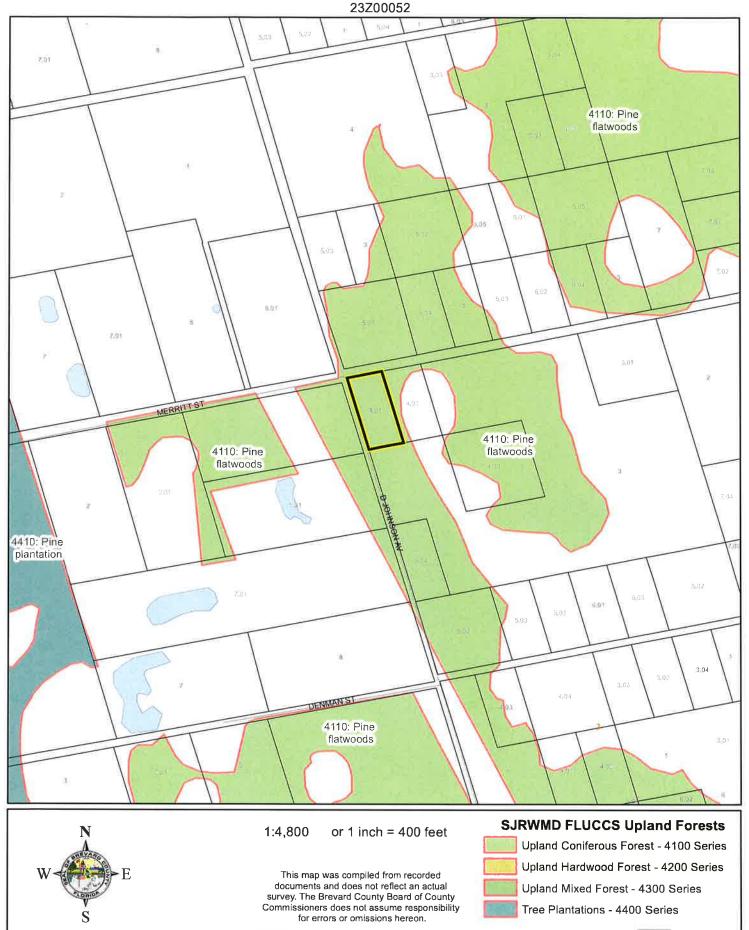


survey. The Brevard County Board of County Commissioners does not assume responsibility for errors or omissions hereon.

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SJRWMD FLUCCS UPLAND FORESTS - 4000 Series MAP

JAMES, CHELSEA LEE 23Z00052



Produced by BoCC - GIS Date: 6/2/2023

Parcels

Subject Property

PLANNING AND ZONING BOARD/LOCAL PLANNING AGENCY MINUTES

The Brevard County Planning & Zoning Board met in regular session on **Monday, August 14, 2023,** at **3:00 p.m.**, in the Florida Room, Building C, Brevard County Government Center, 2725 Judge Fran Jamieson Way, Viera, Florida.

The meeting was called to order at 3:00 p.m.

Board members present were: Board members present were: Henry Minneboo, (D1); Ron Bartcher (D1); Brian Hodgers (D2); Lorriane Koss (D2 Alt); Ben Glover (D3); Debbie Thomas (D4); Mark Wadsworth, Chair (D4); and John Hopengarten (BPS).

Staff members present were: Jeffrey Ball, Planning and Zoning Manager; Alex Esseesse, Deputy County Attorney; Morris Richardson, County Attorney; Paul Body, Planner III; Trina Gilliam, Planner II; Melissa Wilbrandt, Associate Planner; and Jennifer Jones, Special Projects Coordinator.

Excerpt of Complete Agenda

Chelsea Lee James

A Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment (23S.13) to change the Future Land Use designation from AGRIC (Agricultural) to RES 1 (Residential 1). The property is 1.18 acres, located on the southeast corner of D Johnson Ave. and Merritt St. (4585 D Johnson Ave., Mims) (23SS00013) (Tax Account 2002343) (District 1)

Chelsea Lee James

A change of zoning classification from GU (General Use) to RRMH-1 (Rural Residential Mobile Home). The property is 1.18 acres, located on the southeast corner of D Johnson Ave. and Merritt St. (4585 D Johnson Ave., Mims) (23Z00052) (Tax Account 2002343) (District 1)

Chelsea James, 5205 Citrus Boulevard, Cocoa, stated the property does not meet the 5-acre minimum lot size of the current GU zoning, and she would like to rezone in order to build a small home, or tiny home.

No public comment.

John Hopengarten asked if she is going to put a mobile home on the property or a tiny home. Ms. James replied, it would be a mobile home while she's in the process of building a home.

Motion by Brian Hodgers, seconded by Ron Bartcher, to recommend approval of a Small Scale Comprehensive Plan Amendment, to change the Future Land Use designation from AGRIC to RES 1. The motion passed unanimously.

Motion by Brian Hodgers, seconded by Ron Bartcher, to recommend approval of a change of zoning classification from GU to RRMH-1. The motion passed unanimously.